

POLICE DEPARTMENT

Review of ShotSpotter System

(recently changed company name to SoundThinking, Inc.)

Commander William Grisafe October 23, 2023



10/23/2023 AR. 21



- January of 2019, the City began to see a surge in gun violence that included an increased number of "Shots Fired" CFS and gun related crimes:
 - > Assaults using a firearm(s)
 - > Robberies utilizing a firearm(s)
 - > Illegal possession of a firearm(s)
 - > Felons in possession of a firearm(s)
 - > Possession of Ammunition
 - > Possession of silencer



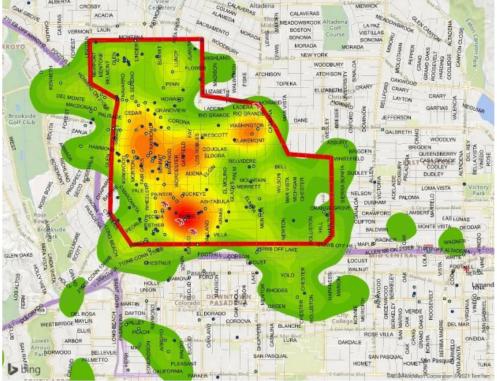
- Gun violence resulted in 39 members of the Pasadena community either killed or injured (January 2019 June 2021)
- The Pasadena Police Department seized almost 700 firearms



- Examined ShotSpotter system to determine if it could assist in reducing on-going violence
- ShotSpotter system is an acoustic gunshot detection, alert, and analysis system designed to enhance the Police Department's response & investigation into gun violence incidents
- Deterrent for would-be shooters while providing precise location for a rapid response by first responders
- System's core capabilities
 - > Detect quickly locates gunfire incidents enabling a fast & precise response
 - > Protect comprehensive information provides critical response information
 - > Connect Rapid response by officers to communities impacted by gun violence
- Improves the reporting of shooting incidents



- Provided ShotSpotter with 2 ½ years of gun related crime data
- Analysis of data determined location of sensors
- Proposed 3 square mile area of Pasadena community most impacted



Percentage of **Crime Type Definition** Icon Totals Quantity 66.7% Gun-related Homicides Gun-related Aggravated Assaults 73.2% 90 45.3% Weapons Law Violations 67 Gun-related Calls for Shots Fired 55.4% 184 Heat Map

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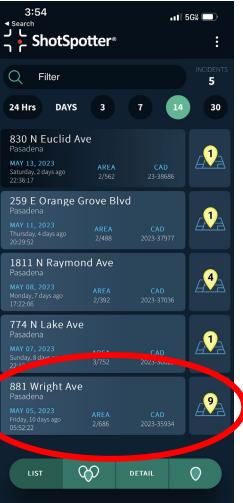
Figure 1: Proposed ShotSpotter Coverage Area = 3 square miles



- ShotSpotter technicians installed various sensors throughout the proposed area
- The system listens for loud, impulsive sounds (i.e. gunshots) which generate an incident
- Sound triangulation determines shot location within an 82 ft. radius
- Smaller caliber firearms and guns fired from within a building or vehicle are not guaranteed to register on system
- 2 Phase review
 - > Artificial Intelligence software reviews and filters out any non-gunfire incidents
 - > ShotSpotter's Incident Review Center for verification by acoustic experts
- All confirmed gunfire incidents are sent out to users via app within 60 seconds or less



How ShotSpotter System Works





- Data Provided 1. Precise location 2. Date/Time Stamp
- 3. Multiple shooters
- 4. Automatic / high capacity
- 5. Short audio clip of shots

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- Accurate location = faster response by first responders
 - > Life saving measures
 - > Preserve evidence
 - > Locate witnesses
 - Locate/apprehend shooting suspect(s) ShotSpotter*
- Better information for officers
 - > Identifies multiple shooters and number of rounds
 - > Types of weapons high capacity or fully automatic weapons
 - > Information provides critical information for a safer response
- Sound evidence can assist in criminal proceedings "Where & When"
 - > Only a piece of the investigation arrests not made solely on ShotSpotter evidence
 - Sound evidence works in concert with other forensic evidence / detective investigation



- ShotSpotter system was approved by Council September of 2021 and went live in Pasadena on February 9, 2022
- System Provides "Gunshot" or "Probable Gunshot" Alerts
 - > 2022 received 109 alerts
 - > 2023 received 145 alerts (Jan 1st September 30th)
 - > Received only 59 correlating 9-1-1 calls for all 254 alerts
 - > 77% of shootings go unreported
 - > When an alert is received, if officers are unable to locate evidence, it is difficult to determine if it was an actual shooting

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Year	Shooting Investigations	Victims Injured or Killed
2020	59	28
2021	73	23
2022	49	14
2023	41 (YTD through September 30 th , 2023)	21

*Years 2020 & 2021 numbers do not capture unreported shootings

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• Highlights

- February 27, 2022 A female victim shot multiple times after a physical altercation. Officers were on-scene in less than 2 minutes and immediately began to provide medical care.
- > April 29, 2022 ShotSpotter alerted officers to a single gunshot. Officers arrived at the identified location and contacted group of intoxicated individuals who admitted to firing a gun. 2 firearms were recovered, and arrests made.
- October 10, 2022 Officers responded to a gunfire alert and approached a male who was in the immediate area of where ShotSpotter had directed them. The male fled on foot as officers contacted him and discarded a firearm while running away.
- > January 8, 2023 Officers arrived on scene of a shooting within 1 minute to provide life saving measures to male who had sustained multiple gunshots.



• Highlights (cont.)

- March 4, 2023 Officers responded to a ShotSpotter alert and stopped a vehicle that was fleeing the area at a high rate of speed. The driver of the vehicle had sustained a minor gunshot injury and was found to posses a loaded firearm in his vehicle.
- March 25, 2023 Officers responded to a ShotSpotter alert and located several people in vehicles in the immediate area of where the gunshot was detected. Evidence of the shooting and a firearm was recovered from one of the involved vehicles.
- September 1, 2023 Officers responded to a ShotSpotter alert at the north end of Robinson Park and located video evidence that assisted in identifying a suspect vehicle. The vehicle was found approximately 1 hour later, and a stop of the vehicle was conducted. 2 firearms were recovered.



- Shooting Incidents when ShotSpotter Performed Poorly
 - > October 30, 2022 Homicide investigation sound was captured but no alert received
 - January 8, 2023 The system mis-located the previously mentioned shooting by approximately 30 yards and failed to advise a fully automatic weapon was used during the shooting



• Deterrent results

- > Significant decrease in shootings compared to years 2020 and 2021
- > Decrease in number of individuals injured by gunfire
- Faster response by first responders to provide medical care and potentially save lives
- Precise information routinely assists with investigations
- Minimizes the reliance on residents from reporting violence
 - > Reluctance to report
 - > Diminished accuracy of information reported



- Year 1 \$220,000 from unappropriated fund balance in the Supplemental Law Enforcement Fund 201
- Year 2 \$210,000 Budgeted in the Public Safety Augmentation Fund 202
- Year 3 \$210,000 Budgeted in the Public Safety Augmentation Fund 202