DEPARTMENT OF CITY PLANNING
ROOM, S&T CITY HALL
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA-90012
CITYWIDE PLANNING &
DEVELOPMENT DIVISIONS

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DEPARTMENT OF CITY PLANNING
CITY OF LOS ANGELES
JUNE 1977

STUDY OF THE EFFECTS OF THE CONCENTRATION OF ADULT ENTERTAINMENT ESTABLISHMENTS IN THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES

Prepared for:

Planning Committee of the Los Angeles City Council

Prepared by:

Los Angeles City Planning Department

June, 1977

Exhibit D

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A. Types of Ordinances to Control "Adult Entertainment" Uses

Two methods of regulating adult entertainment business use regulations have developed in the United States. 1) the concentration of such uses in a single area of They are: as in Boston; and 2) the dispersal of such uses, as in the of Detroit. The Detroit ordinance has City upheld by the U.S. been challenged Supreme Court and Mini-Theaters, 96 S. Ct. 771, 1976). (Young American

B. Effect of "Adult Entertainment" Businesses on the Community

.

There has been some indication that the concentration of "adult entertainment" uses results in increased crime and greater police enforcement problems. In the City of Los Angeles, the Los Angeles Police Department has found a link between the concentration of such businesses and increased crime in the Hollywood community. (The major portion of a Police Department or this subject is herein contained.) While several major cities have adopted ordinances similar to the Detroit ordinance, no other major city has, to our knowledge, adopted a

Testimony received at two public meetings on revealed that there is serious public this subject proliferation of adult entertainment businesses-particularly the Hollywood.area. Citizens have testified of being the walk the streets; that some businesses have left the have modified their hours of operation; and that they ta fearful of children being confronted by unsavory individuals area or representative of an adult theater chain testified in support or the manner in which this business was run and in support Α attend the theaters. Department the staff is of The Planning deleterious effects of adult entertainment businesses depend largely on the particular type of business and on how any such business is operated.

A mail survey questionnaire conducted by the Planning tended to emphasize general public Department proliferation of sex-oriented businesses concern over appraisers, realtors and and has indicated lending institutions are representatives concentration generally of. o f of the adult opinion negative economic impact on entertainment that businesses . exerts properties. both business They and residential feel that depends upon the degree of concentration and on the negative type of adult entertainment business.

The 1970-76 change in the assessed value of residential and commercial properties containing concentrations of adult entertainment businesses was compared with other areas without such concentrations, and with the City as a whole. On the basis of this comparison, it cannot be concluded that properties containing concentrations of adult entertainment businesses have directly influenced the assessed valuations of such properties.

Data and analysis based on the U.S. Census of 1970 and certain trend data from the censuses of 1960 and 1970 as applied to areas of, the City containing concentrations of adult entertainment businesses are included in the body of the report and in the Appendix.

### C. Scope of the Ordinances Enacted by Other Jurisdictions

The scope of "adult entertainment" ordinances encompases a variety of adult activities. For example, the Los Angeles Study adult bookstores and theaters, massage parlors, nude modeling studios, adult motels, arcades, and certain similar businesses. Many other ordinances studied, however, are less broad in their massage parlors or adult motels, hor does it provide for the closing of any such businesses by amortization, which would be ordinance. Table I on page 11 indicates the ordinances reveiwed and the major categories of uses they regulate.

Effect of Ordinances Enacted by Other Jurisdictions: The Supreme Court in Young vs. American Mini-Theaters pointed as one of the bases for upholding the Detroit ordinance, the regulation did not limit the number of "adult entertainment" businesses. Our study has indicated that the practical effect of literal adoption of "Detroit" language without modification in the City of Los Angeles would be to limit the potential locations for such businesses rather severely. Due to predominance of commercial zoning in "strips" along major Due to secondary streets, an ordinance preventing "adult business from locating within 500 feet of residentially zoned property would, in effect, limit such businesses to of the City where there is commercial zoning of greater than Areas with such commercial frontage would include downtown Los Angeles Westwood, and Century City. A few industrial small part of Hollywood, afford a separation of areas would also properties. The limitation of 1,000 feet between establishments provided in the Detroit ordinance) would inappropriate in the City of Los Angeles inasmuch as commercial zoning is located in a strip pattern along most of the City's approximate 1,400 miles of major and secondary highways. estimated that approximately 400 commercial zoning exists in the City.) miles of such

### D. Recommendations

- 1. If the City Council should find it advisable in light of the findings of this report to recommend the preparation of an ordinance to control adult entertainment businesses, a concentration type. (To build a planning policy basis for such regulation, the Council may also wish the Planning Department to consider the development of appropriate policies for incorporation within the Citywide Plan.)
- 2. If a dispersal type ordinance is recommended by the City Council, the Planning Department is of the opinion that such an ordinance should be designed for specific application in the City of Los Angeles, rather than the direct adoption of the Detroit model. If such a dispersal type ordinance is recommended for enactment locally, it should consider:
  - a. distance requirements between adult entertainment establishments. The Planning Department recommends that a separation between establishments greater than 1,000 feet is necessary and desirable.
  - b. distance requirements separating adult entertainment establishments from churches, schools, parks, and the like. The Planning Department suggests that a separation of at least 500 feet is necessary. A similar distance separating adult entertainment uses from single-family residential development should also be considered.
  - c. the possibility of enacting additional provisions to regulate signs and similar forms of advertising should also be considered.
- 3. If the City Council should find it advisable to recommend all of the types of "adult entertainment" businesses included in this study, it should consider whether all such uses should be in the same class and subject to the same regulations.
- 4. Should the City Council recommend the preparation of a zoning ordinance to regulate adult entertainment to the subject, including police permit requirements, should also be amended in order to be consistent with the enforcement of such regulations.

- The Planning De rtment recommends that i's instructed to review existing zoning regulations applying to the C4 zone Which currently prohibits "strip tease shows" and that the Zoning Administrator, through interpretation, consider expanding the list of prohibited uses in said zone to indentified.
- 6. To assist in the regulation of "adult entertainment" businesses, the City should continue to vigorously enforce all existing provisions of the Municipal Code relating to the subject, including Zoning regulations.

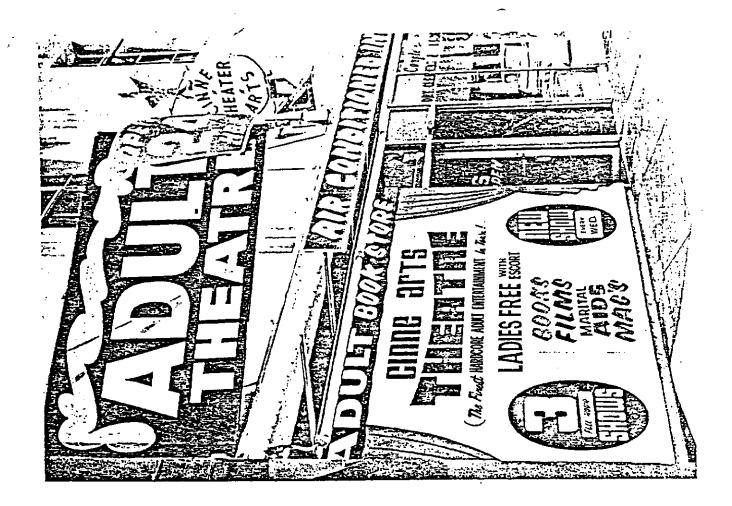
### FINDINGS

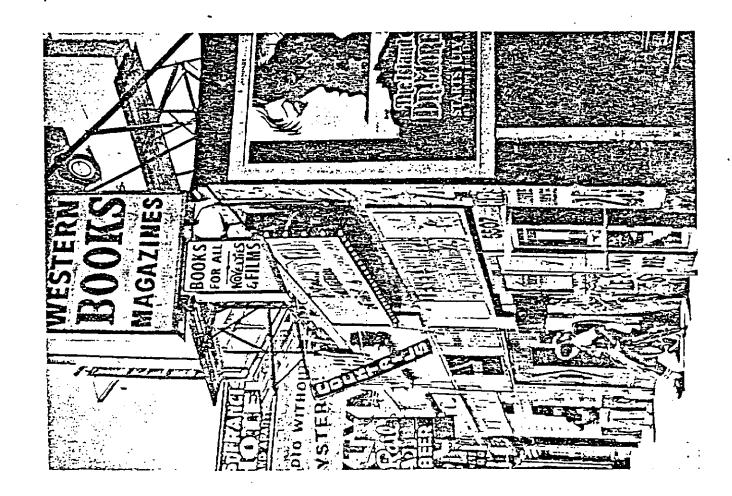
- A Boston-type ordinance (concentration) to control adult entertainment businesses would not be acceptable nor desirable in the City of Los Angeles.
- 2. In the event legislation is enacted in the City of Los Angeles there is adequate basis for a Datroit-type ordinance (dispersion) which requires a distance of 1000 feet between establishments and 500 feet from residential zones.
  - businesses (in Hollywood, Studio City, North Hollywood) actually represent a concentration rather than a dispersion of concept and are due, in fact, to the City's strip commercial
- 3. If dispersion is desired in Los Angeles, an ordinance should be designed specifically for the City. (Direct application of the Detroit ordinance would not be desirable or appropriate in Los Angeles and would, in part, tend to result in a concentration of such businesses.)
- 4. Statistics provided by the Los Angeles Police Department (LAPD) indicate a proportionally larger increase in certain crimes in the largest concentration of adult entertainment businesses in the City.)
- Statistics provided by the LAPD indicate that there has been a large increase in adult entertainment enterprises since 1959, however, there has been a decrease in such establishments.

  6. Testimony of the LAPD indicate that there has been a decrease in such establishments.
  - Testimony obtained at two public meetings on the Adult Entertainment study conducted on April 27 and 28, 1977 indicated
    - Many persons, including the elderly, are afraid to walk the streets in Hollywood.
    - Concern was expressed that children are being exposed to sexually explicit materials and unsavory persons.
    - Some businesses no longer remain open in the evenings and others have left the area allegedly directly or indirectly due to the establishment of adult entertainment businesses.
    - In Hollywood, some churches drive the elderly to services and others provide private guards in their parking lots.
    - Nearly all persons opposed the concentration of adult entertainment activities.

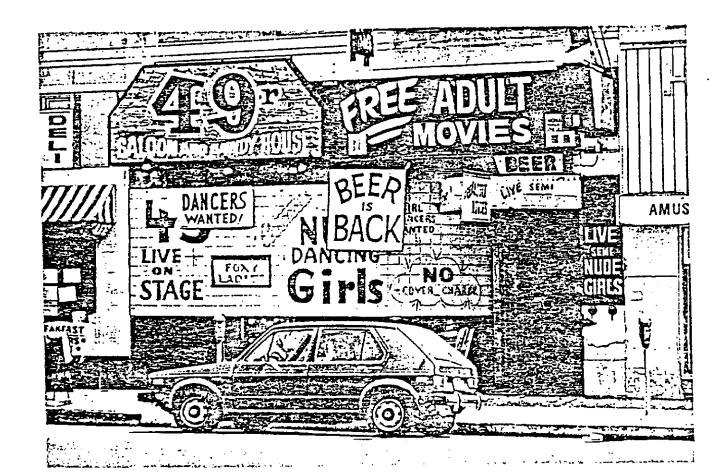
- 7. Responses to questionnaires of the City Plating Department have indicated that:
  - Appraisers, realtors, lenders, etc. believe that the concentration of adult entertainment establishments has had adverse economic effects on both businesses and residential property in respect to market value, rentai value and rentability/saleability; that the adverse economic effects diminish with distance but that the effects extend even beyond a 1000-foot radius; and that the effects are related to the degree of concentration and to the specific type of adult entertainment business.
  - Businessmen, residents, etc. believe that the concentration of adult entertainment establishments has adverse effects on both the quality of life, and on business and property values. Among the adverse business effects cited are: difficulty in retaining and attracting customers to non- "adult entertainment" businesses; difficulty in recruiting employees; and difficulty in renting office space and keeping desirable tenants. Among the adverse effects on the quality of life cited are increased crime; the effects on children; neighborhood appearance; litter and graffiti.
- 8. A review of the percentage changes in the assessed value of commercial and residential property between 1970 and 1976 for the study areas containing concentrations of adult entertainment businesses have indicated that:
  - The three study areas in Hollywood containing such businesses have increased less than the Hollywood Community, and less than the City as a whole. Two of the three study areas in Hollywood have increased less than their corresponding "control areas"; however, one such study area increased by a greater amount than its corresponding control area.
  - The study area in Studio City has increased by a greater percentage than its corresponding "control area", by a Slightly lower percentage than the Sherman Oaks-Studio City entire city.
  - The study area in North Hollywood has increased by a considerably lower percentage than its corresponding control area, the North Hollywood Community, and the City as a whole.
    - On the basis of the foregoing it cannot be concluded that adult entertainment businesses have directly influenced changes in the assessed value of commercial and residential properties in the areas analyzed.
- 9. There are various existing laws and regulations (other than zoning)—available to effect proper regulation of adult entertainment businesses.

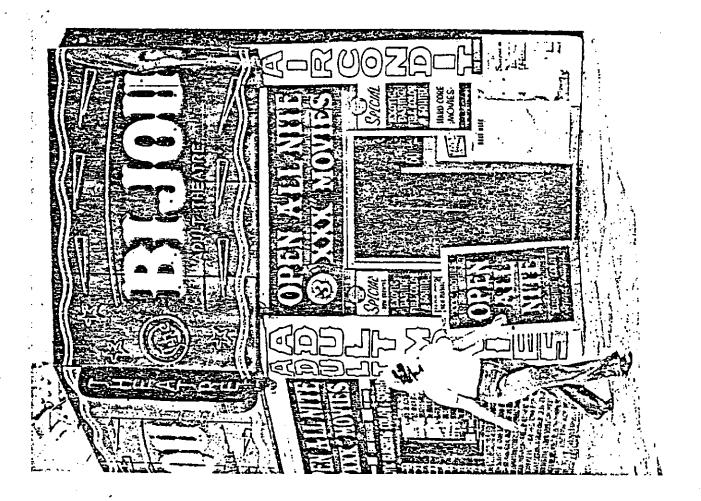
- 10. There is a high degree of turnover in individual adult entertainment businesses as evidenced on page 51 (Much of this change is probably due to Police enforcement.)
- 11. The Los Angeles City Council, both on its own initiative and at the urging of numerous citizens groups, has proposed a variety of approaches to limiting the possibly deleterious effects of "adult entertainment" business on neighborhoods.
- 12. At least 10 cities have adopted ordinances similar to the Detroit dispersal ordinance. Several other cities have enacted other forms of regulations.
- 13. The Detroit ordinance does not regulate massage parlors. Of the cities with regulations, three have included massage parlors within the purview of their zoning ordinance.
- 14. None of the cities surveyed call out or regulate adult motels as a part of their "adult entertainment" ordinance.
- 15. The Detroit Ordinance is prospective in its application and therefore does not include an amortization provision, i.e. provide for a time period for the removal of existing businesses. Although other such ordinances have included such provisions, none had been validated by the courts at the time of this study.

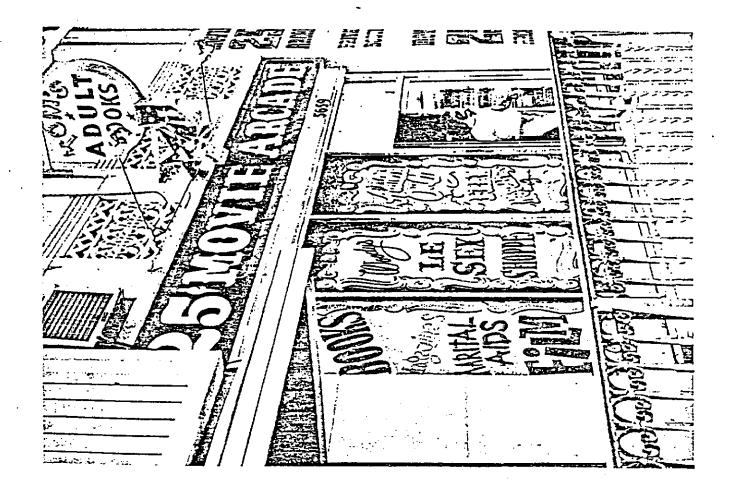


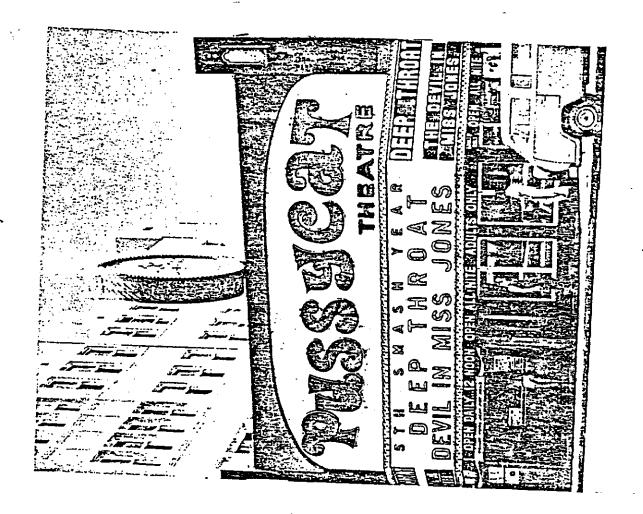


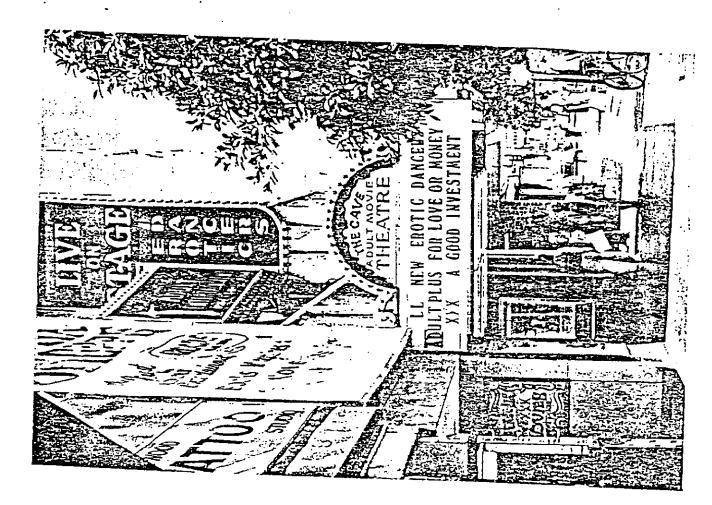


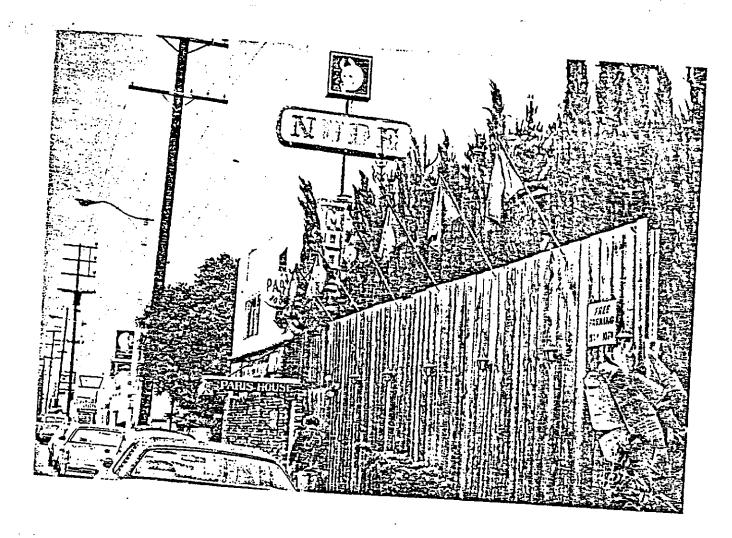


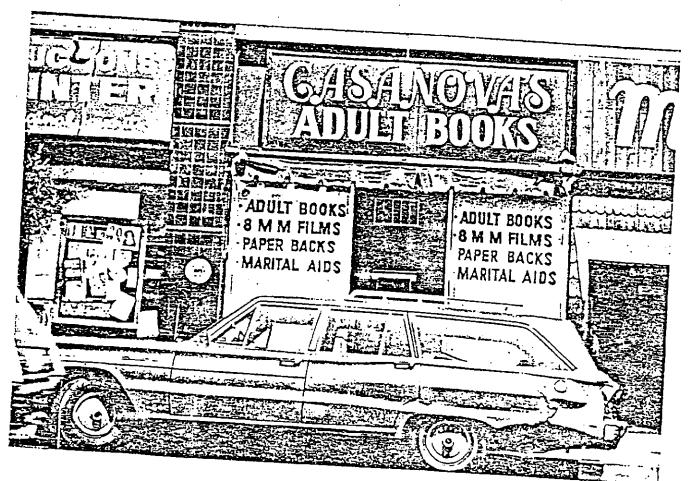












### PURPOSE AND SCOPE

On January 12: 1977, the Los Angeles City Council instructed this Department, with the assistance of other City agencies, to conduct a so-called "adult entertainment" establishments has a blighting or degrading effect on nearby properties and/or neighborhoods. The Planning staff to collectively refer to businesses which primarily sexual services. These would include the following: adult ment; massage parlors; sexual therapy establishments (other than nude, topless or bottomless bars and restaurants.

During the past few years, there has been increasing concern in Los Angeles over the proliferation of such sexually oriented businesses. The derivation of such concern is varied—religious, moral, sociological and economic. The positions advocated by the public range from a "laissez faire" attitude to outright moral indignation and demand for prohibition.

It should be noted at this time that the topic of newsracks, was not dealt with in this study. The primary reason for not considering newsracks is that, in addition to the absence of a specific Council request for this Department to deal with that subject, this matter courts. Additionally, other public of litigation in our state Attorney, Bureau of Street Maintenance, and Building and Safety, are presently pursuing assignments regarding newsracks, and it is as "adult entertainment" businesses, from a practical or constitutional standpoint.

In giving the Planning Department this assignment, the City Council essentially called for a fact-finding process to determine whether adult entertainment establishments, where they exist in concentration, cause blight and deterioration. When this question has been posed to the public, there have frequently been anguished retorts to the effect that "the answer is so obvious it is ridiculous to even ask the question," and "what is the City waiting for before it takes action to eliminate these scourges of society?"

On the other side of the spectrum, certain parties who are against the adoption of any regulations regarding "adult entertainment" question the legitimacy of the government's interest in the subject; and they have noted that magazines as "scurrilous" as those sold in adult bookstores are also available in the markets and drugstores where the likelihood of perusal by youngsters is obviously greater under 18 years of age is allowed)



In completing this study, the Planning Department has made every effort to ensure a fair and unbiased analysis of "adult entertainment." The staff has been instructed to objectively review information of a factual nature; and, although the personal feelings of organized groups and the public at large were forcefully expressed at the two public meetings and in the study questionnaires, the staff has maintained independence from such strong emotions in evaluating the data gathered.

As noted above, the staff has specifically been given the charge to determine whether the concentration of "adult entertainment" establishments has any blighting or degrading effect on the neighborhoods in which they reside. We did not consider the specific nature or content of the materials or services rendered, advertised or promised, for this would have constituted a censor-like role for the Department which was neither desired nor requested by the Council.

This study has focused on the Hollywood community as well as portions of Studio City and North Hollywood as those areas of Los Angeles having the greatest concentration of "adult entertainment" of "adult entertainment" establishments. In order to assess the effect of the concentration has analyzed such factors as changes in assessed property values, and reviewed various crime statistics as well as other demographic the Department has reviewed various established approaches to the already enacted by other jurisdictions, and earlier efforts of the City of Los Angeles to regulate such businesses.

By means of two public meetings on the subject conducted by representatives of the City Planning Commission, and through the use of a mail survey questionnaire, the Department has also attempted to provide additional documentation relative to the actual or perceived impact of adult entertainment businesses on the community. Current information on crime statistics has been provided in a separate report prepared by the Los Angeles Police Department, major portions of which are herein included.

METHODS CURRENTLY USED TO REGULATE "ADULT ENTERTAINMENT" BUSINESSES

A. APPROACHES TO THE REGULATION OF ADULT ENTERTAINMENT BY LAND USE REGULATION

Two primary methods of regulating "adult entertainment" businesses via land use regulations have developed in the United States: the concentration approach, as evidenced by the "Combat Zone" in Boston, and the dispersal approach, initially developed by Detroit.

### Boston Approach

In Boston the "Combat Zone" was officially established by designation of an overlay Adult Entertainment District in November of 1974. The purpose of the overlay district was to create an area in which additional special uses would be permitted in designated Commercial Zones which were not permitted in these zones on a citywide basis.

The "Combat Zone" had existed unofficially for many years in Boston, as the area in question contained a majority of the "adult entertainment" facilities in the City. The ordinance was adopted in response to concern over the spreading of such uses to neighborhoods where they were deemed to be inappropriate. Other considerations included those persons who do not care to be subjected to such businesses to avoid them.

Under the Boston ordinance, adult bookstores and "commercial entertainment businesses" are considered conditional or forbidden uses except in the Business Entertainment District. Existing "adult entertainment" uses, but, if discontinued for a period of two years: may not be re-established. Establishment of uses in areas of hearing before the Zoning Board of Appeals.

The effectiveness and appropriateness of the Boston approach is a subject of controversy. There has been some within that it has resulted in an increase in crime rate in the surrounding office buildings. Due to activities have been increased and a number of liquor licenses in the area have been revoked. Since the "Combat redevelopment projects, however, the change in character of "adult entertainment" businesses.

In Los Angele, the Police Department he investigated the effect of "adult entertainment" businesses in Hollywood and found a link between the clustering of these establishments and an increase in crime. (See Section V, pages 5% to and an increase in crime, and due to the enforcement problems 55). For this reason, and due to the enforcement is created by such concentrations, the Police Department is not in favor of a concentration approach in the City of Los Angeles. Public testimony at hearings and through Planning Department questionnaires has indicated an overwhelming public disapproval of this approach for the City of Los Angeles.

### 2. Detroit Approach

The City of Detroit has developed a contrasting approach to the control of "adult entertainment" businesses. The Detroit Ordinance attempts to <u>disperse</u> adult bookstores and theaters by providing that such uses cannot, without special permission, be located within 1000 feet of any other "regulated uses" or within 500 feet of a residentially zoned area.

This ordinance was an amendment to an existing anti-skid row ordinance which attempted to prevent further neighborhood deterioration by dispersing cabarets, motels, pawnshops, billiard halls, taxi dance halls and similar establishments rather than allowing them to concentrate.

The ordinance was immediately challenged and eventually was upheld by the United States Supreme Court. (Young vs American Mini Theaters 96 Supreme Ct. 771, 1976.)

In response to our request, data supplied by the City of Detroit Police Department indicates that the combination of the dispersal ordinance and a related ordinance prohibiting the promotion of pornography have been an effective tool in controlling adult businesses. To date, 18 adult bookstores and 6 adult theaters have been closed. There are 51 such businesses still in operation in Detroit and 38 pending court cases for various ordinance violations.

### Variations Adopted by Other Cities

The success of the Detroit ordinance has spurred attempts by a number of other cities to adopt similar ordinances. The uses controlled and the types of controls established by these ordinances are summarized in Tables I and II, infra.

While the current study of the effect of "adult entertainment" businesses on neighborhoods in Los Angeles has encompassed all forms of "adult entertainment", the ordinances reviewed and the Detroit Ordinance specifically, are less encompassing in scope. Table I on the following page lists and reviews a number of ordinances; which regulate various specified adult uses.

### TABLE I

### Number of Zoning Ordinances Regulating Specified Adult Entertainment Uses

(11 Ordinances Reviewed-1 not adopted)

Adult Theaters Adult Bookstores 9 Mini-theaters and coin operated facilities 5 Massage Parlors (includes "physical culture establishments) Modeling Studios/Body Painting Pool/Billiard Halls Topless Entertainment 1	USE	No. of Cities Regulating*
Adult Motels	Adult Bookstores Mini-theaters and coin operated facilities Massage Parlors (includes "physical culture establishments) Modeling Studios/Body Painting Pool/Billiard Halls Topless Entertainment Newsracks	1:1 9 5 2 2 2 2 1

<sup>(</sup>Numbers have incorporated-where appropriate-uses entitled "physical culture establishments" and "businesses to which persons under 18 could not be admitted".)

The Detroit dispersal ordinance does <u>not</u> regulate massage parlors, nor does it require any existing business to close by amortization. Many of the more recent ordinances include amortization provisions and several of these are currently in varying stages of litigation.

Perhaps the most comprehensive ordinance proposed to date (although not adopted) is that of New York City. The proposed ordinance creates five classes of controlled uses, one of which is entitled "physical culture establishments" and is defined as a general class including any establishment which offers massage or other physical contact by members of the opposite sex. The ordinance would also apply to clubs where the primary activity of such club constitutes one of the five defined classes of adult uses.

The ordinance also provides for a special permit exempting individual adult uses from amortization requirements when the Board of Standards and Appeals makes findings regarding:

- 1. The effect on adjacent property;
- 2. Distance to nearest residential district;
- The concentration that may remain and its effect on the surrounding neighborhood;
- 4. That retention of the business will not interfere with any program of neighborhood preservation or renewal; or
- 5. In the case of an adult bookstore or motion picture theater, the Board finds that the harm created by the use is outweighed by its benefits.

Locally, the cities of Bellflower and Norwalk have enacted ordinances requiring adult bookstores and theaters obtain a conditional use permit. As a part of their study, the City of Bellflower surveyed over 90 cities in Southern California to determine how other cities were controlling adult bookstores. Of the cities which responded to the Bellflower survey, 12 require a conditional use permit for new bookstores. The conditions for obtaining such a permit generally include dispersal and distance requirements based upon the Detroit model. Bellflower also includes parking requirements and the screening of windows to prevent a view of the interior; it prohibits the use of loudspeakers or sound epuipment which can be heard from public semi-public areas.

Other cities impose such controls as design review, prohibition of obscene material on signs and required identification of the business as "adult". Such controls are a possible alternative or addition to regulation of adult uses by location.

Exterior controls affect the aspects of adult businesses which are most offensive to some citizens. The basis for such controls stems from the recognition of privacy as a constitutional right and the right to be "left alone" as a part of that right. (See Paris Adult Theatre I v Slayton, 93 S.Ct. 2628 1973.)

Table II, following, provides a comparison and description of ordinances from various cities which are regulating "adult entertainment" businesses by dispersal.

The theory that there should be no first amendment bar to sign controls is discussed by Charles Rembar, in "Obscenity--Forget It", Atlantic Monthly, May 1977, pgs. 37-41.

## ORDINANCES REGULATING ADULT ENTERTAINMENT USES BY DISPERSAL

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;

OTHER CONTROLS	Allow only in BM, CM, & CMT. Zones; terminate such uses	in all other zones	·		Ordinance pro- hibiting promo tion of pornog raphy
- APPEALS PRÖCEDURE			-	,	Walver by petition of 51% of per- sons owning/ residing or doing busi- ness within 500'
AMORTI-ZATION	yes-90 days		•		
CONCEN- TRATION				1/1000'	2/1000
DISTANCE FROM CHURCHES SCHOOLS			1000		
DISTANCE FROM RESIDENTIAL		. 500	1000'		500
USES CONTROLLED Adult theaters		Entertainment to which persons under 18 could not be lawfully admitted	Adult shows or theaters	Adult bookstores, adult movies and mini-motion picture theaters, pool or billiard halls	Adult bookstores, adult motion picture theater, mini-motion picture theaters, cabarets, hotels, motels, pawnshops, pool or billiard halls, public lodging houses, secondhand stores, shoeshine parlors, taxi-dance halls
CITY Seattle		Denver	allas	leveland	troit

			7	• p, )ɔ)	Į.	****	
CITY	USES COMPANY	DISTANCE	•				
New York	,	RESIDENTIAL	CHURCHES	CONCEN	- AMORET	_	7
(not		500	<del> </del>	TRATION		PROCEDURE	OTHER
				1000	l year closest to R- zone first	Special permit exception must make findings	Sign regulat Applies to c Adult use al
Oakland	Adult bookstores,						
	shows, massage parlors	0007		1/1000'	1-3		All recut
Kansag City	Adult bookstores and				no use Permit		permit
ı	theaters, hath t	.0007	10001				
	massage shops, model- ing studios, artists- body painting studios					Walver, if Petition of 51% of per- sons resta	Confined to ove lay C-X zone within C-2, 3
						ing property	
Santa Barbara	Adult newsracks, book-				- 0 :	within 1000; of proposed	
5 6 1	~			1/5001		use	
	g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g			. 006			Public displateria
ellflower	Adult bookstores,	10001	racilities)	·			Prohibited
	theaters, massage			1/10001	-		
	parlors		Б	<del></del>			By C.U. all bui
			grounds)				~ .
	Model of 12			<del></del>			covered or screened to nre
	sorna a Ta		500'	-	-	·	vent view into
•						Z	No loud speaker:

OTHER	Requires publication of permit and sage parlors no treatment of permit and treatment of a person of the opposite sex
APPEALS	Walver of 500° from residential with petitions signed by 51% of parties within 500°
AMORTI-	
CONCEN- TRATION	2/1000'
DISTANCE FROM CHURCHES	
DISTANCE FROM RESIDENTIAL	200
USES CONTROLLED	Adult motion picture theater, adult bookstores
CITY	City City

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### Red Light Abatement Procedure

Red light abatement is a mechanism authorized by state law which allows local government to control criminal sexual behavior by controlling the places in which such behavior occurs.

Sec. 11225 of the California Penal Code generally provides that every building or place used for illegal gambling, lewdness, assignation, or prostitution, or where such acts occur, is a nuisance which shall be enjoined, abated, and prevented. There are three basic steps involved in the City's application of the Red Light Abatement Procedures:

- (a) A complaint is filed by the City Attorney based upon the declarations of police officers of instances of prostitution taking place on the premises.
- (b) The City attempts to obtain a preliminary injunction to shut down the business until completion of the scheduled trial. If the City succeeds, the premises the time of the trial.
- (c) At the trial, the burden is on the City to prove that prohibited acts occurred on the premises. The remedy one year, placing the building in the custody of the for prostitution forever.

Complaints may be filed by citizens, and Sec. 11228 of the Code provides that in Red Light Abatement Actions "evidence of the general reputation of a place is admissible for the purpose of proving the existence of a nuisance".

This method has been used successfully by the City to abate adult entertainment establishments in Hollywood along Western Avenue. Although Red Light Abatement is directed at regulating sites, a Red Light Abatement conviction can affect the ability of an owner or operator to obtain a permit for a similar business at another site (see permit proceeding, however, this method of control is both time consuming and expensive.

### 2. Police Permit Requirements

Section 103 of the Los Angeles Municipal Code provides for the regulation and control of a variety of businesses by permits issued by the Board of Police Commissioners.
Permittees are subject to such additional requirements as may be imposed by law or by the rules and regulations of

Those businesses for which the City of Los Angeles requires a police permit and which may also be criented towards

- Arcades (Sec. 103.101)
- Bath and Massage (103.205)
- Cafe Entertainment and Shows (103.102)
- Dancing Academies, Clubs, Halls (103.105, 106,
- Motion Picture Shows (103.108)

In some cases, the specific regulations applied to business, if enforced, preclude adult entertainment activities as a part of, the operation of the business, with revocation of the operating permit an available remedy for violation of the regulation.

The most detailed regulations are entertainment (Sec. 103.102 LAMC) and are summarized as a.

### Businesses Subject to the Regulations

Operation of cafe entertainment or show for profit, and the operation of public places where food or beverages are sold or given away entertainment, shows, still or motion pictures furnished, allowed or shown. The regulation does apply to bands or orchestras providing music not

### b. Cafe Entertainment Defined

"Every form of live entertainment, music solo orchestra, act, play, burlesque show, pantomime, scene, song or dance act". The presence of any waitress, hostess, female attendant or female patron or guest attired in a costume of clothing that exposes to public view any portion of either breast at or below the areola is included with the purview of

### c. Summary of Activities Prohibited

Allowing any person for compensation or not, or while acting as an entertainer or participating in any live act or demonstration to:

- (1) Expose his or her genitals, pubic hair, buttocks or any portion of the female breast at or below the areola:
- (2) Wear, use, or employ, or permit, procure, counsel or assist another person to wear use or employ, any device, costume or covering which gives the hair, natal cleft, perineum or any portion of the female breast at or below the areola.

The above provisions do not apply to a theatrical performance in a theater, concert hall or similar establishment which is primarily devoted to theatrical performances.

The permit may also be revoked for conviction of the permittee, his employee, agent or any person associated with permittee as partner, director, officer, stockholder, associate or manager of:

- (1) An offense involving the presentation, exhibition or performance of an obscene production, motion picture or play;
- (2) An offense involving lewd conduct;
- (3) An offense involving use of force and violence upon the person or another;
- (4) An offense involving misconduct with children;
- (5) An offense involving maintenance of a nuisance in connection with the same or similar business permitted acts of sexual misconduct to be committed within the licensed premise.

Massage businesses have traditionally been regulated by licensing. The latest changes in the massage regulations became effective in November of 1976. The application for a permit now requires:

- (1) detailed information regarding the applicant;
- (2) name, address of the owner and lessor of the property upon or in which the business is to be agreement;

(3) requirement of a public hearing prior to issuance of a permit for the operation of a massage business.

Operating requirements for massage businesses include:

- a permit for each massage technician;

- regulation of the hours of operation;
- posted list of available services and their cost;
- a record of each treatment, the name and address of the patron, name of employee and type of treatment administered.

So-called "private" clubs or "consenting adult clubs" which have ostensibly been formed as an alternative to massage parlors had until recently been regulated via the requirement of a social club permit. In June 1977, however, the ordinance establishing such requirement was declared unconstitutional by a Los Angeles Muncipal Court due to unreasonable restrictions on the freedom of association. To date, it is unknown whether the City will appeal the ruling or amend the ordinance.

"(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to administer, for hire or reward, to any person of the opposite sex, any massage, any alcohol rub or similar treatment, any fomentation, any bath or electric or magnetic treatment, nor shall any person cause or permit in or about his place or business or in connection with his business, any agent, or supervision, to administer any such treatment to any person of the opposite sex."

This provision remained in the Code, in one form or another, until a similar Los Angeles County ordinance was declared invalid in 1972 due to the preemption of the criminal aspects of sexual activity by the State.

In reaching its conclusion, the court referred to the discussion of the Los Angeles City ordinance in <u>In Re Maki</u>. This 1943 case upheld the constitutional validity of the ordinance, and, according to the court, established the primary purpose of such ordinance as the limiting of criminal sexual activity.

The late 1960's and early 1970's brought a proliferation of nude bars and sexual scam joints in the Los Angeles area. In 1969, the Cafe Entertainment regulations (Section 103.102 Los Angeles Business Code) was modified to include strict controls on nudity (see discussion infra).

A variety of Council motions were made to control other types of "adult entertainment" such as arcades, massage parlors, and newsracks. Many of these were initiated due to substantial citizen complaints, and some resulted in final ordinances. (See Table III pages 19a to 19d.)

In Re Maki 56 CA 2d. 635, 1943.

Section 27.03.1 Los Angeles Municipal Code, 1938.

Lancaster v Municipal Court 6 C 3d 805, 1972.

Beginning in 1974, several Council motions were made generally calling for an investigation and preparation of an ordinance regulating adult theaters and bookstores. The advice of the City Attorney was sought, and at the suggestion of that Office, the Detroit Ordinance. That decision was handed down in June of L975. On July 13, 1976, a Council motion was introduced by adult entertainment similar to that of Detroit.

Table III provides a generalized summary of the major Council files and actions relating to adult entertainment.

While not part of this study, a recently enacted ordinance controlling on-site sale of alcoholic beverages should be recognized as an attempt to control another adult-type usal amended to require a conditional use permit for the on-site said of alcoholic beverages. (Council File No. 70-200. City Plan anti-social activities in all establishments serving alcoholic beverages, the subject ordinance would, of course, also have a agult entertainment as well as alcoholic beverages.

Generally, the ordinance would, in all cases, require issuance of a conditional use permit for any business selling alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption, rather than the previous zones. The advantage of the new procedure is that as a prerequisite of approval of an individual application, there will have a detrimental effect upon nearby properties and the the ordinance may prove to be an effective device to regulate deteriorating effect on an area, some of which may, coinciplentally, also be adult entertainment businesses.

TABLE III

# CITY COUNCIL FILES RELATING TO ADULT ENTERTAINMENT

1 9. Z

Tuest	DISPOSITION	Disap						State Board of Chiropractic	Rule 316" which makes	for the conduct of employed	and specifically prohibits	behavior involving patients	factons of customers.
	MECOMMENDATION	That topless and bottomless bars and pornographic film and literature be confined to the M-3 zone.		Effort to control bath or massage parlors by modifying the definition	And, City support for legislation that would make physical mhere	Chiropractors responsible for activities in their offices and prohibit treatment by unlicenced	assistants unless the license holder is in the room.	Recommend modification of Board of Chiropractors Rules and Regulations.					_
SPONSORS	N N	Chamber of		Snyder		•							
DATE FILE NO.	3/23/70		3/71 C.F. 72-374		· ·								

۳ •	DISPOSITION	1/9/75 Board of Police Commissioners approved ordi- nance and adopted agreement with County to provide inspection of massage parlors.
RECOMMENDATION		Study of the need and feasibility of regulating hours of operation, minimum regulrement for practitioners — nance and adopted agree and health and safety conditions in with County to provide inspection of massage p.
SPONSORS		Stevenson and Wilkinson
DATE . FILE NO.	, , ,	S-1 S-2 S-2
DATE.	2/74	

DISPOSITION	Police and Fire and Civil Defense Committee referred Prepared ordinance to Planning Committee.	Regulation subsequently found unconstitutional by the Appellate Department of Superior Court, L.A. County.	No action taken.	Ordinance now in effect.	Referred to Police, Fire and Civil Defense.	
RECOMMENDATION	Provide by Ordinance that permits may not be granted to operate motion picture theaters which show "adult" films or bookstores which sell printed material which may not be sold to minors at locations which are within 1,500 feet of the nearest school, playground or church.	Police permit requirement for arcades becomes effective. Regulates 5 or more coin or slug operated machines. Revocation for non-compliance with health, zoning, fire requirements, obscenity convictions. Regulates hours of operation.	Planning Department report to City Planning Commission, at their request, regarding proposed regulation of massage parlors and adult bookstores in Los Angeles,	Council adopts ordinance requiring permits to operate a massage business, act as a massage technician and gives a massage for compensation effective 4/17/76.	1	- 19-c -
SPONSOR	Snyder, Robert Stevenson, Ferraro	• ·	City Planning Commission		Wilkinson and Stevenson	
FILE NO.	C.F. 74-4521	C.F. 74-1969		C.F. 73-374 S-1A	C.F. 74-4521 S-2	
DATE	10/18/74	/21/75	/27/76	9/76	23/76	<del></del>

DATE	FILE NO.	SPONSOR	RECOMMENDATION	
6/25/76	C.F. 74-4521	Wilkinson, Gibson, Nowell, Braude, Russell, Wachs, Stevenson, Bernardi, Farrell, Lorenzen	Request City Attorney to draft an ordinance following Young vs. American Mini Theaters guide-	Referred to Police, Fire and Civil Defense Commit tees.
6/28/76	ů.	1 Stevenson, Wachs	Preparation of zoning ordinance to prohibit sexual scam joints, adult bookstores and theaters, nude live entertainment within 500' from a private dwelling, church, school, public building, park or recreation center, of within 1000' of each other, to be retroactive, priority to the oldest establishments.	Referred to Police, Fire and Civil Defense Commit tees.
7/13/76	C.F. 74-4521	Wilkingon	Instruct the City Planning Department to prepare a report to the City Council regarding the extent of any possible degradation of neighborhoods in Los Angeles due to concentration of adult entertainment establishments.	Consolidation of above cases. After approval cfull Council assigned to Planning Department with the cooperation of other involved agencies.
3/15/77	C.F. 74-1969		Police, Fire and Civil Defense Committee recommendation to amend Sections 103.101, 103.101. l of the Municipal Code - (A revised ordinance to regulate arcades).	Adopted by full Council.
77/5/	C.F. 77-860 S-49	File not available for review.	Support state legislation providing specific penalties for use of minors for pornography.	•
77/11/	C.F. 77-1997	File not available for review.	Regarding prostitution enforce- ment laws.	
	•	_	9	

## METHODOLOGY AND ANALYSIS

#### Methodology

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In complying with the City Council's instructions, the Department has utilized various available data sources, including property assessment data, U. S. Census data, and obtained other information germane to the subject in an effort to determine, on an empirical surrounding business and other properties. The Department also reviewed sales data of commercial and residential property in areas containing concentrations of adult entertainment businesses and in attempted to secure information on the sales volume of commercial properties, but was unable to obtain this information.

It should be emphasized that, in conducting this study, every effort was made by the Department to preclude the introduction of subjective judgment or other bias, except where the opinions of other individuals or groups were specifically solicited.\* It was the Department's intent to base any conclusions entirely on relevant data and other factual information which became available during the course of conducting the study.

The procedure employed by the Department in conducting this study involved the following areas of emphasis:

- 1. A measure of the change from 1970-76 in assessed "market value" of land and improvements for the property occupied by and within an appropriate radius of five known identical measure of four "control areas" without made to determine if a significant difference in the rate between 1970 and 1976. Comparisons were also made with the located.
- An analysis of responses received from a mail survey questionnaire conducted by the Planning Department;
- Expert opinions were requested from realtors, realty boards, appraisers and lenders through letters and questionnaires. The Department also sent letters to local members of the American Sociological Association requesting their assistance in this study. Their replies were limited in number and not significant in terms of this study.

- 3. Review of available data from the U.S. censuses of 1950 and 1970, including the results of a "cluster analysis" and description of Hollywood based on such analysis prepared by the City's Community Analysis Bureau;
- 4. An analysis of verbal and written testimony obtained at two public meetings on this subject conducted on April 27 and 28, 1977 by representatives of the City Planning Commission; 5. A review of the conduction of the conductio
- 5. A review of various approaches to the regulation of "adult entertainment" businesses, including legislation enacted by other jurisdictions;
- An analysis of alternate forms of control, including existing Municipal Code provisions relative to this general subject;
- 7. A discussion of earlier efforts of the City to control adult entertainment in Los Angeles; and
- 8. A presentation of the Los Angeles City Police Department's report dealing with crime statistics and their relation to "adult entertainment" businesses in Hollywood.
- 9. The actual "last sales price" of commercial and residential properties in areas containing concentrations of "adult entertainment" businesses were compared with the assessed compared with "control areas. The results were then of such businesses. (It was found that the actual sales cases the comparison was inconclusive. No further discussion of this aspect of the study is contained herein.)
- In an attempt to determine any possible effects of "adult 10. entertainment establishments" on business sales volume, Department reviewed sales data from a Dun and computer tape file for the years 1970 and 1976. Bradstreet this source of date could not be used since it did not contain directly comparable information for the two indicated. (A substantial change in the number firms listed apparently occurred after 1970.) In addition, the Department requested sales information from the City Clerk's Business License File. The City Clerk advised that the generation of the information requested would require 100 man-days of work; consequently their information could not be obtained within the time constraints for completion of the study.

Items 5, 6, and 7, above, are the subject of Section III of this report, entitled "Methods Currently Used to Regulate Adult Entertainment Business". The Police Department's report is discussed herein as Section V. The Planning Department's analysis of topics 1 through 4 is described in detail, below.

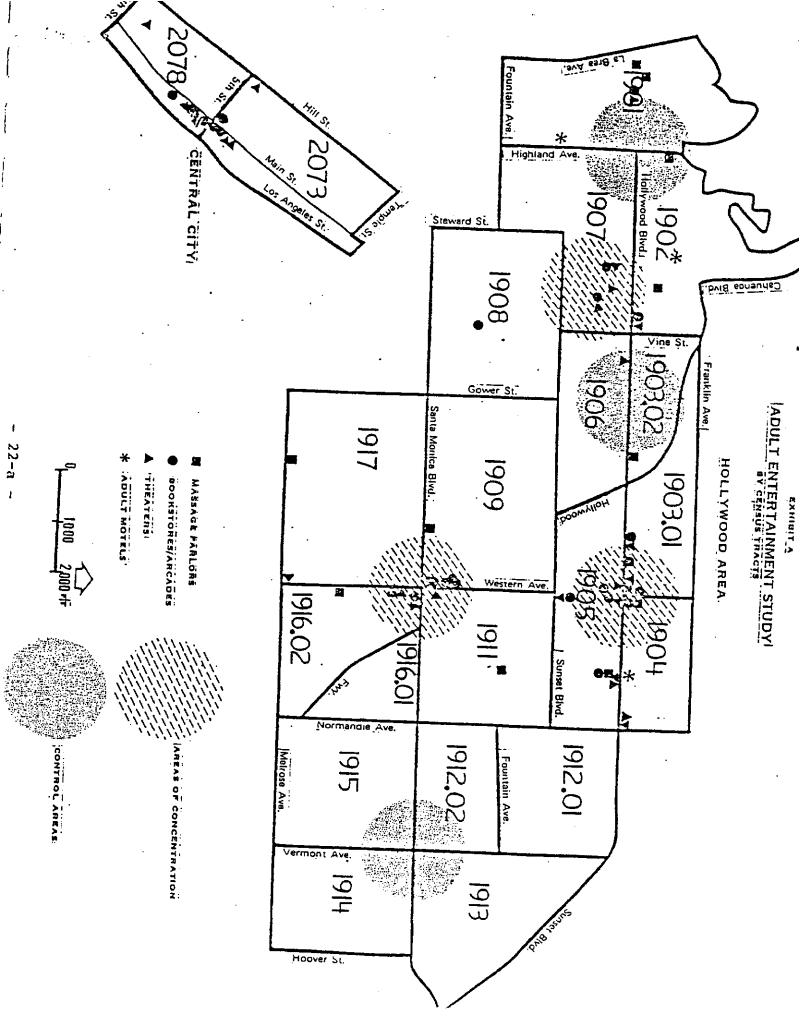
A. CHANGES IN ASSESSED VALUATION BETWEEN 1970-76 IN FIVE SEPARATE AREAS CONTAINING HIGH CONCENTRATIONS OF ADULT ENTERTAINMENT BUSINESSES

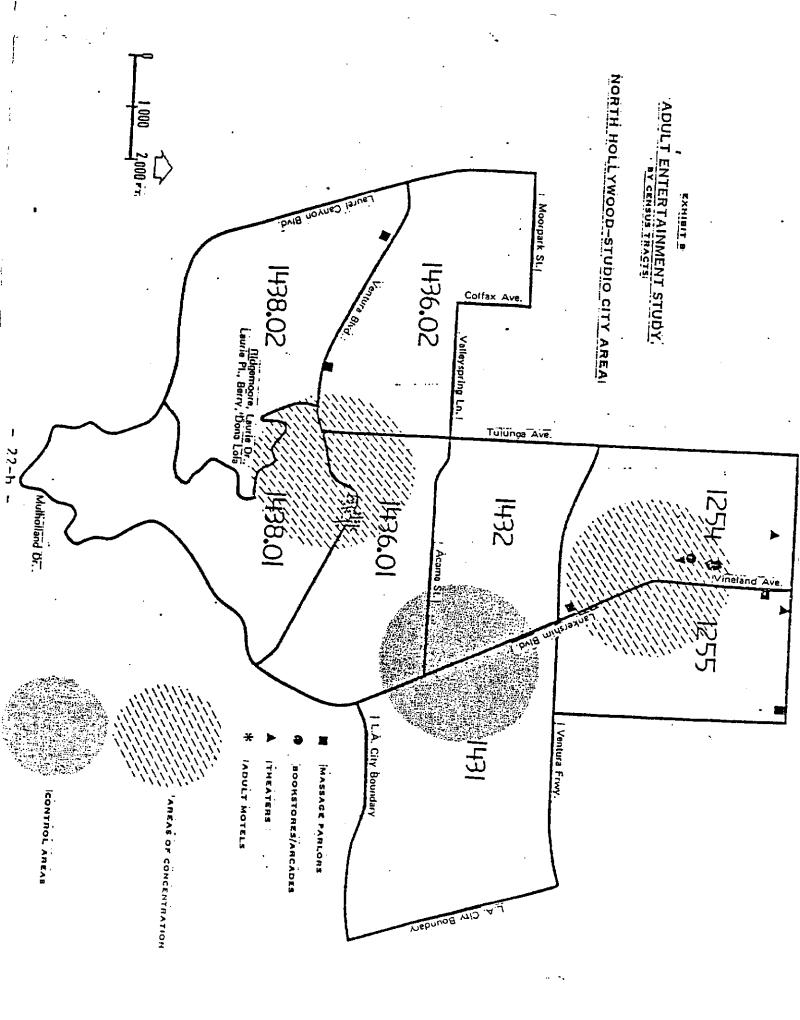
In order to determine if there has been a significant change in assessed property values which may have been influenced by the proliferation of "adult entertainment" businesses, the Department has calculated the change in the assessed value of land and improvements for properties occupied by, and located within, a 1,000 to 1,800 foot radius of known concentrations of for analysis, as described below. The year 1970 was selected as the base period because of the availability of data for that with the beginning of the proliferation of adult entertainment with the beginning of the proliferation of adult entertainment assessed "market" value of land and improvements for commercial and residential properties was calculated for the 1970 base year

Similar calculations covering the same time period were also prepared for "control areas" (containing no concentration of adult entertainment businesses) but which were similar, in terms of zoning and land use, or which were located in geographical proximity to the study area nodes. Four such control areas were selected.

## 1. Study and Control Areas

On the basis of field invesigations and other available data, the Department determined that there are different areas within the City suitable for analysis, containing a relatively high concentration entertainment establishments. As shown in Exhibits "A" and "B" on the following pages, three of these concentrations (or "nodes" of activity) are located in Hollywood; one is in Studio City; and one is in North Hollywood. case, the focal point of the area selected for analysis each the intersection of two major streets, with the adult entertainment businesses located along the commercially zoned frontage of one or both of the streets forming intersection. In four of the residentially zoned and developed properties are situated not farther than one-half block from the commercially-zoned frontage. (One node in Hollywood is entirely surrounded by





Although Main Street in downtown Los Angeles contains a relatively high concentration of sex-oriented businesses (primarily theaters, arcades and bookstores), this area was not selected for analysis since no residential properties are located in proximity thereto. In addition, Main Street has traditionally contained burlesque theaters, arcades, bars and similar types of establishments, and there has been no significant change in this generalized pattern of land use during the past ten years.

In the Hollywood area, the fccal points of concentration are at the following three intersections: Santa Monica Boulevard and Western Avenue (containing 12 such businesses); Hollywood Boulevard and Western Avenue (9 such businesses); and Selmna Avenue and Cahauenga Boulevard (containing 7 such businesses). In Studio City, the focal point is east of the main intersection of Tujunga Avenue and Vineland Avenue (at Eureka Drive) which contains six adult entertainment businesses; and in North Hollywood the focus of concentration is at Lankershim Boulevard and Vineland Avenue (containing 4 such businesses)

In the Hollywood area, property within an approximate 1,000-foot radius of the above named intesections was included for purposes of analysis. In Studio City it was appropriate to include those properties situated within an approximate 1,500 foot radius of the intersection of Eureka Drive; in North Hollywood, preperty within an approximate 1,500 foot radius of the intersection of Lankershim Boulevard and Vineland Avenue was selected for analysis.

As also shown in Exhibit "A", three separate "control areas" were established in Hollywood, each originating the intersection of two major streets and also encompassing all property within an approximate 1,000-foot radius of the street intersection. Control areas were established at: Santa Monica Boulevard and Vermont Avenue; Boulevard and Highland Avenue; and Hollywood Boulevard Hollywood Gower Street. In the San Fernando Valley, indicates one control area, centered at the intersection of Lankershim Boulevard and Whipple Street, and encompassing property within a radius of approximately 1,500 feet that intesection, relates to the two nodes of concentration in Studio City and North Hollywood. None of has adult entertainment businesses the control boundaries, with the exception of the area surrounding the intersection of Hollywood Boulevard and Gower Street which contains one such business.

Table IV, indicates the percentage change in assessed land and improvement value from July 1970 to July 1976 for the commercial and residential property encompassed by the applicable radius surrounding each of the five nodes of concentration, together with their corresponding control areas. For purposes of comparison, the same data is shown the entire City and for the Community within which the entertainment businesses could have a particular effect on separate tabulation is also shown for only commercially zoned land within each study and control area. (Table IV-A.)

As indicated in Table IV, the 1970-76 percentage change in total assessed "market" valuation of commercially and residentially zoned property (land plus improvements) increased in all three areas in Hollywood containing there was some variance in the magnitude of the increase. Changes in the three study area nodes were 2.79, 8.71, and corresponding control area of 12.53, 1.94, and 5.09 percent, respectively.

The study area node located at Santa Monica Boulevard and Western Avenue increased by 2.79 percent, compared with a substantially greater increase of 12.53 percent in the "control area" associated with that node. Total assessed value within the study area surrounding the intersection of Selma Avenue and Cahuenga Boulevard increased by 3.41 slightly greater amount of 5.09 percent. In direct value of this pattern, however, the Hollywood and contrast to this pattern, however, the Hollywood and corresponding control area increased by only 1.94 percent.

1970-76 Changes in Assessed Valuation of Commercial and Residential Land and Improvements for Five Areas Containing Concentration of Adult Entertainment Businesses, as Compared With "Control" Areas, Surrounding Community, and City of Los Angeles.

Property Within Approximate 1,000 to 1,800 Foot Radius of Intersection of Streets Shown:	No. of En "Sites" 1969-70	Entertainment June 1977	Percentage Valua Land Im	ntage Change in Valuation 1970-7 Imorovements	n Assessed -76
Santa Monica Boulevard and Western Avenue (Hollywood)	9	. 12	-0.22	5.81	
Santa Monica Boulevard and Vermont Avenue (Hollywood Control Area)	N.A.		-4.84	32,66	12.53
and Wester	-   9  -	1     60   1	3.51	13.21	8.71
Hollywood Boulevard and Highland Avenue (Hollywood Control Area)	N. N. H.	0	. 19.32	7.83	1.94
Selma Avenue and Cahuenga Boulevard (Hollywood)	4	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	21.12		3.41
Hollywood Boulevard and Gower Street (Hollywood Control Area)	. N.A.	1	17.76	-8.61	5.09
Hollywood Community City of Los Angeles	N.A.	31 N.A.	21.20 35.08	32.72 38.92	27.00
Tujunga Avenue and Ventura Boulevard (Studio City)	Ţ	9	67.11	63.10	64.93
Lankershim Boulevard and Vineland Avenue (North Hollywood)	; ; ; ;	<b>ব</b>	15.88	9.65	12.61
				11111	1 1 1 1

TABLE IV (cont'd.)

Assessed 76	Total 42.76	64.33	31.07	
Percentage Change in Assessed Valuation 1970-76	2.28 27.66	60.44	33.15	
Percent Va	62.28	69.25	28.59	
No. of Entertainment "Sites" 1969-70 June 1977	0	10	5 212	
No. of En "Sites" 1969-70	1	N.A.	N.A.	
Property Within Approximate 1,000 to 1,800 Foot Radius of Intersection of Streets Shown:	Lankershim Boulevard and Whipple Street (Valley Control Area)	Sherman Oaks-Studio City Community	North Hollywood Community City of Los Angeles	

Five Areas Containing Concentration of Adult Entertainment Businesses as Compared With Commercially Zoned Land in "Control Areas", Surrounding Community, and City of Los Ange 1970-76 Changes in Assessed Valuation of Commercially Zoned Land and Improvements for

Property Within Approximate 1,000 to 1,800 Foot Radius of Intersection of Streets Shown:	No. of En	ument	Percentage	City of Los ge Change in	os Angeles. In Assessed
Santa Monica Boulevard and Western	1969-70	June 1977	. Land	Valuation 1970-76 Improvements	1-76 B Total
Avenue (Hollywood)	0	. 12	-0.47	8.53	3.4
Santa Monica Boulevard and Vermont Avenue (Hollywood Control Area)	N.A.	. 0	-12.53	4.13	-6.38
Hollywood Boulevard and Western	1 1 9	1 1 0	1	1 1 1	 
		1	-2.52	-0.45	-1.77
Avenue (Hollywood Control Area)	N.A.	0	25.01	-11.19	4.06
Selma Avenue and Cahuenga Boulevard (Hollywood)	4   4   1	7	21.93	-18.79	1
Hollywood Boulevard and Gower Street (Hollywood Control Area)	N.A.	0	17.07	-17 23	ਰਾ ਹ • ਹ •
Hollywood Community	<i>a</i> 2	;		4 • •	T.09
city of Los Angeles		E	13.43	-1.51	6.70
		212	12.27	.13.52	
Tujunga Avenue and Ventura Boulevard (Studio City)	 	1 1	19.24	25.83	12:33
Lankershim Boulevard and Vineland Avenue (North Hollywood)	И	ঘ	-0.76	6	ה ל י
				10.0	L.92

1

Property Within Approximate 1,000 to 1,800 Foot Radius of Intersection of Streets Shown:	No. of Ent "Sites"	No. of Entertainment "Sites"	Percent	Percentage Change in Assessed	Assessed
	1969-70	June 1977	Land Tand	Valuation 1970-76	' و
Lankershim Boulevard and the tour			1	Improvements	Total
Street (Valley Control Area)	N.A.	0	82.28	-6.35	27.16
Studio City Community	2	ļ			<b>:</b>
Manager of the		70	30.95	13.01	22.02
North Hollywood Community	N.A.	ıc		•	1 0 •
City of Los brasis	•	ז	7.74	7.56	5.21
TO TO WINDERS	м.л.	21.2	12.27	נח	
				70.61	12.93
	1 1 1	1			

Sources/Notes - Tables IV and IV-A;

shown in Appendix A. Assessment data was obtained from the City's Land Use Planning and Management System (LUPAMS) computer file. Data is as of July l for years shown. "Entertainment N.A. means not available. Number of "entertainment sites" for 1969-70 was obtained from L. A. Police Department; for June Site" means adult theatre, arcade, massage parlor, nude danoing establishment or similar use. assessment data from which percentage changes in Tables IV and IV-A were derived is 1977 from L. A. Police Department and L. A. City Planning Department. Property included within areas described is shown in Exhibits A and B. Actual

The percentage increase in assessed values within the three study areas: as well as the control areas, was considerably less in each case than percentage gains registered by the Hollywood Community or the City as a whole.

In the case of the study area nodes located in the San Fernando Valley, the pattern appears to be somewhat more spurious. The study area node containing adult east of the intersection of Tujunga Avenue and Ventura Boulevard) increased by 64.93 percent—the largest increase of any of the areas analyzed. In direct contrast, the "adult entertainment node" located at Lankershim Boulevard and Vineland Avenue increased by only 12.61 percent. The Valley nodes increased by 42.76 percent—a substantially greater gain than the North Hollywood node, but 22 percent percentage increases shown for the Studio City node was the direct result of a recent reassessment cannot be readily determined.)

The increase in assessed value within the Studio City study area was virtually the same as that of the entire Sherman Oaks-Studio City Community but almost twice the percentage gain for commercial and residential properties in the entire City. The North Hollywood study area increased by a considerably lower percentage than the North Hollywood Community and the City as a whole.

With regard to commercial properties considered separately, Table IV-A reveals that the percentage change in assessed values of land and improvements combined was generally control areas. One notable exception however, is the increased by 3.4 percent, while its corresponding control area (Santa Monica and Vermont) decreased by 6.38 percent. In Hollywood the change in assessed values of all study and control areas was less than in the entire Hollywood both increased less than the entire communities within which they are situated.

## 2. Conclusion - Changes in Assessed Valuation

On the basis of the foregoing there would seem to be some basis to conclude that the assessed valuation of property within the study areas containing concentrations of adult entertainment businesses have generally tended to increase to lesser degree than similar areas without such concentrations. However, the staff's opinton there content in the staff's opinton the content in the concentrations of these patterns of change in the content of the primary cause of these patterns of change in the content of the content of these patterns of change in the content of the content of these patterns of change in the content of these patterns of change in the content of the content of these patterns of change in the content of t

responses to the department's mail-questionnaires from real estate representatives and approximately have indicated that in their oninion concentrations of adult entertainment businesses have in come case, had a direct negative impact on poperty values:

#### B. PUBLIC MEETINGS

Two public meetings were conducted by representatives of the City Planning Commission in order to receive citizen input regarding the effects, if any, of contentrations of "adult entertainment" establishments on nearby properties and surrounding neighborhoods. Notice of the hearings was published in local newspapers: aired on radio, mailed to owners of commercial and multiple residential property within 500 ft. radius of the study areas and also to persons who had previously responded to the Department's questionnaire.

The first meeting was held in Hollywood on April 27, 1977 at Le Conte Junior High School. The second meeting was conducted in Northridge on April 28, 1977 at Northridge Junior High School. Both meetings were conducted by Planning Commission President Suzette Neiman and Planning Commissioner Daniel Garcia, with Deputy City Attorney Chris Funk also in attendance..

Questionnaires were available at the meetings for the convenience of those wishing to submit their comments in writing.

Attendance was approximately 200 persons at the Hollywood meeting and 300 persons at the Northridge meeting. A combined total of 60 persons addressed the Commission. The following is a summary of the comments received by the Commission. (Tape recordings of the hearings are available for review under City Plan Case Number 26475, in the Planning Commission Office, Room 561-K, Los Angeles, City Hall, telephone (213) 485-5071.)

The most prevalent type of comment at the Hollywood meeting was an expression of fear of walking in areas where "adult entertainment" and related business are concentrated. This concern was expressed both by parents, reluctant to allow their children to be exposed to offensive signs and wares, and by women and elderly persons who feared walking in the areas either in the day or evening, because of the incidence of crime in the area. Specific instances of solicitation and other crimes were recited. Some proprietors testified that they felt their businesses have suffered, due to fear on the part of their customers. Other common statements concerned:

- Physical or economic deterioration of the area resulting from the influx of adult businesses.
- An increase in street crime.
- Offensive signs and displays.
- A need to use existing enforcement tools, such as "red light abatement" to control "adult entertainment" businesses.

Representatives of La Cienega art gallery proprietors expressed concern over the recent establishment of an adult theater in the area and its incompatibility with gallery use.

A representative of the "Pussycat Theaters" organization informed the Commission that a survey taken by the theater operators indicated that the majority of patrons were middle class, that most were registered voters, and that many were married and had college educations. It was stated that a large number of the patrons were found to reside within a few of their theaters. The representative of this theater expressed concern at the "lumping" of all adult entertainment businesses into one classification. He felt that in terms of aesthetics, clientele, and effect upon the neighborhood, theaters were not in the same classification as some other types of adult businesses. (The Commission requested the written documentation of the survey; however, it has not been received to date.)

Several speakers at the Northridge meeting expressed concern that the City even felt it needed to request their opinion on such a subject. They felt that their displeasure over the distribution and display of pornographic materials should be obvious. Citizens also indicated how they had been responsible for the closing of certain establishments in the San Fernando Valley by picketing and other means. Some speakers indicated that they were disturbed by the availability and display of obscene material in drug stores and supermarkets.

The following is a summary listing of specific relevant comments from the two meetings:

### Hollywood Meeting (April 27, 1977)

- It was alleged that organized crime is in the sex service business and that this is a \$64 million local business.
- Hollywood and particularly Hollywood Boulevard was once a cultural center; now there is a different class of people.
   This is a degeneration of Hollywood and Hollywood Boulevard.
- In Hollywood, due to fear for safety, people walk around in groups, not alone or as couples.
- Zoning is not the ultimate response to obscenity; there are public nuisance laws, red light abatement statutes, etc.
- There was concern about the effects on children; parents in Hollywood indicated that they did not allow their children to walk unescorted: there are too many muggings and attacks.
- There are problems brought on by the changing population of the area: street fights, acts of mischief and minor property damages have resulted.

- A local minister indicated concern for the elderly, and that children from 4 to 7 years old cannot ride their bikes without being accosted; he also indicated there had been 23 arrests for prostitution near a local elementary school; he further stated that residents have to go to other areas to shop.
- A representative of a local synagogue stated that the elderly were afraid to walk to religious services and that car pooling had been established.
- A representative of the Hollywood Businessmen's Association advised that 50 percent of the sex crimes reported (in the City) were in the Hollywood area; that since the Police have closed some sex establishments crime has dropped; that adult entertainment businesses have contributed to a deteriorating condition in Hollywood; that there is a 100 percent turnover in school attendance; that the business license ordinance should be modified to require an environmental impact report and proper sign controls for new establishments and that notice should be given to persons within one-half mile; he also reiterated that traditional businesses were leaving the area.
- It was indicated that property values had gone down; Vine and Selma was valued at \$12.50 per sq. ft. years ago, but recently it was worth only \$8.50 per sq. ft.

## Northridge Meeting (April 28, 1977)

- A representative of the North Hollywood Chamber of Commerce indicated that adult entertainment businesses were an economic and social blight; that the Police Commission was no help; that they had proposed the M3 Zone for these uses; that we need more police and should make greater use of red light abatement; that the Alcoholic Beverage Control Department should do more.
- Claims were made that the Pussycat Theater in North Hollywood was a dangerous environment to women and children; that in the recent past 2 teenage girls had been accosted and a woman had been attacked and had to jump from a car.
- A beauty shop owner near a Pussycat Theater indicated she no longer stayed open in the evening because her customers were afraid.
- Adult entertainment businesses should be required to rent space in "Class A" buildings.
- Various persons objected to newsracks, obscene material, problems of congestion and ingress and egress.

- The <u>Miller vs. California</u> court case was discussed: it was contended that this case established that "a community can set its own standards".
- Questions were posed as to whether economic and financial impact should be facts needed to develop an ordinance to control adult entertainment.
- Claims were made that adult entertainment business bring crimes and violence to the area.
- A speaker stated that both the Boston and the Detroit ordinances are unacceptable. "You cannot control pornography by zoning", and opposition to the zoning approach to obscenity was expressed.
- "California is the pornographic capital of the world."
- People are offended by pornographic material in department stores, drug stores, supermarkets, etc. The recent Los Angeles County newsrack ordinance was discussed.
- One person posed the question "why don't we have an Environmental Impact Report for pornographic businesses?"
- Church representatives and a teacher at the Christian School were concerned about their members and children being exposed to pornographic advertising displayed at the Lankershim Theater and Pussycat Theater. They are afraid to let their children out on the streets.
- It was stated that "we should use civil, public nuisance and red light abatement to control adult entertainment businesses."

#### Conclusion

In summary, the overwhelming majority of speakers felt that the concentration of "adult entertainment" businesses in their neighborhood was detrimental, either physically by creating blight or economically by decreasing patronage of traditional businesses; or socially by attracting crime. As a result of increased crime, nearby residents have become fearful and have been forced to constrain their customary living habits in the community.

Although the testimony obtained at the public hearings would from a subjective point of view, substantiate the conclusion that "adult entertainment" businesses have a deleterious effect on the surrounding community, the staff is of the opinion that legitimate questions may have been posed by the Pussycat Theater representative regarding a single classification for all "adult entertainment" uses. There would appear to be some basis to support the contention that certain types of such uses are more "objectionable" than others, and that negative effects of a particular type of business might be minimized, depending on how the business is operated and advertised.

#### C. SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE CONDUCTED BY DEPARTMENT OF CITY PLANNING

#### Description of Survey

In order to determine additional factual data relating the subject, and to seek the comments and opinions property owners, businessmen, realtors, real estate boards, real estate appraisers, representatives of banks. Chambers of Commerce, and others, the Department conducted a mail Two questionnaires were developed. One designed primarily for businessmen and residential property owners and is hereinafter referred to as the General Questionnaire. The second was designed for realtors. estate appraisers and lenders and is hereinafter referred to as the Appraiser Questionnaire. A copy of the two questionnaires is contained in the Appendix. The completed questionnaires, together with other letters relative to this subject, are on file in Room 510, Los Angeles City Hall.

The General Questionnaire was mailed to all property owners (of other than property in single-family use) within a 500-foot radius of each of the five study areas. The questionnaire was also distributed to various community groups (including local and area Chambers of Commerce) and at the public meeting in Hollywood and in Northridge.

The Appraiser Questionnaire was mailed to all members of the American Institute of Real Estate Appraisers having a Los Angeles City address and to members of the California Association of Realtors whose office is located in the vicinity of the study areas.

Each of the two questionnaires contained spaces for respondent to check answers to a series of questions relating to the overall effect (if any) af adult entertainment establishments on nearby properties. should be emphasized that the Department intentionally response" portion "objective structured the questionnaires so as to reduce "bias" and to solicit maximum range of responses to any specific question. maximum range or responses to any specific questive", "negative" or example, a respondent could check "positive", "negative" or "no offect" in response to the question... "What overall adult entertainment establisheffect do you feel that ments have on a neighborhood?"

In addition to the direct response portion of the questionnaire, information of a more subjective nature was also solicited. For example, after each question, space was provided for a respondent to list any comments or examples which might pertain to a specific question. The beginning of each questionnaire also invited the respondent to write comments in the space provided or on a separate sheet.

Between-February 10 and April 30, 1977, a total of approximately 4,000 questionnaires were mailed (with return envelopes provided) or otherwise distributed to businessmen, real estate appraisers, realtors representatives of banks and savings and loan institutions, the owners of multiple-unit residential property, and others. Of this number, 694 questionnaires were completed and returned to the Department (an overall 17.4 percent rate of return).

In addition, the Department received 197 non-solicited, completed questionnaires from property owners in City. These questionnaires were distributed in a private mailing by a private individual. The subject mailing included a replica of the Department's appraiser questionnaire, together with written material alleging City intent to create an adult entertainment zone in Studio City (copy included as Appendix 0-2). According to the subject individual's testimony at the public hearing on April 27, 1977, 11,000 replica questionnaires were mailed. the prejudicial nature of the mailing, these questionnaires are not included in the study. However, the staff did tabulate the subject responses and the tabulation summary are included in Appendix 0-3. A11 persons responding to the above mailing were sent a memo from Department: correcting the misinformation (copy included in Appendix D-1).

#### Results of Survey Questionnaires

A tabulation of the responses to the specific questions solicited in the objective portion in each of the two types of questionnaries is presented below. A summary of the comments follows:

#### GENERAL QUESTIONNAIRE

- RESPONSES -

Total no. of responses =  $\frac{581}{1000}$  = 16% return Total no. of questionnaires  $\frac{3600}{1000}$ 

#### Question

 What overall effect do you feel that adult entertainment establishments have had on a neighborhood:

Effect on the business condition  $\frac{\text{Positive}}{\text{(sales \& profits) in the area:}} \frac{\text{Positive}}{\text{43(7.4\%)}} \frac{\text{Negative}}{\text{492(84.7\%)}} \frac{\text{No effect}}{\text{36(6.2\%)}}$ 

Effect on homes (value & appearance) in the area immediately adjacent to adult entertainment businesses: 37(5.9%) 472(81.2%) 25(4.5%)

Positive	Negative	No effect
35(6.0%)	446(76.8%)	19(3.3%)

Effect on homes (value & appearance) in the area located 500 feet or more from adult entertainment businesses?

2.. Do you believe the establishment of adult entertainment facilities in the vicinity of your business has had any of the following effects? (Please check all those effects which you feel have occurred.)

26	(4.5%) no effect	305	(52.5%) decreased property values
206	(35.5%)lower rents		. bicheith Agide?
	(47.3%)vacant businesses	<u>13</u>	(2.2%) increased property values
288	(49.6%) tenants moving out		(2.8%) lower taxes
224	(38.6%) complaints from customers	98	(16.9%) higher taxes
	<pre>( - ) less crime (63.7%) more crime</pre>		(84.2%) decreased business activity
	( - ) improved neighborhood appearance		(1.4%) increased business
416	(71.6%)deteriorated neighborhood	312	(53.7%) more litter

8 (1.4%) other (please specify)

appearance

- 3. (Not applicable for tally.)
- 4. Have you seriously considered moving your business elsewhere because of nearby concentrations of adult entertainment businesses?

167 (28.7%) Yes 165 (28.4%) No

5. Would you consider expanding in your current location?

<u>83</u> (14.3%) Yes <u>177</u> (30.5%) No

6.	What types of adult entertainment establishments are	410 (70.6%)	bookstores	179 (3	0.8%) nude or pless dancing
•	there in your area (Please check appropriate boxes.)	<u>310</u> (53.4%)	massage parlors	389 (6 th	7.0%) adult eatres
		<u>190</u> (32.7%)	peep shows	240 (4 mo	l.3%) adult tels
•		237 (40.8%)	bars with X-r	ated e	ntertainment
	How far from your b	3 other se	x shops		

How far from your business is the nearest adult entertainment establishment?

(Not tabulated due to limited response.)

Responses to the foregoing questions reveal that adult entertainment businesses are perceived by the majority of respondents as exerting a negative impact on surrounding businesses and residential

Whether or not such negative impacts have actually occurred, or perceived to have occurred, cannot be readily determined, empirically, on the basis of this survey. However, in terms of the attitudes of the respondents toward such businesses, the conclusion must be drawn that the overall effect on surrounding properties is

Among the adverse effects of adult entertainment establishments

- Difficulty in renting office space
- Difficulty in keeping desirable tenants
- Difficulty in recruiting employees
- Limits hours of operation (evening hours)
- Deters patronage from women and families; general reduced

those businessmen indicating that they have not considered moving because of nearby concentrations of adult entertainment business, the most frequent response was that they had been in the area a great many years, and to establish elsewhere would be too risky and/or that their investment was too move. A few respondents indicated entertainment businesses that should move, not they. great to is the adult

The few businessmen commenting that they would expanding in their current location indicated that not consider their business

Several businessmen indicated that their businesses are unaffected by nearly adult entertainment establishments. businesses cited are a commercial art studio; a building trades contractor; a mail order business; a telephone answering service and relatively Among the

Among the few positive effects cited by businessmen is the in business for certain non-adult entertainment businesses tourist-serving businesses (e.g. car rental agencies). effect it might have is cancelled out by the business it increase "The bad

Many respondents commented on the crimes associated with adult entertainment establishments: prostitution, dope, theft, robbery, in such areas

A high percentage of respondents commented on their concern for the effects of adult entertainment environment on the morals and safety of children.

A high percentage of respondents commented on the aesthetics of adult entertainment establishments: garish, sleazy; shabby, incidence of litter and graffiti.

#### APPRAISER QUESTIONNAIRE

#### - RESPONSES -

Total no. of responses = 81 = 20% return Total no. of questionnaires 400

#### Question

- 1. What effect does the concentration of adult entertainment establishments have on the market value of business property (land, structures, fixtures, etc.) located in the vicinity of such establishments?
- What effect does the concentration of adult entertainment establishments have on the <u>rental value</u> of business property located in the vicinity of such establishments?
- 3. What effect does the concentration of adult entertainment establishments have on the rentability/saleability of business property located in the vicinity (length of time required to rent or sell property; rate of lessee/buyer turnover; conditions of sale or lease, etc.)?
- 4. What effect does the concentration of adult entertainment establishments have on the annual income of businesses located in the vicinity of such establishments?
- 5. Have any business owners or proprietors considered relocating or not expanding their businesses because of the nearby concentration of adult entertainment establishments?
- 6. In recent years, has the commercial vitality (sales, profits, etc.) of any area in the City of Los Angeles been affected in any way by the nearby concentration of adult entertainment establishments?

#### Response

- increase in value 1 (-)decrease in value 71 (87.7%)no effect 5 (6.2%)
  - increase in value 1 ( )
    decrease in value 55 (67.9%)
  - no effect 4(4.9%)
  - increase in rentability/ saleability 3 (3.7%)
  - decrease in rentability/
    saleability 48 (59.3%)
  - no effect  $3^{-}(3.7\%)$
  - increased income 2 (2.5%)
- decreased income 59 (72.8%)
  - no effect 7(8.6%)
- yes <u>23</u> (28.4%)
- no <u>4</u> (4.9%)
- not known 28 (34.6%)
- yes <u>45</u> (55.6%)
- no- <u>29</u> (35.8%)
- not known \_\_\_ -

7. What effect does the concentration of adult entertainment establishments have on the market value of private residences located within the following distances from such establishments?

	Increase	Decrease	No effect	Total
Less than 500 feet	2 (3.8%)	48 (90.6%)	3 (5.7%)	53
500 - 1000 feet	2 (3.6%)	51 (91.1%)	3 (5.4%)	56
More than 1000 feet	1 (3%)	29 (87.9%)	3 (9.1%)	33

8. What effect does the concentration of adult entertainment establishments have on the <u>rental value</u> of residential income property located within the following distances from such establishments?

	Increase	Decrease	No effect	Total
Less than 500 feet	2 (3.4%)	51 (87.9%)	5 (8.6%)	58
500 - 1000 feet	1 (2.6%)	33 (86.8%)	4 (10.5%)	38
More than 1000 feet	1 (2.8%)	27 (75%)	8 (22.2%)	36

9. What effect does the concentration of adult entertainment establishments have on the <u>rentability/saleability</u> of residential property located within the following distances from such establishments?

	Increase	Decrease	No effect	Total
Less than 500 feet		37 (92.5%)	2 (5%)	40
500 - 1000 feet	1 (2.6%)	. 35 (89.7%)	3 (7.7%)	39
More than 1000 feet	1 (2.8%)	28 (77.8%)	7 (19.1%)	36

10. In regard to the questions setforth above, please describe the effects which you believe the concentration of adult entertainment business has on each of the following:

Property values of surrounding:

Decrease

Unknown

No effect Increase

Commercial property 45 (56.8%) 32 (39.5%)Residential property 42 (51.9%) 38 (46.9%)General 16 (19.8%) 65 (80.2%)-

	rounding: Decrease	No response	No effect	Incr
Commercial property	39 (48.1%	42 (51.9%)	-	-
Residential property	37 (45.7%	44 (54.3%)	-	-
General	12 (14.8%	) 69 (85.2%)	-	-
Vacancies				
Number	1	56 (69.1%)	1 23	(28.
Length	1	72 (88.9%)	2 (2.5%) 6	(7.4
Rate of tenant turno	ver -	49 (60.5%)	1 31	(38.
Annual business inco	me 24(29.6%)	53 (65.4%)	2 (2.5%) 2	(2.5
Complaints from customers and residents due to concentration	es 24(29.5%)	57 (70.4%)	•	
Neighborhood appeara	nce 24(29.5%	)	3 (3.7%)	
Crime	1	1	- 48	(59.
Litter		1	1 44	(54.

.

•

#### GENERAL QUESTIONNAIRE

#### - REALTOR RESPONSES -

Total no. of responses = 32

NOTE:

Due to distribution, certain realtors received the General Questionnaire rather than the Appraiser Questionnaire. For analysis purposes, the subject responses were tabulated separately and analyzed together with the responses to the Appraiser Questionnaire.

#### Question

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1. What overall effect do you feel that adult entertainment establishments have had on a neighborhood:

	<u>Positive</u>	Negative	No effect
Effect on the business condition (sales & profits) in the area:	<b>-</b>	31 (97%)	1
Effect on homes (value & appearan in the area immediately adjacent adult entertainment businesses:	ce) - to	31 (97%)	1
Effect on homes (value & appearan in the area located 500 feet or m from adult entertainment business	ore	29 (91%)	2

2.	Do you believe the establishment of adult	1	(31.3%) no effect <u>29</u> (91%) decreased property
	entertainment facilities in the vicinity of your	23	(71.9%) lower rents values
•	of the following effects?	25	(70%) vacant <u>0</u> increased businesses property values
	(Please check all those effects which you feel have occurred.)	25	(70%) tenants 3 (9.4%) lower taxes moving out
		25	(70%) complaints 7 (21.9%)higher taxes from customers
•		0	less crime 23 (91%) decreased business activity
		26	(81.3%)more crime <u>0</u> increased business

30 (94%) deteriorated 27 (84%) more litter neighborhood appearance

Other (please specify)

- 3. (Not applicable for tally.)
- 4. Have you seriously considered moving your business elsewhere because of nearby concentrations of adult entertainment businesses?

10 (31.3%) Yes <u>15</u> (46.9%) No

5. Would you consider expanding in your current location?

10 (31.3%) Yes 12 (37.5%) No

6. What types of adult entertainment establishments are there in your area? (Please check appropriate boxes.) 27 (84.4%) adult 13 (40.6%) nude or bookstores topless dancing

17 (53.1%) massage parlors

24 (75%) adult theatres

<u>15</u> (46.9%) peep shows

15 (46.9%) adult motels

12 (37.5%) bars with X-rated entertainment

How far from your business is the nearest adult entertainment establishment?

(Not tabulated due to limited response.)

 Cluster Analysis "Used by Community Analysis Bureau to Describe Various Parts of the City"

The last U.S. Decennial Census was conducted on April 1, 1970. With the proliferation of adult entertainment business it would seem appropriate to include as background information a description of the socio-economic and physical characteristics of the areas under study, as revealed by census data. Such a description may provide insight as to the underlying factors contributing to the concentration of sex-oriented business in the areas under study.

An excellent available source providing such a description is a 1974 report prepared by the City's Community Analysis Bureau (CAB) concerning the "State of the City".\* In this document, the CAB has utilized a statistical technique known as "cluster analysis" to identify specific areas within the City which have common characteristics, as revealed by census data. In conducting this study, the CAB made use of 66 census data items (or variables) which were selected from the entire spectrum of socio-economic and physically descriptive data items available for all census tracts in the City.

The U.S. Census Bureau reports data on numerous geographical levels, the "census tract" being the smallest geographical area for which data is maintained and reported on a regular basis. There are 750 such census tract areas in the City, each containing a population of slightly fewer than 4,000 persons, on the average. The five study area nodes and four control areas under study herein are contained within portions of 25 census tracts.

The particular variables which most accurately describe a particular census tract were used by the Community Analysis Bureau in such a manner as to combine those areas which have the most similar characteristics. As a result of this procedure, thirty cluster groups were established throughout the City, each such cluster consisting of one or more census tracts, each census tract within a particular cluster being more similar to other parts of that cluster than to any other geographical section of the City.

The State of the City - A Cluster Analysis of Los Angeles - City of Los Angeles Community Analysis Bureau, June 1974.

Description of Hollywood Area

The three study areas in Hollywood containing concentrations of adult entertainment businesses are included within portions of 11 census tracts. Their three associated "control areas" are partially contained within nine census tracts. These 20 tracts are all included within a larger area identified in the CAB's report as "Cluster 15", entitled "The Apartment Dwellers", consisting of 34 tracts. A description of this area, as quoted from the previously cited CAB report, is set forth below. The fact that this description is based on data which is now seven years old may not be disadvantageous, for the purposes of this study, inasmuch as adult entertainment businesses began to flourish in the 1969-70 period.

" Cluster 15 is a lower income, predominately-old apartment area located west of the Civic Center..."

"The cluster represents a total population of 174,000, 46% male and 54% female. The median age is 40. The area is mostly White, but does have an above average ethnic mix--19% Spanish-American, 3% Japanese, 2% Chinese, 3% Black. It is a cluster of workers and senior citizens. One in five residents is over 65. Female participation in the labor force is the highest of the 30 clusters. The population under 18 is small. Many of the families are headed by women.."

"...Close to seven out of ten labor active residents are white collar employed. Most completed high school and 15% completed college. At \$8,700, median family income is below the average for the City. This lower income does not translate into an abnormally high poverty distribution. One in ten families and a smaller proportion of unrelated individuals are welfare recipients..."

"...Residents of the cluster are centrally located to both the Downtown and its commercial-financial strip extension, Wilshire Boulevard. Many public transit routes service the area. Close to 40% of the households have no automobile. The presence of two or more cars is not common. Of the older apartment complexes many have no garage facilities..."

- "...Old apartments comprise 42% of the multiple units. One of the heaviest concentrations occurs east of Western Avenue and north of Olympic Boulevard. These are high density, closely packed, rectangular shaped, stucco units which line the streets approaching Wilshire Boulevard. South of Olympic approaching Wilshire Boulevard. South of Olympic Boulevard, the pattern remains one of multiple family units, but these are generally interspersed with homes or are the end product of converted two and three story frame houses. Hollywood is similar, but is has several single family residential areas and apartment encroachment appears to have more of an impact..."
- "...Most of the cluster's 102,700 dwellings are renter occupied, including a majority of the homes. Median rent averages \$108, but 17% of the multiple dwellings are available for less than \$80..."
- "...Single family residences are a small proportion of the total housing stock and like the area's apartments, many predate World War II. Few of the essentially single family residential neighborhoods have the kind of zoning protection which requires that new construction be single units. Replacement housing new construction be single units. Homes averaged has tended to be large apartments. Homes averaged \$26,000 in median value, which is more a factor of the land than the improvements. Much of the land west of Western Avenue adjoins the more expensive Hancock Park area..."
- "...Cluster 15 has one of the highest population densities in the City, 19,080 persons per square mile, not exceptional for an apartment area. It also has the highest cluster average of elementary school transiency rates--46% for incoming students and 34% for students leaving. This mobility of the residents did not seem to affect the median sixth grade reading score. It was above the City average. The cluster has 8 park sites within its boundary and is also served by the more regional recreation areas of Echo Park, MacArthur Park and Griffith Park all of which are within access..."
  - "...The incidence of burglary per 100 improved parcels is high, a partial reflection of the large number of dwelling units per land parcel. One of the more disturbing aspects of the cluster is the suicide rate. Outside of Downtown, only three of the clusters had higher rates..."

# 2. Use of 1970 Census Data to Describe Studio City and North Hollywood Areas

There are four census tracts which comprise the Studio City study area; two such tracts in North Hollywood; and three census tracts representing the "control area" for the San Fernando Valley. (One of the "control area" tracts also forms part of the Studio City study area.)

The CAB's cluster analysis reveals that these eight different census tracts are all quite dissimilar, inasmuch as the seven tracts are contained within six different "clusters". A detailed description of each of these six clusters would not be practical for purposes of this study. However, a summary of certain key variables study. However, a summary of certain key variables attributable to the two study areas in Studio City and attributable to the two study areas in Studio City and Morth Hollywood, and the one corresponding control area might be instructive, and is therefore presented in Table V might be instructive, and is therefore presented is also shown for the City as a whole.

TABLE V
Comparison of 24 Variables from 1970 Census
Describing Studio City and North Hollywood Nodes
and Corresponding Centrol Area

	AREASANDVALUES			
VARIABLES	Studic City (Tujunga & Ventura)	North Hollywood (Lankershim & Vineland)	Control (Lankershim & Whipple)	Entire City
Population  Population per sq. mile  Persons 0-17  Persons 65+  White (non-Spanish)  Black  Spanish-American  Families w/female hea	5,742 18.4 10.6 92.0 0 6.5	8,265 18.2 17.9 85.3 0 13.7 16.4	5,893 16.7 15.2 90.7 0 7.7 16.4	.6.041 30.2 10.1 60.3 17.2 18.4 16.2
Education				
% High School dropouts, 25 & older	. 22.1	38.6	25.3	38.1
% 25+ who have finished 4+ years college	22.0	10.2	18.3	13.9
<u>Eccnomics</u>				
Approximate median family income	\$15,672	\$ 9,471	\$12,575	\$10,535
<pre>% White collar   employed % unemployed % families in poverty</pre>	80.4 7.8 3.7	60.6 6.1 10.0	77.3 9.1 6.6	57.4 7.0 9.9
% families receiving welfare % 1-unit structures	4.3 50.6	7.6 48.9	4.7 34.2	9.9 51.7
Approximate median val owner occupied units Approximate median	ue, \$39,141	\$25,335	<b>\$</b> 35,530	\$26,700
monthly rent, renter occupied units	<b>\$</b> 135	\$ 123	\$ 129	\$ 107
l unit, structures built before 1940 % of renter occupied,	24.1	52.4	52.2	28.5
2+ unit structures built before 1940	10.9	13.9	21.8	30.7

# TABLE V (cont'd) Comparison of 24 Variables from 1970 Census Describing Studio City and North Hollywood Nodes and Corresponding Control Area

· ·	AREASANDVALUES				
VARIABLES	Studio City (Tujunga &	North Hollywood (Lankershim & Vineland)	Control (Lankershim & Whipple)	Entire City	
Crime Rates	Ventura)_	Y The Land 7			
Assaults per 100 population	.465	.374	~ .478	.857	
Robberies per 100 population	.172	.267	.170	.454	
Burglary per 100 improved parcels	13.86	10.94	13.5	14.96	
Total Arrests per 100 population	4.23	4.26	4.10	8.26	
Narcotic Arrests per 10 population aged 14-44	2.66	1.39	1.60	2.04	
AAL				• -	

On the basis of the foregoing 1970 Census data, it is possible to develop a general description of the two study area modes containing adult entertainment businesses in the Valley. As indicated above, such a description must necessarily be based on data applying to entire census tracts, even through the study areas may encompass only portions of tracts.

Residents of the <u>Studio City study area</u> node in 1970 were predominantly an upper middle income group, with a relatively high percentage of college graduates. High school dropouts were considerably below the citywide norm. Eight out of ten employed persons were in "white collar" jobs. The percentage of families receiving welfare or in poverty status was considerably below the citywide percentage. The unemployment rate was slightly higher than that of the entire city.

The median value of owner occupied homes in the Studio City area was more than \$12,400 higher than the City median. About one-half of the housing units were one-unit structures. Apartment rental rates were also higher than the city as a whole. The percentage of one-unit, owner occupied housing units built before 1940 (24.1 percent) approached the citywide median of 28.5 percent.

With regard to crime statistics (as of 1970), robberies per 100 population in the Studio City area were below the rate for the city as a whole (.172 and .454, respectively), although the number of burglaries per 100 improved parcels (13.86) was close to the citywide rate of 14.96. Total arrests per 100 population (4.23) were about one-half of the 8.26 rate which prevailed citywide.

The North Hollywood study area contrasts rather sharply with the above described Studio City area. In North Hollywood, median family income was \$9,471 in 1970--lower than the citywide median of \$10,535--and considerably lower than the \$15,672 median income of residents in the Studio City study area. Sixty-one percent of employed persons were in "white collar" jobs in North Hollywood, compared with 80 percent in Studio City and 57 percent in the entire city. The percentage of families in a poverty status in North Hollywood was considerably higher than in Studio City (10.0 percent and 3.7 percent, respectively). The percent of families in North Hollywood receiving welfare was higher than in Studio City, but lower than in the entire city. Unemployment rates, however, were lower in North Hollywood than in Studio City and the entire City.

Housing values were considerably lower in North Hollywood than in Studio City, and slightly lower than average values throughout the entire city. Median montly rents were lower in North Hollywood than in Studio City but higher than in all of Los Angeles. Of all owner-occupied one-unit structures, 52.4 percent were built prior to 1940 in the North Hollywood study area, compared with only 28.5 percent in the entire city. Single-family homes in North Hollywood are older than in Studio City.

As revealed in Table V, 1970 crimes rates for the seven variables tabulated were lower in North Hollywood than in the city as a whole. Except for "robberies per 100 population" and "total arrests per 100 population" all other rates in North Hollywood were lower than in the Studio City study area.

## Tabulation of U.S. Census Trends from 1960 to 1970

Time series (trend) data can often be of value in identifying underlying socio-economic or physical characteristics which may have contributed to the change in area. During the course of this study, the staff prepared a tabulation of the 1960-70 change in selected socio-economic variables as reported in the U.S. Census, covering the five study areas, the four "control" areas, and the City as a whole. This was done in order to determine if changes in the study area nodes were significantly different than the "control areas", or from citywide norms.

A tabulation of this data is contained in Appendix E. A review of this data revealed that the 1950-70 trends in the variables selected (relating to population, economics and housing) were not significantly different for the study areas than for the "control areas". In general, numerical or percentage changes in the data were also similar to citywide trends and no firm conclusions of particular relevance to the study could be developed.

## POLICE DEPARTMENT STUDY OF HOLLYWOOD

This section of the report considers the number and percentages of adult entertainment businesses in the City, changes in these businesses since 1975, and more specifically, crime rates in the Hollywood area as compared to crime rates, citywide.

The following information was compiled by the Los Angeles Police Department and shows the incidence of certain adult entertainment establishments as of two different time periods—— November of 1975 and December 31, 1976. The statistics show a decrease in massage parlors, bookstores, arcades and theaters and a slight rise in adult motels. This was during the same period of time that there was stepped-up surveillance and deployment of officers in areas where concentrations of adult entertainment establishments existed. (The Hollywood community is within the West Bureau.)

This information and that which follows involving the incidence of crime in the Hollywood area provides what may be a positive correlation between crime and the presence of adult entertainment facilities.

TYPE OF ACTIVITY Adult Motels	Nov. 1975 37	<u>Dec. 1976</u> 38	Percent of Change +2%
Massage Parlors	147	80	-45%
Bookstores/Arcades	57	45	-21%
Theaters	47	44	-6%
TOTAL	288	207	-28%

## DECEMBER 31, 1976 LOS ANGELES CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT BUREAU OF ACTIVITY AND PERCENTAGE

TYPE OF ACTIVITY	CENTRAL BUREAU	SOUTH BUREAU	WEST BUREAU	VALLEY BUREAU
Adult Motels	5(13%)	23(60%)	5(13%)	5(13%)
Massage Parlors	6 (7%)	4 (5%)	42(53%)	28(35%)
Bookstores/Arcades	6(20%)	1 (2%)	24(53%)	11(24%)
Theaters -	7(16%)	<u>1· (2%)</u>	28(64%)	8(18%)
TOTAL	27(23%)	29(14%)	99(48%)	52(25%)

The information in this section is an extract from a report to the Planning Department on "The Impact of Sex Oriented Businesses on the Police Problems in the City of Los Angeles\*", prepared by the Los Angeles City Police Department. The City Council in instructing the Planning Department to conduct the Adult Entertainment study has also instructed other City agencies to cooperate with and contribute as necessary to the report process. In accordance with such instructions, the Police Department conducted an analysis of the relationship between the concentration of adult entertainment establishments and criminal activity in the Hollywood area as compared to the citywide crime rates for the period beginning 1969 and ending 1975. This period of comparison covers the years during which adult entertainment establishments appeared and proliferated in the Hollywood area.

Part I crimes are those criminal acts which most severely effect their victims; they include homicide, rape, aggravated assault, robbery, burglary, larceny, and vehicle theft. During the period of 1969 through 1975, reported incidents of Part I crimes in the Hollywood Area increased 7.6 percent while the City showed a 4.2 percent increase. Thus, Hollywood's Part I crimes increased at nearly twice the rate of the City's increase. In conformance to the overall trend, every Part I crime committed against a person, not against property, increased at a higher rate in Hollywood Area than in the citywide total. Street robberies and 484 Purse Snatches, wherein the victim was directly accosted by their assailant, increased by 93.7 percent and 51.4 percent, respectively; the citywide increase was 25.6 percent and 36.8 percent.

Suspects arrested for Part I criminal acts in Hollywood Area increased 16.2 percent while the City dropped by 5.3 percent. This reveals that Hollywood Area was 21.5 percent over the City's total in the apprehension of serious criminals during the seven year period.

Equally alarming as the increase in Part I arrests, is the increase in Part II arrests (described on Table VI, pages 53-54) in Hollywood Area as opposed to the rest of the City. Hollywood increased in this category by 45.5 percent while the City rose but 3.4 percent.

Prostitution arrests in Hollywood Area increased at a rate 15 times greater than the city average. While the City showed a 24.5 percent hike, Hollywood bounded to a 372.3 percent increase in prostitution arrests.

Similarly, pandering arrests in Hollywood Area increased by 475.0 percent, 3-1/2 times the city increase of 133.3 percent. (See note p. 54.)

<sup>\*</sup>The complete report prepared by the Los Angeles City Police Department is available for review in the official files under City Plan Case No. 21475 in the Los Angeles City Planning Department.

Table VI

# 1969 THROUGH 1975 SURVEY PERIOD REPORTED CRIMES AND ARRESTS

Hollywood Area Citywide							
Part I Offenses	1969	1975	% Change	1969	1975	% Change	
Homicide Rape Agrav. Assault Robbery Burglary Larceny Auto Theft	19 214 605 905 5695 7852 2621	37 199 886 1591 5551 8396 2608	+94.7 -7.0 +46.5 +75.8 -2.5 +6.9 -0.5	377 2115 14798 11909 65546 89862 32149	574 1794 14994 14667 69489 93478 30861	+52.3 -15.2 +1.3 +23.2 +6.0 +4.0 -4.0	
TOTAL	17911	19268	+7.6	216756	225857	+4.2	
St. Robberies 484 Purse Snatche	38 <u>1</u> s 185	738 280	+93.7 +51.4	532 <u>1</u> 1951	6584 2668	÷25.6 +36.8	
			ARRESTS				
	Но	11ywoo	Area		Citywid	e	
Part I Offenses	1969.	<u> 1975</u>	% Change	1969	<u>1975</u>	% Change	
Homicide Rape Agrav. Assault Robbery Burglary Larceny Auto Theft TOTAL	21 67 239 368 864 546 319 2424	26 47 348 285 514 1371 226 2817		475 858 6250 4855 7823 6877 4820 31958	573 552 3163 5132 6032 11706 3121 30279	+20.6 -35.7 -49.4 +5.7 -22.9 +70.2 -5.3	
	Ho	11ywend	Area		Cityw	ide	
*Part II Offense	<u> 1969</u>	1975	% Change	1969	1975	% Change	
TOTAL	10660	15503	+45.4	179233	185417	+3.4	
*(Part II arrest feiting, embezt narcotics, lit misdemeaners.)	zlement	and fi	ther assau raud, stol gambling,	en prope:		l counter- ostitution, scellaneous	
Prostituti <u>čn Ar</u>	rests	•	1969	1975	% Chan	<u>ge</u>	
Hollywood Area Citywide			433 2864	2045 3564	+372. +24.		

# Table VI (cont'd)

Pandering Arrests	<u> 1969</u>	1975	% Change
Hollywood Area	8	46	+475.0
Citywide	42	98	+133.3

NOTE:

(The prostitution arrests made in Hollywood Area in 1975 represents 57.3 percent of all arrests for prostitution made in the city. The pandering arrests made in Hollywood Area in 1975 represents 46.9 percent of all pandering arrests made in Los Angeles during that year.)

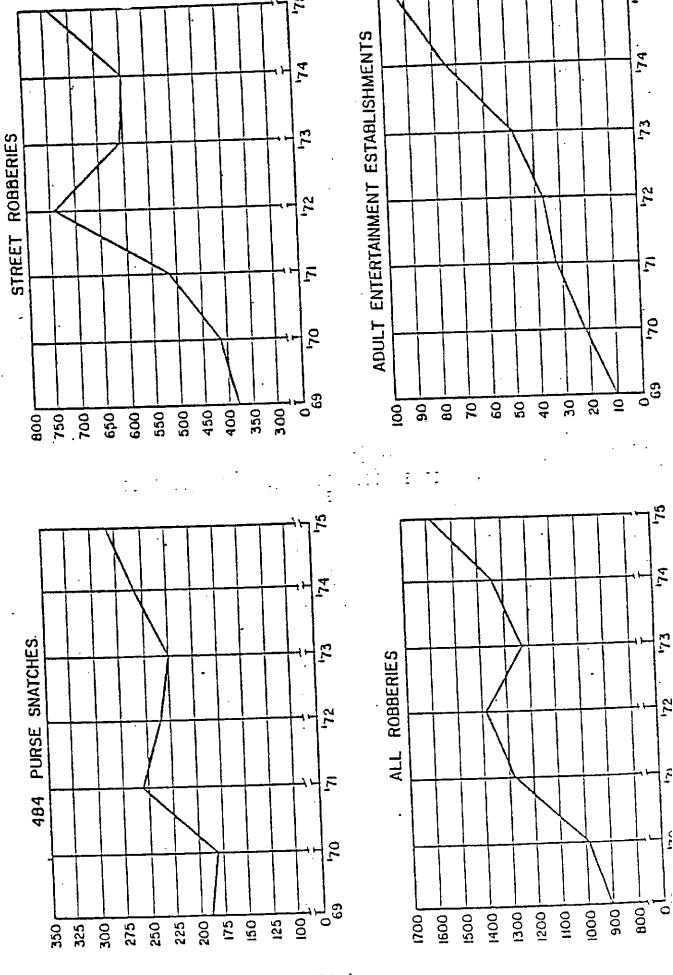
	DEPLOYMENT				
Hollywood Area	1969	1975	% Change		
Patrol Investigators	197 45	255 61	+29.4 +35.6		
TOTAL	242	316	+30.6		
Citywide	5194	7506	+21.1		

# ADULT ENTERTAINMENT ESTABLISHMENTS HOLLYWOOD AREA

1969 through 1975

1959	<u>1975</u>
<pre>1 Hard-core motel 2 Bookstores 7 Theaters 1 Massage parlor/scam joint</pre>	3 Hard-core motels 18 Bookstores 29 Theaters 38 Massage parlor/scam joints
11 Locations (Total)	88 Locations (Total)

# HOLLYWOOD AREA



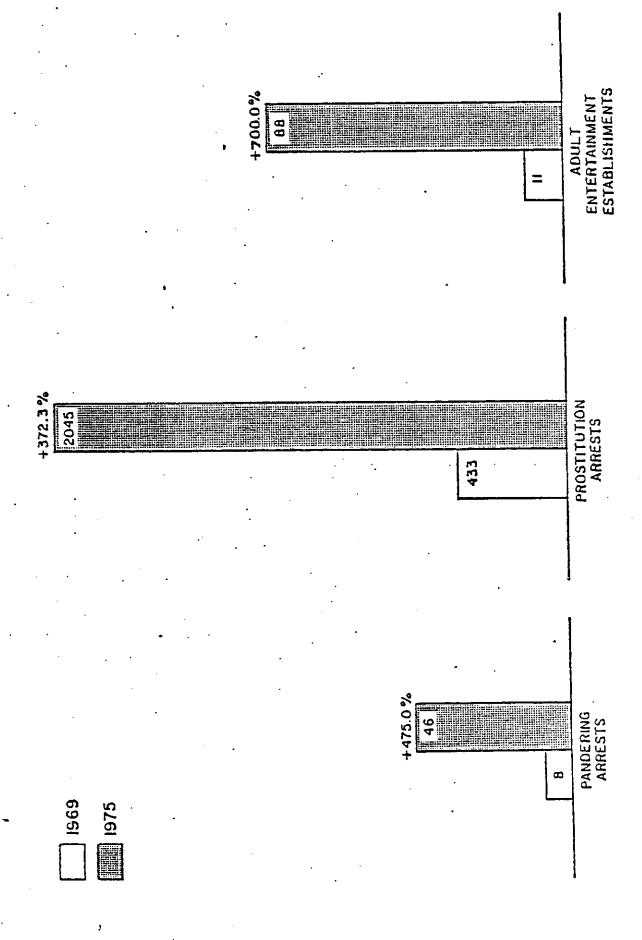
During the period included in this report, the Citywide deployment of police personnel rose by 21.2 percent. However, with the surge of crime in the Hollywood Area, deployment there increased by 30.6 percent, 9.4 percent higher than the rest of the City. Included in this figure is a 29.4 percent hike in uniformed officers and 35.6 percent rise in investigators to cope with the criminal elements.

This survey reflects a seven-year span during which time the Adult Entertainment Establishment in the Hollywood Area proliferated from a mere 11 establishments to an astonishing number of 88 such locations. The overall deleterious effect to the entire community is evident in the statistics provided. The overwhelming increase in prostitution, robberies, assaults, thefts, and the proportionate growth in police personnel deployed throughout Hollywood, are all growth in police personnel deployed that the clustering of Adult representative of blighting results that the clustering of Adult representative of blighting results that the community. These Entertainment Establishments has on the entire community. These entertainment effects not only infect the environs immediately adverse social effects not only infect the environs immediately adjacent to the parlors but creates a malignant atmosphere in which crime spreads to epidemic proportions.

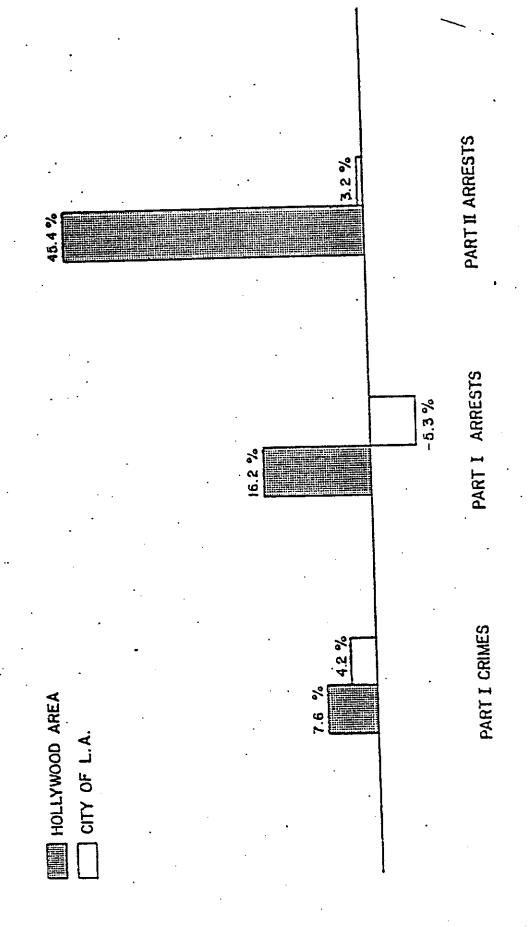
The remaining sections of the Police Department report are letters and signature petitions from concerned businessmen, clergy, merchants, citizens and police officers and are in the file and available for inspection upon request. The following paragraph summarizes this section of the Police Department report.

The police officer reports can be summarized as follows: all officers felt the sex-oriented businesses either contributed to or were directly responsible for the crime problems in the Hollywood area. The officers felt the sex shops were an open invitation to undesirables and thereby directly caused the deterioration of neighborhoods. Also, it was suggested that these businesses neighborhoods. Also, it was suggested that these purposely cluster in order to establish a "strength in numbers" type effect, once they establish a foothold in a neighborhood they drive the legitimate businesses out.

The letters from the businessmen, clubs, churches and concerned citizens were all in support of police efforts to close adult entertainment facilities. The letters all expressed the feeling that the sex shops attracted homosexuals, perverts, prostitutes and other undesirables and directly contributed to the decline of the Hollywood area.



HOLLYWOOD AREA VS. CITY OF L.A. RATE OF INCREASE 1969-1975



# Los Angeles City Planning Department

Calvin S. Hamilton, Director Frank P. Lombardi, Executive Officer Glenn F. Blossom, City Planning Officer

## Citywide Planning and Development Division

Glenn O. Johnson, Division Head

#### Code Studies Section

Jack C. Sedwick, Senior City Planner
Robert Janovici, City Planner
Charles S. Rozzelle, City Planner
Marcia Scully, Planning Assistant, Project Coordinator
Evelyn Garfinkle, City Planning Associate
Fred Hand, City Planning Associate
Ronald Lewis, City Planning Associate (former project staff member)
Charles Zeman, City Planning Associate

#### Staff Support

Donald S. Jacobs, Data Analysis Fred Ige, Planning Assistant Joyce Odell, Cartographer Gilbert Castro, Cartographer Barbara Reilly, Typist Corrine Gluck, Typist Mary Volz, Typist Mewland Watanabe, Typist Jeanne Crain, Typist Audrey Jones, Typist Mason Dooley, Photographer

APPENDICES.

APPENDIX A (Sheet 1)

i

Changes in Assessed "Market" Value of Residential and Commercial Property 1970-76; Areas of Concentration of Adult Entertainment Businesses; Corresponding Control Areas, and City of Los Angeles

Assessed "Market" Values

1976	26,624,420	24,218,400	41,289,370	62,190,020	62,641,740	29,335,420	25,743,700	32,742,460	36,992,200	Total 17,995,471,400 24,681,219,84
rotal 1970	25,900,900	21,520,700	37,979,740	61,008,420	60,573,020	27,914,760	15,608,720	29,076,540	25,912,480	
ents 1976	13,697,620	13,227,900	23,015,660	35,992,140	27,856,660	12,256,520	13,852,800	16,763,160	18,823,200	nts · 13,464,660,940
Improvements	12,945,620	9,971,400	20,361,040	39,051,920	31,852,740	13,411,880	8,493,260	15,287,340	14,744,280	Improvements 9,692,014,680
, ba	12,926,800	10,990,500	18,237,710	26,197,880	34,785,080	17,078,900	11.890.900	15,979,300	18,169,000	,558,900 9,
Land	12,955,100	11,549,300	17,618,700	21,956,500	28,720,280	14,502,880	17 115 460	13,789,200	11,168,200	<u>Land</u> 11,216,
Areas of Concentration	("Nodes") and Control Areas	Control Area - Santa Monica and Vermont	Hollywood & Western	Control Area - Hollywood 6	Selma & Cahuenga	Control Area - Hollywood & Gower	And to the said	Tujunga & Ventura (studio City)	Control Area - Lankershim 6 Whipple	City of L.A. 8,303,456,720
Areas (	Santa ?	Control Are	Hollyw	Control'	Selma	Contro		Tujung Lanker (Nort	Control Whipple	Clty o

# LITY OF LOS ANGEL\_S

CALIFORNIA

CITY PLANNING COMMISSION SUZETTE NEIMAN VICE-PRESIDENT DANIEL F. GARCIA LESTER B. KING LEONARD LEVY

NAMBON I DOMMAN SECRETARY



DEPARTMENT OF CITY PLANNING 561 CITY HALL LOS ANGELES, CALIF. 90012

CALVIN S. HAMILTON DIRECTOR

FRANK P. LOMBARDI EXECUTIVE OFFICER

APPENDIX B

March 14, 1977

OBTAINING INFORMATION REGARDING IN REQUEST FOR YOUR ASSISTANCE "ADULT ENTERTAINMENT ESTABLISHMENTS"

The Los Angeles City Council has recently requested the Department of City Planning, in cooperation with the Police Department and other City agencies, to conduct study concerning а entertainment" businesses.

Because of your particular knowledge of the businesses in vicinity of your adress, we are requesting that you answer questions on the attached questionnaire. These questions relate to the effect of adult entertainment establishments on other businesses and neighborhoods in the surrounding area. The results of questionnaire will be of great value to us in conducting this study.

Please return your completed questionnaire in the stamped envelope provided before April 1, 1977.

If you have any questions about the study or wish to discuss matter with Planning Department staff members, please call 485-3508.

We greatly appreciate your cooperation in assisting us this survey.

#### Original signed by Calvin S. Hamilton

CALVIN S. HAMILTON Director of Planning

CSH:CSR:cd -0417B/0029A

#### ADULT ENTERTAINMENT QUESTIONNAIRE

#### Los Angeles City Planning Department

May 9, 1977

Please answer the seven questions below by checking the appropriate spaces. Feel free to write comments in the space provided or on a separate sheet.

For the purposes of this study, an adult entertainment establishment includes businesses such as: adult bookstores; nude or topless dancing establishments; massage parlors; adult theatres showing X-rated movies; "peep shows"; so-called adult motels, and bars with X-rated entertainment.

1.	What overall effect do you feel that adult entertainment establishments have on a neighborhood:
	Effect on the businesses condition (sales & profits) in the area:
	positive no effect
	Comments/Examples:
	Effect on homes (value & appearance) in the area immediately adjacent to adult entertainment businesses:
	positive no effect
	Effect on homes (values & appearance) in the area located 500 feet or more from adult entertainment businesses:
	positive no effect
	Comments/Fyamples:

(OVER)

<ol> <li>Do you feel the establishment of in the vicinity of your business effects? (Please check all thos occurred.)</li> </ol>	adult entertainment facilities has had any of the following se effects which you feel have
no effect	decreased property values
lower rents	increased property values
vacant businesses	lower taxes
tenants moving out	higher taxes
complaints from customers	decreased business activity
less crime	increased business
more crime	more litter
improved neighborhood appedeteriorated neighborhood other (please specify)	earance appearance
immediately above.  3. What are the hours of operation	n of your business?
	ed moving your business elsewhere rations of adult entertainment
yes	no
Why?	:
5. Would you consider expanding	in your current location?
yes	no; if not, why?
•	

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)

. What to	mes of adult entertainme	nt establishments are there in propriate boxes.)	
your a	rea? (Please check all ap	brokrame .	
	adult bookstores	nude or topless dancing	
	massage parlors	adult theatres	
	peep shows	adult motels	
	bars with X-rated enterta	ainment	
How fa establ	r from your business is ishment?	the nearest adult entertainment	•
Thank you	for your cooperation. P	lease return this questionnaire to:	:
-	City of Los Angeles Department of City Planni 200 North Spring Street Room 513, City Hall Los Angeles, CA 90012	ng	
	Name		
	(Business)		
	Address		

COMMISSION

SUZETTE HEIMAN PRESIDENT FRED E. CASE VICE-PRESIDENT

DANIEL P. GARCIA LESTER B. KING LEONARD LEVY

NAMRON I DIOMYAS

CALIFORNIA



TOM BRADLEY

DEFARTMENT OF CITY PLANNING SGI CITY HALL LOS ANGELES, CALIF, 90012

CALVIN S. HAMILTON DIRECTOR

FRANK P. LOMBARDI EXECUTIVE OFFICEN

APPENDIX C

March 14, 1977

# REQUEST FOR YOUR ASSISTANCE IN CHTAINING DIFCRMATION REGARDING "ADULT ENTERTAINMENT" ESTABLISHMENTS

The Los Angeles City Council has recently requested the Department of City Planning, in cooperation with the Police Department and other City agencies, to conduct a study concerning "adult entertainment" businesses.

Because of your particular knowledge of the businesses in the vicinity of your address, we are requesting that you answer the questions on the attached questionnaire. These questions relate to the effect of adult entertainment establishments on other businesses and neighborhoods in the surrounding area. The results of the questionnaire will be of great value to us in conducting this study.

Please return your completed questionnaire in the stamped envelope provided before April 1, 1977.

If you have any questions about the study or wish to discuss this matter with Planning Department staff members, please call 465-3508.

We greatly appreciate your cooperation in assisting us in this survey.

CALVIN S. HAMILTON

Director of Planning

CSH:CSR:lmc

# Los Angeles City Planning Department

#### March 14, 1977

Please give your opinion regarding questions set forth below by checking the appropriate spaces and providing comments in the space provided or on a separate sheet.

For the purposes of this study, "adult entertainment establishments" include businesses such as: adult bookstores, nude or topless dancing establishments; massage parlors; adult theatres showing X-rated movies; "peep shows"; so-called adult motels and bars with X-rated entertainment.

EFFECT	ON	SURROUNDING	<b>BUSINESSES</b>
--------	----	-------------	-------------------

1.	What effect does the concentration of adult enterts ments have on the <u>market value</u> of business property fixtures, etc.) located in the vicinity of such est	. /1 :
	increase in value decrease in value	
	Comments/examples: (Please cite specific examples able data.)	including avail-
-		
· · ·		
: 2.	What affect does the	
	What effect does the concentration of adult entertaments have on the rental value of business property vicinity of such establishments?	inment establish— located in the
<b>-</b> :	increase in value decrease in value	no effect
·		
· 	Comments/examples: (Please cite specific examples, able data.)	•
• <u>;.</u>		···
3.	What effect does the concentration of adult enterta ments have on the rentability/saleability of busine in the vicinity (length of time required to rent or rate of lessee/buyer turnover; types of businesses lessees/buyers; conditions of sale or lease, etc.)?	ss property locate sell property;
	increase in rentability/saleability	
	decrease in mentability/saleability	
	no effect	
	Comments/examples: (Please cite specific examples, data.)	including availab

	METTO HTAG	on the annutablishments	ai income	of business	es located i	ent establish n the vicini
	increased	1.00me	decreas	ed income	no ef	fect
	Comments/e	xamples: (P	lease cite	specific e	xamples, inc	luding avail
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<b>:</b>			t		•	
	expanding	usiness owner their bysiner rtainment es	sses becau	se of the m	sidered relo earby concen	cating or no tration of
	Yes	No	_ Not k	nown		
	If yes, pl	ease indicat	e the spec	ific reason	, if known.	
					•	
		•	•	•		•
		•		:	•	•
				. •	•	
			·	•	•	
5.	of any are	a in the City	7 of Los A	ngeles been	y (sales, pr affected in establishme	ofits, etc.) any way by onts?
	Yes	No	_ Not k	nown		•
	If yes, who	ich areas?	• 4			• •
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	Comments/e:	xamples: (P)	lease cite	effects and	d provide av	ailable data

FRANCE ON	SURROUNDING	RESIDENTIAL	PROPERTIES

	•	•	Incre	ease	Decreas	e	No Effec	
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•	More than	1000 feet	<del></del> _	<del></del>	<del></del>	-	·	_
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Comme data. What ments locat	More than ents/exampl )  effect does have on the	feet  1000 feet  es: (Please  the concent the rentability the following	cite spec	adult	xamples,	inclu ment ial	ding avai	la)
Comme data. What ments locat	500 - 1000 More than ents/exampl )  effect does have on the	feet  1000 feet  es: (Please  the concent the rentability the following	cite spec	adult	xamples, entertair f resident such esta	inclu ment ial	establist	la)
Comme data. What ments locat	More than ents/exampl )  effect does have on the	feet  1000 feet  es: (Please  the concent the rentability the following	cite spec	adult	xamples, entertair f resident such esta	inclu ment ial	establist	la)

OVERALL	EFFECTS
4,550	

Yes

10.	In regard to the questions set forth above, please describe the effects which you believe the concentration of adult entertainmen businesses has on each of the following:
	Property values of surrounding:
•	Commercial property
	Residential property
	Rental values of surrounding:
,	Commercial property
•	Residential property
	Vacancies
•	Number
	Length
	Rate of tenant turmover
•	Annual business income
	Complaints from customers and residents due to concentration
. •	Neighborhood appearance
	Crime
	Litter
	Other (please specify
• -	
Thank	you for your cooperation. Please return this questionnaire to:
	City of Los Angeles Department of City Planning 200 North Spring Street Room 516, City Hall Los Angeles, CA 90012
Name	
Organ	ization
Addre	•

Do you wish to be notified of the public hearing on this matter?

Мо

#### APPENDIX D-1

May 3, 1977

Concerned Members of the Public

#### ADULT ENTERTAINMENT STUDY

We wish to thank you for your interest in the above matter. Recently, residents of the Studio City area have received erroneous information regarding the activities of this Department. Specifically, they have been informed that it is our intent to create an "adult entertainment zone" on Ventura Boulevard. This information is not correct.

In January of this year, the Los Angeles City Council instructed the Planning Department to conduct a study to determine whether so-called "adult entertainment" establishments, where they exist in concentration, tend to have a deteriorating or blighting effect on adjacent properties and areas. Since that time, the Department staff has been evaluating data from the public and governmental agencies to determine whether evidence of such effects exists.

Within the next two months, the analysis of the information gathered will be presented to the Los Angeles City Council which will make a decision as to whether adoption of regulations is appropriate.

We regret that you were sent alarming erroneous information; if you have any further questions, please call my staff at 485-3508 or 485-3868.

(Original signed by)

CALVIN S. HAMILTON Director of Planning

CSH: RJ:mw

Studio City (Ventura BIVd) has one of the largest concent.

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MOTELS" in Los Angeles. Studio City (Ventura BIVd) has one of the largest concent.

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Studio City (Ventura BIVD) has one of the largest concent. The attached Press Release and Questionaire was not to our knowledge, published in ANY locally circulated newspaper knowledge, published in ANY n the Desk of The attached Press Release and Questionaire was not in the attached published in ANY locally circulated newspaper.

Knowledge i published in Any locally circulated newspaper. NORT ALLEN The hearings will be held in Hollywood & Northridge - WHY URGENT .... We URGENTLY request that you and your neighbors aftend leaders:

meetings and ALSO call or send telegrams to our elected leaders. We URGENTLY request that you and your neighbors attend leaders:
meetings and ALSO call or send telegrams to our elected leaders. The Learning Stroy of City areas Jenn von de Lamp, Usrrier Airorney City Chamber of Commerce Joel Machs, City Councilman WE ALL HAVE TOO MUCH INVESTED IN OUR PROPERTIES TO ALLOW ANY "RED LIGHT DISTRICTS" AND THE EARL TO ALLOW AND CE EE AND EEDECHALLY IN THE Tom Bradley, Wayor OF LOS ANGELES, AND ESPECIALLY IN THE SAN CITY OF LOS AND ESPECIAL ESPECI FERNANDO VALLEY. 12516 VENTURA BLVD. . STUDIO CITY, CALIF. 91604 CC opposes X-rated Ventura Blvd. zone A proposal to designate certain A proposal to designate ostain |

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#### APPENDIX D-3

PRIVATELY DISTRIBUTED QUESTIONNAIRE (Note: Not a portion of Planning Department Study)

#### - RESPONSES -

Total no. of responses = 197

Question	Response
1. What effect does the concentration of adult entertainment establishments have on the market value of business property (land, structures, fixtures, etc.) located in the vicinity of such	increase in value $\frac{2}{178}$ decrease in value $\frac{178}{2}$ (90.4%)
establishments?	no effect 2
<ol> <li>What effect does the concentration of adult entertainment establishments</li> </ol>	increase in value 2
have on the <u>rental value</u> of business property located in the vicinity of	decrease in value 169 (85.8%)
such establishments?	no effect $3$
<ol> <li>What effect does the concentration of adult entertainment establishments have on the <u>rentability/saleability</u></li> </ol>	increase in rentability/ saleability 2
of business property located in the vicinity (length of time required to rent or sell property; rate of lessees/	decrease in rentability/ saleability <u>161</u> (81.7%)
buyer turnover; conditions of sale or lease, etc.)?	no effect <u>3</u>
4. What effect does the concentration of adult entertainment establishments	increased income 2
have on the annual <u>income of businesses</u> located in the vicinity of such	
establishments?	no effect 5
5. Have any business owners or proprietors considered relocating or not expanding	
their businesses because of the nearby concentration of adult entertainment	no <u>4</u> (4.9%)
establishments?	not known <u>96</u> (48.7%)
<ol> <li>In recent years, has the commercial vitality (sales, profits, etc.) of any</li> </ol>	yes 100 (50.8%)
area in the City of Los Angeles been affected in any way by the nearby	no. <u>57</u> (28.9%)
concentration of adult entertainment establishments?	not known (35.8%)

7. What effect does the concentration of adult entertainment establishments have on the market value of private residences located within the following distances from such establishments?

	Increase	Decrease	No effect	Total
Less than 500 feet	-	148 (100%)	-	148
500 - 1000 feet	-	145 (100%)	-	145
More than 1000 feet	-	142 (95.9%)	-	148

8. What effect does the concentration of adult entertainment establishments have on the <u>rental value</u> of residential income property iccased within the following distances from such establishments?

	Increase	Decrease	No effect	Total
Less than 500 feet	•	143 (99.3%)	1	144
500 - 1000 feet	-	138 (98.6%)	2 (1.4%)	140
More than 1000 feet	-	133 (95%)	7 (50%)	140

9. What effect does the concentration of adult entertainment establishments have on the <u>rentability/saleability</u> of residential property located within the following distances from such establishments?

	Increase	Decrease	No effect	Total
Less than 500 feet	•	147 (100%)	-	147
500 - 1000 feet	-	141 (99.3%)	-	142
More than 1000 feet	-	141 (97.2%)	-	145

#### 10. (Not tabulated)

In summary, the respondents felt that the subject businesses have a decidedly adverse impact on surrounding businesses and residential properties and the large majority believe that the adverse effect extends beyond the 1000-foot radius.

#### Comments indicate concern for:

- 1. personal safety, e.g. assaults
- 2. moral effect on children
- 3. safety of property, e.g. vandalism, robbery, etc.
- 4. neighborhood appearance. Adult entertainment establishments were described variously as tawdry, tacky, garish, seedy, messy, neglected, untidy, blighted, unkempt.
- 5. litter, e.g. cans, bottles, newpapers, etc., strewn about public and private property, especially heavy after Saturday night.
- 6. spillover parking into residential areas. On-site parking is often inadequate. Customers seeking anonymity park at a distance away from any given establishment, on residential streets.
- 7. graffiti on public and private property.

SANTA MONICA BOULEVARD & WESTERN AVENUE

APPENDIX E

	NODE				<u>C I</u>	TYWIDE
POPULATION	1960	<u>1970</u>	<u>1960</u>	1970		
Total Population Black	18,484	19,033	2,479,015	2,811,801		
Percentage	38 0.2	340 1.8	334,916	503,606		
Spanish	540	3,833	13.5 260,399	17.9		
Percentage Median Age	3.7	20.1	10.5	518,791 18.5		
Persons 0-17	42.1	38.0	33.2	30.6		
Percentage	2,190 11.8	3,126 16.4	756,640	849,246		
Persons 65+	2,437	3,334	30.5	30.2		
Percentage	13.1	17.5	253,993 10.2	283,395		
No. of Husband & Wife Families	2 1		10.2	10.1		
No. of Unrelated	3,153	3,380	545,109	553,564		
Individuals	3,833	6,190	220 07.7			
Average Household Size		1.90	329,97 <sup>,</sup> 7 2.77	421,701 2.68		
HOUSING .	•		-	2.00		
Total Units	9,859	10,667	025 507	_		
Singles	2,938	1,919	935,507 559,745	1,074,173		
Percentage Multiples	30.0	18.0	59.0	560,378 52.0		
Percentage	6,921 70.0	8,748	375,762	510,261		
Built Pre-1939	7,039	82.0 5,736	40.0	47.4		
All Occupied Units	9,226	9,962	481,797 876,010 ·	328,988		
Owner Percentage	1,330	1,078	404,652	1,024,835 419,801		
Renter	14.0	11.0	50.0	39.0		
Percentage	7,896 86.0	8,986 89.0	471,358	607,573		
•	•	33.0	43.0	56.4		
ECONOMICS						
Median Family Income Median School Years	5,699	7,713	6,896	10,535		
Completed Median Value Owner	12.1	12.3	12.1	12.4		
Occupied in \$ Median Rent in \$	16,450	25,825	17,300	26,700		
Total Employed	77 9,370	105	78	114		
Unemployed	900	9,113 912	126,276	1,150,796		
Percentage*	9:6	10.0	6,914 <sub>.</sub> 5.5	86,802		
			J.J	7.5		

# LANKERSHIM BOULEVARD & WHIPPLE STREET (Valley Control Area)

	7	ODE	<u>C I -</u>	TYWIDE
POPULATION	1960	1970	1960	1970
Total Population Black	5,497 9	5,897	2,479,015	2,811,801
Percentage	0.0	.1	334,916 13.5	503,606
Spanish Percentage	100	439	260,399	17.9 518,791
Median Age	1.8 42.1	7.4 41.6	10.5	18.5
Persons Ö-17	1,106	1,091	33.2 756,640	30.6
Percentage	20.1	18.5	30.5	849,246 30.2
Persons 65+ Percentage	729	1,076	253,993	283,395
No. of Husband &	13.3	18.2	10.2	10.1
Wife Families No. of Unrelated	1,371	1,301	545,109	553,564
Individuals	841	1,337	329,977	421 701
Average Household Size	2.36	2.11	2.77	421,701 2.68
HOUSING				
Total Units	2,520	2,865	935,507	1,074,173
Singles Percentage	1,289	1,082	559,745	560,378
Multiples	51.2 1,231	37.8 1,783	59.0	52.0
Percentage	48.8	62.2	375,762 40.0	510,261
Built Pre-1939	898	813	481,797	47.4 328,988
All Occupied Units Owner	2,328	2,790	876,010	1,024,835
Percentage	1,076 46.2	989 35.4	404,652	419,801
Renter	1,252	1,801	50.0 471,358	39.0
Percentage	53.8	64.6	43.0	607,573 56.4
ECONOMICS	•			
Median Family Income Median School Years	8,086	13,154	6,896	10,535
Completed Median Value Owner	12.6	12.6	12.1	12.4
Occupied in \$ Median Rent in \$	22,350	37,700	17,300	26,700
Total Employed	92 2,574	136	78	114
Unemployed	177	2,736 280	126,276	1,150,796
Percentage	6.9	10.2	6,914 5.5	86,802
			<b></b>	7.5

#### HOLLYWOOD & WESTERN

		NODE	<u>9</u>	CITYWIDE
POPULATION	1960	<u>1970</u>	1960	<u>1570</u>
Total Population Black Percentage Spanish Percentage Median Age Persons 0-17 Percentage Persons 65+ Percentage No. of Husband &	6,860 3 - 183 2.6 43.9 576 8.3 1,158 16.8	8,438 72 .1 909 10.7 41.3 803 9.4 1,644 19.4	2,479,015 334,916 13.5 260,399 10.5 33.2 756,640 30.5 253,993 10.2	2,811,801 503,606 17.9 518,791 18.5 30.6 849,246 30.2 283,395 10.1
Wife Families No. of Unrelated	1,306	1,408	545,109	553,564
Individuals Average Household Size	2,805 1.76	3,602 1.62	329,977 2.77	421,701 2.58
HOUSING				
Total Units Singles Percentage Multiples Percentage Built Pre-1939 All Occupied Units Owner Percentage Renter Percentage	6,773 764 11.3 5,818 85.9 3,731 5,996 394 6.6 5,602 93.4	8,044 702 8.7 7,559 94.0 3,037 7,506 420 5.6 7,137 94.4	935,507 559,745 59.0 375,762 40.0 481,797 876,010 404,652 50.0 471,358 43.0	1,074,173 560,378 52.0 510,251 47.4 328,988 1,024,835 419,801 39.0 607,573 56.4
ECONOMICS				
Median Family Income Median School Years	6,429	8,537	6,896	10,535
Completed Median Value Owner	12.5	12.6	12.1	. 12.4
Occupied in \$ Median Rent in \$ Tota! Employed Unemployed Percentage	22,200 92 6,535 481 7.4	37,333 123 6,745 575 8.5	17,300 78 126,276 6,914 5.5	26,700 114 1,150,796 86,802 7.5

# SANTA MONICA BOULEVARD & VERMONT AVENUE

		BOOK	CIT	YWIDE
POPULATION	<u>1960</u>	1970	1960	1970
Total Population Black Percentage Spanish Percentage Median Age Persons 0-17 Percentage Persons 55+ Percentage No. of Husband &	16,855 510 3.0 869 5.2 38.8 2,482 14.7 2,830 16.8	15,736 1,287 8.2 3,936 25.0 34.2 2,751 17.5 2,432 15.5	2,479,015 334,916 13.5 250,399 10.5 33.2 756,640 30.5 253,993 10.2	2,811,801 503,606 17.9 518,791 18.5 30.6 849,246 30.2 283,395 10.1
Wife Families No. of Unrelated	3,343	2,720	545,109	553,554
Individuals Average Household Size	4,881 2.04	4,818 2.01	329,977 2.77	421,701 2.68
HOUSING			• •	
Total Units Singles Percentage Multiples Percentage Built Pre-1939 All Occupied Units Owner Percentage Renter Percentage	8,866 2,655 30.0 5,531 62.4 6,589 8,274 1,404 17.0 6,870 83.0	7,982 1,913 24.0 5,081 76.2 4,093 7,636 896 11.7 6,748 88.4	\$35,507 559,745 59.0 375,762 40.0 481,797 876,010 404,652 50.0 471,358 43.0	1,074,173 550,378 52.0 510,261 47.4 328,988 1,024,835 419,801 39.0 607,573 56.4
ECONOMICS		•		
Median Family Income Median School Years	5,901	8,142	6,896	10,535
Completed Median Value Owner	12.2	12.5	12.1	12.4
Occupied in \$ Median Rent in \$ Total Employed Unemployed Percentage	15,975 76 9,073 595 6.6	24,100 103 6,528 465 7.1	17,300 78 126,276 6,914 5.5	26,700 114 1,150,796 86,802 7.5

# SANTA MONICA BOULEVARD & VERMONT AVENUE

	<u> </u>	IODE	CIT	YHIDE
POPULATION	<u>1960</u>	<u>1970</u>	<u> 1950</u>	1970
Total Population Black Percentage Spanish Percentage	16,855 510 • 3.0 869 5.2	15,736 1,287 8.2 3,936 25.0	2,479,015 334,916 13.5 250,399 10.5	2,811,801 503,606 17.9 518,791
Median Age Persons 0-17 Percentage Persons 65+ Percentage No. of Husband &	38.8 2,482 14.7 2,830 16.8	34.2 2,751 17.5 2,432 15.5	33.2 756,640 30.5 253,993 10.2	18.5 30.6 849,246 30.2 283,395 10.1
Wife Families No. of Unrelated	3,343	2,720	545,109	553,564
Individuals Average Household Size	4,881	4,818 2.01	329,977 2.77	421,701 2.68
HOUSING				
Total Units Singles Percentage Multiples Percentage Built Pre-1939 All Occupied Units Owner Percentage Renter Percentage	8,855 2,655 30.0 5,531 62.4 6,589 8,274 1,404 17.0 6,870 83.0	7,982 1,913 24.0 5,081 76.2 4,093 7,636 896 11.7 6,748 88.4	\$35,507 559,745 59.0 375,762 40.0 481,797 876,010 404,652 50.0 471,358 43.0	1,074,173 560,378 52.0 510,261 47.4 328,988 1,024,835 419,801 39.0 607,573 56.4
ECONOMICS				
Median Family Income Median School Years	5,901	8,142	6,896	10;535
Completed Median Value Owner	12.2	12.5	12.1	12.4
Occupied in \$ Median Rent in \$ Total Employed Unemployed Percentage	15,975 76 9,073 595 6.6	24,100 103 6,528 465 7.1	17,300 78 126,276 6,914 5.5	26,700 114 1,150,796 86,802 7.5

### SELMA AVENUE CAHUENGA BOULEVARD

•	NODE		CITYWIDE	
POPULATION	1960	<u>1970</u>	1960	1970
Total Population Black Percentage Spanish Percentage Median Age Persons 0-17 Percentage Persons 65+ Percentage No. of Husband & Wife Families No. of Unrelated	14,886 43 .3 840 5.6 43.3 1,309 8.8 2,896 19.5	13,827 342 2.5 1,822 13.2 39.8 1,248 9.0 2,712 19.6 1,876	2,479,015 334,916 13.5 260,399 10.5 33.2 755,640 30.5 253,993 10.2 545,109	2,811,801 503,606 17.9 518,791 18.5 30.6 849,246 30.2 283,395 10.1
Individuals Average Household Size	6,531 1.68	5,951 1.60	329,977 2.77	421,701 2.68
HOUSING  Total Units Singles Percentage Multiples Percentage Built Pre-1939 All Occupied Units Owner Percentage Renter Percentage	10,022 1,714 17.1 8,110 80.9 7,197 8,958 812 9.1 8,164 91.1	9,580 1,140 11.8 8,533 88.2 5,161 8,658 683 7.9 7,965 92.1	935,507 559,745 59.0 375,762 40.0 481,797 876,010 404,652 50.0 471,358 43.0	1,074,173 560,378 52.0 510,261 47.4 328,988 1,024,835 419,801 39.0 607,573 56.4
ECONOMICS  Median Family Income	5 575	7,584	6,896	10,535
Median Family Income Median School Years Completed Median Value Owner	5,535 12.2	12.5	12.1 -	12.4
Occupied in \$ Median Rent in \$ Total Employed Unemployed Percentage	20,125 80 8,112 998 12.3	30,925 111 6,990 943 13.5	17,300 78 126,276 6,914 5.5	26,700 114 1,150,796 86,802 7.5

#### TUJUNGA BOULEVARD & VENTURA BOULEVARD

	NODE		<u>C I '</u>	CITYWIDE	
POPULATION	1960	<u>1970</u>	1960	<u>1970</u>	
Total Population Black Percentage Spanish Percentage Median Age Persons 0-17 Percentage Persons 55+ Percentage No. of Husband & Wife Families No. of Unrelated Individuals Average Household Size	17,544 50 .3 398 2.3 39.6 3,638 20.7 1,368 7.8 4,526 3,100 2.36	11,599 44 758 6.5 38.7 2,137 18.4 1,232 10.6 2,654 2,832 2.17	2,479,015 334,916 ,13.5 260,399 10.5 33.2 755,640 30.5 253,993 10.2 545,109 329,977 2.77	2,811,801 503,506 17.9 518,791 18.5 30.6 849,246 30.2 283,395 10.1 553,554 421,701 2.58	
HOUSING			' 1		
Total Units Singles Percentage Multiples Percentage Built Pre-1939 All Occupied Units Owner Percentage Renter Percentage	8,110 4,520 55.7 3,590 44.3 2,058 7,548 3,904 51.4 3,644 48.3	5,529 2,716 49.1 2,813 50.9 1,009 5,367 2,463 45.9 2,904 54.1	935,507 559,745 59.0 375,762 40.0 481.797 876,010 404,652 50.0 471,358 43.0	1,074,173 560,378 52.0 510,261 47.4 328,988 1,024,835 419,801 39.0 607,573 56.4	
ECONOMICS					
Median Family Income Median School Years Completed Median Value Owner	9,956 12.6	15,672 12.9	6,895 12.1	~~.	
Occupied in \$ Median Rent in \$ Total Employed Unemployed Percentage	23,700 98 8,800 584 6.7	39,650 142 5,965 504 8.4	17,300 78 126,276 6,914 5.5	26,700 114 1,150,796 86,802 7.5	

# HOLLYWOOD BOULEVARD AND HIGHLAND AVENUE

•	NODE		CITYWIDE	
PCPULATION	1960	1970	1960	1970
Total Population Black Percentage Spanish Percentage Median Age Persons 0-17 Percentage Persons 65+ Percentage No. of Husband & Wife Families No. of Unrelated	11,438 38 38 357 3.1 44.5 832 7.3 2,281 19.9 1,718	12,016 325 2.7 1,509 12.6 41.0 970 8.1 2,379 19.8 1,606	2,479,015 334,916 13.5 260,399 10.5 33.2 756,640 30.5 253,993 10.2 545,109	2,811,801 503,606 17.9 518,791 18.5 30.6 849,246 30.2 283,395 10.1 553,564
Individuals Average Household Size	5,768 1.57	6,408 1.56	329,9.77 2.77	421,701 2.68
HOUSING				
Total Units Singles Percentage Multiples Percentage Built Pre-1939 All Occupied Units Owner Percentage Renter Percentage	8,261 1,169 14.2 7,067 85.5 5,768 7,322 559 7.6 6,781 92.4	8,835 858 9.7 7,958 90.1 4,344 7,756 559 7.2 7,197 92.8	935,507 559,745 59.0 375,762 40.0 481,797 876,010 404,652 50.0 471,358 43.0	1,074,173 560,378 52.0 510,261 47.4 328,988 1,024,835 419,801 39.0 607,573 56.4
ECONOMICS			•	
Median Family Income Median School Years Completed Median Value Owner	5,792 12.3	7,510 12.6	6,896 12.1	10,535
Occupied in \$ Median Rent in \$ Total Employed Unemployed Percentage	23,000 85 6,469 861 13.3	33,300 117 6,177 878 14.2	17,300 78 126,276 6,914 5.5	26,700 114 1,150,796 86,802 7.5

## HOLLYWOOD BOULEVARD AND GOWER STREET

	NODE		CITYWIDE	
POPULATION	1960	<u>1970</u>	1960	1970
Total Population Black Percentage Spanish Percentage Median Age Persons 0-17 Percentage Persons 65+ Percentage No. of Husband & Wife Families No. of Unrelated Individuals Average Household Size	7,067 9 .1 292 4.1 45.2 567 8.0 1,445 20.4 1,316 2,707 1.74	2,342 53 2.3 311 13.3 37.3 227 9.7 325 13.9 336	2,479,015 334,916 13.5 260,399 10.5 33.2 756,640 30.5 253,993 10.2 545,109 329,977 2.77	2,811,801 503,606 17.9 518,791 18.5 30.6 849,246 30.2 283,395 10.1 553,564 421,701 2.68
HOUSING  Total Units Singles Percentage Multiples Percentage Built Pre-1939 All Occupied Units Owner Percentage Renter Percentage ECONOMICS	4,334 669 15.4 3,463 84.6 2,778 3,924 345 8.8 3,579 91.2	1,571 226 14.4 1,365 85.6 726 1,446 93 6.4 1,353 93.6	935,507 559,745 59.0 375,762 40.0 481,797 876,010 404,652 50.0 471,358 43.0	1,074,173 560,378 52.0 510,261 47.4 328,988 1,024,835 419,801 39.0 607,573 56.4
Median Family Income Median School Years Completed Median Value Owner Occupied in \$ Median Rent in \$ Total Employed Unemployed Percentage	6,102 12.4 21,750 84 3,885 380 9.8	8,515 12.4 27,600 112 1,430 148 10.3	6,896 12.1 17,300 78 126,276 6,914 5.5	10,535 12.4 25,700 114 1,150,796 86,802 7.5

## LANKERSHIM BOULEVARD & VINLAND AVENUE

	NODE		CITYWIDE	
POPULATION	<u>1960</u>	<u>1970</u>	1960	1970
Total Population Black Percentage Spanish Percentage Median Age Persons 0-17 Percentage Persons 65+ Percentage No. of Husband & Wife Families	7,600 1 0 263 3.5 41.9 1,551 20.4 1,268 16.7 1,833	9,344 0 0 146 1.6 38.7 1,697 18.2 1,674 17.9	2,479,015 334,916 13.5 260,399 10.5 33.2 756,640 30.5 253,993 10.2 545,109	2,811,801 503,606 17.9 518,791 18.5 30.6 849,246 30.2 283,395 10.1
No. of Unrelated Individuals	1,325	2,521	329,977	553,564
Average Household Size	2.35	1.70	2.77	421,701 2.68
HOUSING				
Total Units Singles Percentage Multiples Percentage Built Pre-1939 All Occupied Units Owner Percentage Renter Percentage	3,558 1,705 47.9 1,853 52.1 1,501 2,711 1,213 44.7 2,098 55.3	4,897 1,359 27.8 3,538 72.2 1,369 4,677 1,143 24.4 3,534 75.6	935,507 559,745 59.0 375,762 40.0 481,797 876,010 404,652 50.0 471,358 43.0	1,074,173 560,378 52.0 510,261 47.4 328,988 1,024,835 419,801 39.0 607,573 56.4
ECONOMICS	•	•	•	
Median Family Income Median School Years	6,690	9,471	6,896	10,535
Completed Median Value Owner	11.9	12.4	12.1	12.4
Occupied in \$ Median Rent in \$ Total Employed Unemployed Percentage	17,800 86 3,483 267 7.7	25,450 118 4,452 291 6.5	17,300 78 126,276 6,914 5.5	26,700 114 1,150,796 86,802 7.5