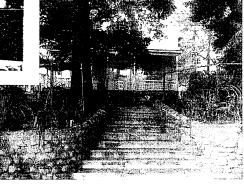
CORRESPONDENCE

Summary of Historic Landmark Application Lewis Cottage

361 Adena Street





Presented For Pasadena City Council Meeting February 27. 2006

RECEIVED

To: The Honorable Mayor Bogaard and Pasadena City Council From: Karen Bateman & Chris Mullen, applicants; Laura Kaufman, consultant

Nomination of Lewis Cottage as a Pasadena Historic Landmark

This document summarizes our application to nominate Lewis Cottage, 361 Adena Street, as a Pasadena Historic Landmark. The Cottage, built at the same time as Mansion Adena next door, qualifies for Landmark status because of its association with a person important in the history of Pasadena — Mrs. Anna Luckey, a beloved social activist who helped start, and then ran the first charitable organizations for the poor.

USC Distinguished Professor Emerita of Social Work Francis Lomas Feldman has reviewed our material and concludes that the home of this "distinguished philanthropist" should be landmarked, based on Mrs. Luckey's "creative and innovative activities" that established Pasadena "in the forefront of progressive Southern California cities concerned with the welfare of its citizenry." (Pages 1& 2)

Professor Feldman helped found the California Social Welfare Archives and received the 2004 Wheat Award from the Historical Society of Southern California for her study documenting the history of human services in Los Angeles, commissioned by the city. (Pages 1 & 2)

The 117-year-old Cottage also qualifies as a Landmark because it embodies the distinctive qualities of a locally significant historic resource property type. The Cottage is significant as a representative of pre-annexation architecture and a "good example of a vernacular turn-of-the-century home," according to its Historic Resources Inventory.

John Ripley, a veteran historic researcher and former Bungalow Heaven representative on the Historic Preservation Commission, asserts that Luckey Cottage should be landmarked because the structure retains its historic integrity and due to its connection with Mrs. Luckey, "an important figure in Pasadena's history," he wrote in a letter to the City Council (Page 3).

Landmarking Lewis Cottage will require its owner to preserve the Cottage in its current setting — atop an Arroyo Stone foundation, with an Arroyo Stone retaining wall and stairway. This Arroyo Stone wall and stairway should be preserved because they are important components of the historic fabric of Garfield Heights — whose elevated lots required such features.

Anna Luckey's Importance to the History of Pasadena Mandates Landmarking

According to the 1900 City Directory — which did not list addresses for houses outside the city limits — Mrs. Anna Luckey (Mrs. R. A. Luckey) and her husband, Richard, lived on the north side of Adena, the first house east of Garfield.

The Hurlbuts, who lived at Mansion Adena next door, were described as living on the

east side of Garfield, the first house north of Mountain. (Pages 4 & 5)

John Ripley has reviewed the 1900 City Directory listings and confirmed that Mrs. Luckey did indeed live at the Cottage -- despite staff's assertions to the contrary. (Page 3)

According to a November 16, 1899 Pasadena Evening Star article, Mrs. Luckey began her social activism that month with an elaborate fundraiser at the Cottage for All Saints Church, of which she was an active member for more than 30 years (Page 6)

All Saints Church, in a letter to the City Council from Director of Stewardship Ilean Rogers, calls for the landmarking of Lewis Cottage to "serve as a fitting tribute to this wonderful woman who did so much for the citizens of Pasadena." (Page 7)

Mrs. Luckey also raised money for invalids who had moved to Pasadena and helped to start the first day nursery for working mothers. (Pages 8 & 9)

Luckey's Firing Creates a "Firestorm of Disapproval"

Mrs. Luckey organized the Emergency League in 1903 and ran it for a decade before it merged with Associated Charities. And when she was fired from that organization a year later, the controversy was reported in a series of Los Angeles Times articles. The July 23, 1915 article features a photo of Mrs. Luckey, framed by an Art Noveau flourish that seems to give her angel wings. The caption states that Mrs. Luckey's firing has "created a veritable firestorm of disapproval." (Page 10)

The Pasadena Daily News called Mrs. Luckey "one of the best known charitable workers in Southern California" and her firing was so significant, it was reported above an article about World War I (Page 11).

Outrage grew until city leaders drafted an ordinance to place charity work under the supervision of the city. A petition drive was launched and within a few hours, "hundreds of signatures" had been gathered on petitions circulated at local churches demanding that Luckey receive a position with the new Municipal Charitable League. (Page 8 & 9)

As a result, Pasadena became one of the few cities in the nation to have its own Welfare Department, which lasted into the 1970s, when it merged with county services.

Mrs. Luckey ran the Welfare Shop, which taught needy women to sew and make a living in their own homes. According to the Welfare Department's First Annual Report, it "attracted widespread attention" because it was the first department of its kind in the country providing a way for women to earn a living at home while caring for their children (Page 12).

By helping women use their strengths — sewing and childcare — Mrs. Luckey's "creativity made a long-lasting contribution not only to residents of Pasadena; it was important in subsequent public programs created to cope with the Great Depression" — specifically the

Federal Emergency Relief Administration and the Federal Works Progress Administration. (Pages 1 &2), which years later had similar sewing programs, Professor Feldman stated.

Later in life, Mrs. Luckey became a prolific author and wrote nearly two dozen stories for a magazine called, "A Child's Garden," which billed itself as "The Children's Magazine of the Pacific Coast." (Pages 8 & 9) Her 1949 death made the front page of the Star News. (Page 13)

The Cottage's Vernacular Style Called Significant by the City's Historic Inventory

Lewis Cottage, one of three nineteenth century homes in the 300 block, is "significant as a representative of construction prior to annexation of the area," and the house remains a good example of its type, according to its Historic Resources Inventory. (Page 14 & 15) The Cottage is listed first, among those designated as the "most significant and intact" of pre-annexation (1904) structures, according to City of Pasadena Survey Area 26 (Page 16)

Vernacular Architecture has been recognized by scholars as an important building type. For example, the Buffalo Bill birthplace was placed on the National Register due to its Vernacular housing style. Vernacular Architecture courses are taught in at least a half-dozen universities and a Cornell University Professor co-edits the journal of the "Vernacular Architecture Forum."

Professor Fred Rogers, of the University of Kentucky, estimated that 95 percent of the structures in the built environment are Vernacular — with only 5 percent high style.

Are we to ignore the way 95 percent of the population lived? Are 117-year-old Victorian structures not worth saving, unless they are loaded down with fancy brackets or spindlework?

We believe future generations are entitled to see how all types of people lived — not just those who could afford to live in fancy, high-style houses. Therefore, Lewis Cottage should be designated a Historic Landmark, as an important example of its type.

The Cottage Meets the Ten Criteria for National Register Listing — Used by the City

In deciding whether to confer Pasadena Historic Landmark status, city staff uses the three criteria for listing on the National Register. The Cottage meets these criteria which include: **Historic Significance** — association with important persons and characteristics of design; **Historic Context** — important as a product of its time, that is, pre-annexation Vernacular architecture; and **Historic Integrity**--retains its original location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling and association -- which the Cottage does, according to Ripley (**Page 3**).

Mansion Adena and Lewis Cottage Share Eastlake-Style Mantles and Door Hardware

Our title documents show that Mansion Adena and Lewis Cottage were purchased together by Henry Lewis, the mansion's first owner. (Original Nomination, Ex. 14). Photos of similar Eastlake door hardware and mantlepieces demonstrate that the two structures were built at the same time, and prior to 1895, before the end of the Eastlake period. (Page 17).

In Conclusion

We call for the designation of Lewis Cottage as a Historic Landmark because it was the home of prominent social activist Anna Luckey, important in Pasadena's history. It is also a significant survivor of pre-annexation architecture.

When completed in 1887, both Mansion Adena and Lewis Cottage were part of the same estate, with the same original owner — Henry Lewis. Since the City Council recently landmarked Mansion Adena, it follows that Lewis Cottage should receive the same protection. ##

Exhibit Pages 1 through 17

- 1&2 -- Letter from USC Distinguished Professor Emerita of Social Work Francis Feldman
- 3 -- Letter from John Ripley, veteran historic researcher and former Bungalow Heaven rep on the Historic Preservation Commission
- 4 -- 1900 City Directory Listings Householders Directory Luckey & Hurlbut
- 5 -- Diagram 1900 City Directory Listings, Luckey & Hurlbut
- 6 -- Pasadena Evening Star, November 16, 1899 -- Luckey hosts elaborate fundraiser at her Adena Cottage for All Saints Church
- 7 -- Letter from All Saints Church Director of Stewardship Ilean Rogers, calling for the Landmarking of Lewis Cottage, based on accomplishments of Mrs. Luckey, a 35-year member.
- 8 & 9 -- Mrs. Anna Luckey's Biographical Summary
- 10 -- Los Angeles Times, July 23, 1915 Luckey's Firing Creates "Veritable Firestorm of Disapproval."
- 11 -- Pasadena Daily News, July 17, 1915 Luckey called "One of the Best Known Charitable Workers in Southern California"
- 12 -- Welfare Department, First Annual Report, Page 20, From Pasadena Library, Vertical File
- 13 -- Pasadena Star-News, Sept. 23, 1949, Anna Luckey Obituary, Front Page
- 14 & 15-- Historic Resources Inventory, Lewis Cottage, 361 Adena Street
- 16 -- City of Pasadena Survey Area No. 26, Garfield Heights, Page 15
- 17 -- Photographs, Mansion Adena and Lewis Cottage, Mantles and Door Hardware



January 19, 2006



Honorable Mayor Bill Bogaard and Council of the City of Pasadena 100 N. Garfield, Pasadena, California 91101

School of Social Work

Dear Mayor Bogaard and Members of the City Council:

It has come to my attention that a request is before you to honor Mrs. Anna Luckey, a distinguished philanthropist in Twentieth Century Pasadena, by preserving as a Historic Landmark her former home at 361 Adena Street. I am writing to urge you to take positive action on this request. My support of this nomination is based on a combination of factors.

The first is my knowledge of Mrs. Luckey's contributions to the well being of the Pasadena population from the close of the Nineteenth Century well into the next one. Described early in the century by the Pasadena Daily News as "one of the best known charitable workers in Southern California," her social activism began in 1899 when she hosted a fundraiser at the Cottage in behalf of All Saints Church, already a well-known champion of the poor. This was followed by a series of creative and innovative activities that over a number of years established the place of Pasadena in the forefront of progressive Southern California cities concerned with the welfare of its citizenry.

In 1903 she organized the Emergency League and operated it for the decade before it merged with the Associated Charities. In 1911, she was instrumental in establishing the first day care center for the very young children of working mothers—in a time when such facilities had barely been thought of anywhere. She then became the field secretary for the Charitable League, a position from which she was displaced a wealthy young society woman amid what the local press termed a "veritable firestorm of disapproval." This had an important civic consequence: the city of Pasadena responded by adopting an ordinance that created the city's first municipal department for charitable work, the widely regarded Pasadena Welfare Bureau. This action not only was forward-looking; it was rare for any municipality to act out of concern for its needy citizens, for if help was to be available at all, the responsibility fell to counties and states. Strong community recognition of Mrs. Luckey's significant philanthropic contributions resulted in her becoming a part of this new organization.

Here, too, her creativity made a long-lasting contribution not alone to residents of Pasadena; it was important in subsequent public programs created to cope with the Great Depression of the Nineteen Thirties. For example: there were limited opportunities for non-professional women to earn a livelihood outside



of the home, especially when they had small children. Mrs. Luckey directed the Welfare Shop, a part of the newly-formed Pasadena Welfare Bureau. Here she taught needy women to earn a living by sewing garments at home, thereby simultaneously bringing them some income and enabling them to supervise their children. The First Annual Report of the Pasadena Welfare Bureau gave wide attention to the importance of this opportunity for women to earn a living at home and, at the same time, prevent juvenile delinquency by providing care for their children in their own homes. This dual opportunity—capitalizing on women's familiarity with sewing and child care—would later prove to be an important component of the Great Depression's Federal Emergency Relief Administration and the Federal Works Progress Administration, both of which created widely admired and long-lasting sewing projects that, like Mrs. Luckey's endeavor, enabled needy women to function socially and economically in a climate of deep adverse economic depression. Parenthetically, it should be noted that Mrs. Luckey also played a major part in the establishment of one of the first facilities for the care of the elderly: the Scripps Home in Pasadena.

My support of the nomination, secondly, is predicated on my own long lifetime of experiences with human services. My own first work experiences were as a caseworker, then administrator and consultant, in public and private social agencies attempting to cope with the needs of women and families with the range of problems confronting them in uncertain economic times. These experiences underscored and fortified my subsequent many decades of research and teaching about social problems and their answers. Although I retired from the University of Southern California after four decades of teaching, my continuing research and involvement with social agencies including the California Social Welfare Archives at USC of which I am a founder, that gathers and preserves historical documents depicting the development of health and welfare in California—have enabled me to assess the contributions of pioneer philanthropists to the welfare of people today. This interest also took the form of a study requested by the City of Los Angeles on Human Services in the City of Angels: 1850-2000, which led to the 2004 Wheat Award conferred by the Southern California Historical Society.

And a third factor leads to my support of the nomination: As a resident of Pasadena for more than a half century, it would be gratifying to have the early and long-lasting contributions of Anna Luckey recognized by my City! Hence I urge you to acknowledge her important contributions to early Pasadena by naming the Cottage a Pasadena Historic Landmark.

Sincerely,

Frances Lomas Feldman

Dance Status

Distinguished Professor Emerita, Social Work

John G. Ripley 1080 M. Chester Avenue Pasadena, California 91104

February 20, 2006

To:

Pasadena City Council Members Pasadena Historic Preservation Staff

Subject: 361 Adena Street, "Lewis Cottage"

As a long-time follower of historic preservation in Pasadena, I would like to make some comments regarding the Lewis Cottage. As some of you know, I first became involved in preservation issues as a survey volunteer for the Bungalow Heaven survey in the early 1980s. In the years since, I have compiled and made available a number of research projects relating to Pasadena history and architecture. I have also done the research for the Bungalow Heaven tour every year since its start in 1990. I represented the Bungalow Heaven Neighborhood on the Historic Preservation Commission a few years ago.

So I'm interested in the Lewis Cottage and feel qualified to make some brief comments.

I have reviewed the material related to the nomination of 361 Adena as a city historic landmark. In my opinion, this property is deserves to have landmark status because it retains historic integrity and is associated with Mrs. Anna Luckey, an important figure in Pasadena's history.

The record contains ample evidence of Mrs. Luckey's key role in Pasadena's early social welfare activities. The record is equally clear that Mrs. Luckey lived in this house near the beginning of her career in this field.

The house itself retains its primary character-defining features and is suitable for preservation.

I urge your support of landmark status for this property.

Sincerely,

John Ripley

Sadena Hardware Co. Ammunition Fishing Tackle REFRIGERATORS.

Golf Goods.

MOORE'S

MOORE'S

Directory of Householders

of the City of Pasadena.

Following is a complete directory of the householders of Pasadena-North and South and Altadena-the streets being alphabetically arranged. Fair Oaks ave. divides the city into east and west, and Colorado street into north and south districts. The houses are numbered accordingly and all numbers and directions are given from those two dividing lines. In business blocks the name of the occupant of each room and the number of the room is given.

To more definitely locate each house refer to map in back part of book.

GARFIELD AVE.

718 J. Platt, 725 J. A. Pinkham, 730 S. F. Smiley, 731 Miss A. Newland, 748 E. Snyder, 780 C. W. Abbott, 790 H. S. O'Brien, 796 Mrs B. O'Brien, 807 C. Nelson, 857 A. Law, Mrs. J. B. Hurlbut, es.

1st h. N. of Mountain, S. S. Cowgill, es. 2nd h. N. of Mountain, F. H. Arnold, es. 3nd h. N. of Mountain, H. Reynard, ws. 1st h. N. of Mountain, Mrs. C. Beauther, ws. 2nd h. N. of Grand View, G. W. Mundell, ws 3rd h. N. of Grand View, A. W. Baldridge, ws. 4th h. N. of Grand View, Q. A. Gillmore, ws. 1st h. N. of Douglass H. Ellenberger, ws 2nd h. N. of Douglass, W. H. McNelly, es. 1st h. N. of Douglass, J. F. Maine, es. 2nd h. N. of Douglass, M. A. Giddings, es. 3rd h. N. of Douglass, K. Hartman, es. 1st h. N. of Grand View ave.

ADENA ST.

R. A. Luckey ns. 1st h. E. of Garfield ave.; J. Mendenhall ss, 1st h. E. of Garfield ave.; Mrs. W. Allen ns. 2nd h. E. of Garfield ave.; G. H. Vinall ns. 3rd h. E. of Garneld ave.

> ADALINE AVE. [South Pasadena.]

T. Smith sw. cor. Mission, E. Sperry ws. 1st h. N. of Railroad.

ALLENDALE.

F. A. Foote.

THE OLD RELIABLE ng. French Dry Cleaning a Specialty. Dye Works 380 N. Euclid Ave. rop. PASADENA, CAL.



ALLESANDRO COU

34 G. Wilson; 66 J. Eagan; 78 R J. C. Hoover, 85 J. Pritchard;

ARCADIA

257 A. S. Tower, 266 Miss M. 267 Mrs. L. R. Post, 272 A. H. 275 S. Stratton, 275 Mrs. M. W. ing, 280 Viola Bignall, 280 A. W ell, 283 Mrs. H. M. Barnes, 290 Torrey, 298 E. M. Nold, 301 M Martin, 306 James Dewey, 313 L ler, 314 Rev. J. N. Marsh, 316 P 325 G. L. Avey.

ARLINGTON COU

432 Dr. A. Behr.

ARLINGTON DRIV 273 Mrs. C. B. Sawyer, Mrs. C se. cor. Pasadena ave.

ARROYO DRIVE

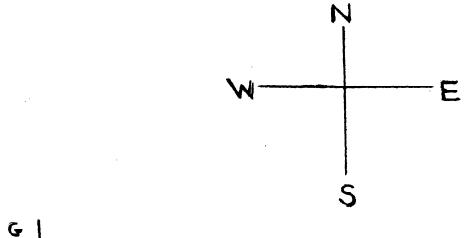
122 J. S. Blick, M. C. Welch ne bia, 280 C. H. Daniels, Mrs. C. ws. 1st h. S. of Bellefontaine as Franklin cor. of Madaline Driv er sw. cor. of Madaline Drive, s nw. cor. of Columbia.

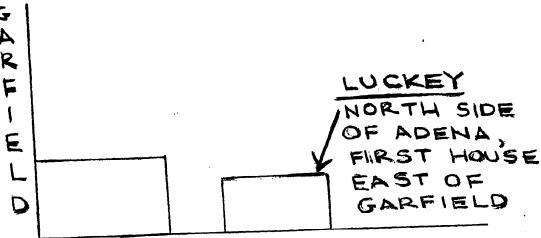
> ARROYO DRIVE. [South Pasadena]

Mrs. M. Moody ws. opp. end sa, J. Moody nw. cor. Hermo

GEO.F.

DIAGRAM OF 1900 DIRECTORY LISTINGS





HURLBUT

EAST SIDE OF GARFIELD, FIRST HOUSE NORTH OF MOUNTAIN ADENA

MOUNTAIN

quantities of exquisite chrysanthemums. AND PERSONAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA The affair was a thorough success and SOLCH MILLS CHARGE all who assisted here The Y is attracti FOR THE PARISH HOUSE. All arrangements have been perfected citizena w MILES RICHARDE AVE PRORVERO E ACTOR Each of street assisted by her obarming daugh-Coun PASADENA ng. Many called by ters gave a prefty and profitable enteraccer d, and cain EVENING and the fi tainment last evening for the benefit of or ob eady ut 7 STAR cross piec All Baint's parish bouse. ocla the thirte apart. T The sun-parior is admirably adapted NOV.16;1899 Fron. eptances it in the gro or the lapanese tes house of which is expected this will be the most largely with conc was use i. Long stalks of bamboo coul attended dinner ever given under the the Termi pletely bid the walls and were brought auspices of the club. The arrangements arm stree together overhead forming an oval cells are, on ac unusually large scale. cycleway ing from which was suspended a number the groun or bright paper lanterness The Misses Monday evening the Rathbone. Sisters Gertrude Lucky, Mulkey and Florence very pleasantly entertained the Knights Bland wore quaint Japanese costumes of Pythias and their families. Progresand dispensed the delicate china oute sive dickingle and other games were filled with fragrant tes, among the complayed. Mr. Isaac Springer captured the prize for being the most successful Miss Aunette Hogus assisted by Miss player. There was about fifty people Bolt presided over a table of landy atpresent. ticles, consisting of catved leather, the work of Miss Lucky, photographs of All About seventy-five members of the Saint's church, of Bishop Johnson and of Anaconda Club indulged in a social his-beme, also a number-of-bandsome s:anda dance in K. of P. hall last evening. Expieces of drawn work. cellent music was furnished. At 10:80 Coffee and cake were served throughan elobrite supper was served after out the evening in the dining room by. which dancing was resumed until midbevy of young ladies. night The table devoted to confectious was The Y. P. S. O. E. of the Presbyterian in charge of Master Burton: Lucky, who church will give an "Acquaintance Sodischarge his duties in a most dignified cial," tomorrow evening at 7:80, in the and accurate manner. church parlors. No pains have been Mrs. Cummings of Chicago presidedspared to make this social a success, and over the punch bowl and later charmed the company with her brilliant plans a good time is assured. playing. Wilfred Klamroth sang two work, one Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. Wright entersolos in his usual good style. Mrs. the foreman tained ten of their friends at luncheon Gibbs of South Paradens, whose beauti the lumber today, at their home on North Orange fal contratto voice was heard here some Flounders Grove avenue. The table was ornamentyears ago in oratorio was received with whole work ed with reses. bearty applause last night. She sang the compan ciuliaby so sweetly that shawas comson. Twe Miss Elea West of Altadens, gave a pelled to sing another selection. Miss and later t daintily appointed little luncheon to Mulky gowned as a conning little eight of her friends today. Carnations Japanese maid sang a selection from the and ferns formed a graceful table decor-"The Geisha." Kurt Reinman played ation. a violin solo; and Miss Linville recited Given Jo "A Bisterly Scheme" very pleasingly Miss June Reed of Columbia etreet

The Syera prothers rendered mandoling

and guitar selections throughout the eve-

The entire house was made unusually

attractive by the artistic arrangement of

Jose Riv residents of Pasadens,

will be the violin soloist at a recital in

The L. L. S. Parliment meets tonight

with-Miss Lewis Marengo avenue.

Los Angeles tomorrow evening.





February 22, 2006

To The Honorable Mayor Bogaard and Pasadena City Council:

On behalf of All Saints Church, I support the nomination of Lewis Cottage as a Pasadena Historic Landmark to honor Mrs. Anna Luckey, who lived at 361 Adena Street. Mrs. Luckey was an active member of our church. A Pasadena Evening Star article from that time called Mrs. Luckey "one of the best known charitable workers in Southern California."

Mrs. Anna Luckey was a pioneering social activist who is important to the history of Pasadena and All Saints Church. In 1899, she hosted an elaborate fundraiser at her Adena cottage on behalf of All Saints Church. Not only did she champion the poor, working mothers, the sick and the elderly, she helped to start the Emergency League in 1903 an aid organization that later merged with Associated Charities.

She was later appointed manager of the Pasadena Welfare Shop, part of the newly formed city-run Pasadena Welfare Bureau, where she taught needy women to support themselves by sewing garments, permitting them to work at home. The Department received widespread acclaim because it was the first of its kind in the country to provide a way for women to earn a living at home while caring for their children and thus, preventing juvenile delinquency, according to the Welfare Bureau's First Annual Report.

Mrs. Luckey's work epitomizes the values that All Saints Church espouses -protecting human rights and furthering the social welfare of our most vulnerable
citizens. The historic designation of Lewis Cottage, where her work began, would
serve as a fitting tribute to this wonderful woman, who did so much for the
citizens of Pasadena.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Ilean Rogers

Director of Stewardship



Mrs. Anna Luckey (1860-1949) Biographical Summary

Anna Luckey was a social activist and beloved champion of the poor, the sick, working mothers, and older folks. She was an active member of All Saints Church for at least 35 years. In 1899, she staged an elaborate fundraiser at her Adena Avenue home, Lewis Cottage, for a new All Saints' Parish house and the event was described in detail in the Pasadena Evening Star. (Pasadena Evening Star, Nov. 16, 1899)

A 1934 profile of Mrs. Luckey in the Pasadena Post proclaimed that Mrs. Luckey was a member of All Saints and "is more active in its work now than ever." (Exhibit 25, Luckey Profile, Pasadena Post, 9/20/34, Historic Landmark Nomination, Lewis Cottage).

She helped to found the Emergency League in 1903, and served as its General Secretary for a decade. (Exhibit 25, HLN). In 1904, Mrs. Luckey also helped to start an organization to raise money for invalids who had moved to Pasadena for their health. (Pasadena Evening Star, Sept. 13, 1904). The charity was promoted by "some of the most prominent people of the city" and she was listed first among them.

Mrs. Luckey also was among the founders of the first Day Nursery for children of working mothers (Exhibit 26, Los Angeles Times, April 4, 1911, HLN) and helped to persuade William Scripps to donate money to found the area's first permanent retirement facility (Exhibit 25, HLN) which became Scripps Home.

Luckey served as the Emergency League's General Secretary until that organization merged with Associated Charities to become the Charitable League. Luckey then became its Field Secretary. And when Mrs. Luckey and the visiting nurse were fired by the board in 1915, there was a huge uproar, which was reported in both the Pasadena Evening Star and Los Angeles Times.

According to the Los Angeles Times (Exhibit 28, Los Angeles Times, July 18, 1915, HLN) the board reluctantly dismissed Luckey and its visiting nurse "as members knew how dearly both women were loved by the poor and needy."

Luckey's firing from the Charitable League was so significant it appeared above an article about World War I. (Pasadena Daily News, July 17, 1915). The story declares Mrs. Luckey "is one of the best known charitable workers in Southern California."

A few days later, the Los Angeles Times ran another story on the controversy, with a photo of Luckey, framed by an Art Noveau flourish that seems to give her angel wings. (Exhibit 31, Los Angeles Times, July 23, 1915, HLN) The photo caption states that her firing from the organization "has created a veritable storm of disapproval."

Outrage grew until city leaders drafted an ordinance to place charity work under the supervision of the city.

The firings had been the hot topic at local clubs and organizations "and on every side protests have been pouring in to the Trustees," the Times article states. (Exhibit 31, HLN). Petitions were circulated "and a number of property owners have publically protested against the removal of the two women, claiming that since the League depended partly on taxpayer support," taxpayers should have a voice in the selection of those who dispense the funds.

Support for Luckey mushroomed so that on a Sunday two weeks hence, within a few hours "hundreds of signatures" had been gathered on petitions circulated at local churches demanding that Luckey receive a position with the new Municipal Charitable League (Exhibit 32, Los Angeles Times, Aug. 9, 1915, HLN).

Finally, in June 1916 the city created the City Department of Relief and Social Services which included the Welfare Board (Exhibit 32, A Pasadena Chronology, compiled by Joyce Pinney, 1978, Pasadena Public Library Publisher, Welfare Board created, HLN).

Mrs. Luckey was installed as manager of the Pasadena Welfare Shop to "give employment to needy women and also to train unskilled labor to become proficient in the art of sewing," according to a 1916-17 Year End Report of the Pasadena Welfare Bureau's First Year. (First Annual Report 1916-17 (pg 1) Pasadena Welfare Bureau)

Mrs. Luckey's work in the Welfare Shop was called "perhaps the most concrete demonstration of what the Pasadena Welfare Bureau is doing." (First Annual Report 1916-17, (pg 5)).

And Luckey's workshop "attracted widespread attention" because "it is the first department of its kind in the country providing a way for women to earn their living in their own homes." (First Annual Report, 1916-17(p20))

Offering an opportunity for women to support themselves, with their garments to be sold in the shop, is "not only helping the individual but the community at large by permitting mothers to earn their living and take care of their children in their own homes" and thus prevent juvenile delinquency (First Annual Report 1916-17, (pgs 5, 20)).

That first year, sales of clothing at the shop totalled about \$4,000 — the single largest source of income, other than a \$10,000 city appropriation." (Pasadena Welfare Bureau Silver Jubilee Report, 1940-41 (p21), and First Annual Report 1916 -17 (p18))

Mrs. Luckey subsequently went on to become a prolific author of stories for children. (Exhibit 25, HLN). When she died in 1949, the social service executive's obit made front page news in the Pasadena Star News. (Pasadena Star News, Sept. 23, 1949).

Today, Mrs. Luckey serves as a example of a social activist who worked to protect the most vulnerable citizens of Pasadena before it was popular to do so. Designating her early residence as a Historic Landmark would serve as a fitting tribute to this remarkable woman.## ####



Cities and Towns South of Tehachepi's Top—Los Angeles County New LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Los Angeles Times 1886-Current; Jul 23, 1915; ProQuest Historical Newspapers Los Ang pg. II8

Cities and Towns South of Tehachepi's T

NEW CONTROL FOR CHARITY?

Pasadena Leagus Dismissals
Arouse Displeasure.

City Ordinance may Change Mathode Employed.

Good Templars Plan Another
Dry Campaign.

INCLE CHIMENTOWNS WIT

PASADENA, July 32.—The storm which has been browing for months among the monthers of the Panadran Charity Loague and which many thought was cleared away by the removal last work of Mrs. Assa M. Lughny, field secretary, and Miss Leta Sovrell, visiting nerse, has apparently gathered again with greater force then ever. General disulfraction ever the resecut of two of the oldest workers in the charity department has grown until yesterday It was assessment of the City Cammission that he had ordered drafted a city ordinance which would place the charity work under the supervision of the city.

"We want to make the ordinance Acreming the municipal aid department) acceptable to the Charitable League," mild Chairman Hamilton leat night, "se that the league officerd will be willing to leave the Arid, We would not think of going into competition with any organization trying to do the same work we would be de-

Ing.

Chairman Hamilton stated inst night
Chairman Hamilton stated inst night
that the trustees of the Panadena
Charitable League had been for some
time trying to get the city to take
over the charitable work and that
while the removal of the two workers
was not the reason for the drafting of
the new ordinance, he would not any
this matter did not have something
to do with it being considered at this
time.

time. The removal of Mrs. Luckey and Mrs. Sewell has been the topic of discussion at club and organization meclings since their removal, and on every side protests have been pouring in to the Trustees. Feititons are being circulated and a number of property owners have publicly protested against the removal of the twe women, claiming that as the league depends partly on the taxpavers for support the laxpavers should have a voice in the selection of those who dispense the founds.

Both Mrs Lucker and Miss Sewell are very popular women and have a host of friends.

NEW DRY CAMPAIGN.

Concernation struct the Guances district of Pandein presentary when R was lourned that the Good Templars were going to institute another dry campaign in the near future. Charles R. Burgar, one of the leading proposate of the lewe, stated that the City Commissioners could not be depended on to give strict enforcement to the present liquer ordinance, and has an ironcial "dry" ordinance along allier vision out of the lands;



Mrs. Anna M. Luckey, Closely identified with charity work of Passdess for sleven years, whose dismined from the working force of the Passdess Charity Leagus, has crusted a veritable storm of disapproval.





Field Secretary and Visiting

Nurse Are Refleved of Their Positions

Dissention Given by Board of Trustees for Surprise Sprung Today

As a result of dissention over the manner in which charitable work is being handled, Mrs. Anna Luckey, field secretary, and Miss Lett Sewell, visiting nurse, will not be associated with the Pasadena Charitable League after August 1.

The board of trustees at a meeting held Thursday afternoon decided to dispense with their serv-

Neither of the ladies knew of the impending action until informed after the close of the meeting.

after the close of the meeting.

W. D. Russell, president of the board, stated today that no one would be employed to fill the vacancies, but that Miss Thyrza Barton, general secretary; Miss Elliott, the stenographer, and M. Dawson, head of the unemployed bureau, would handle the work.

We decided to dispense with the services of Mrs. Luckey and Miss Sewell August 1, in order to bring about contemplated changes in the work of the league, stated Russell today. The changes will be deficient determined when we learn

which determined when we learn what the city intends doing with reference to helping the needy and the unemployed.

differences of opinion expressed as to the best manner of handling charitable work, and to some respect it has been inharmonious. Mrs. Luckey and Miss Sewell, however. have both done some fine work in their official capacities and we part with them with regret."

The meeting at which the rupture in the work of the league took place was attended by the following directors: W. D. Russell, Dr. Clapp, Leo G. MacLaughlin, Mrs. H. L. Stuart, Dr. James McBride, Mrs. Gamble and Mrs. Ramel.

Mrs. Luckey is one of the best known charitable workers in Southern California. She organized the Emergency League ten years ago and was its general field secretary up to the time it was incorporated with the Associated Charities, when she became field secretary of the organization. With the late Edna Alter, secretary of the Associated Charities, who was killed in the Vineyard station wreck on the Venice short line two years ago, Mrs. Luckey did a great deal towards assisting the poor and needy in Pasadena.

Miss Sewell, who has been the visiting nurse, has also been very popular and has been regarded as an efficient worker.

Miss Barton, who is a wealthy castern girl, interested in charitable work, has been general secretary of the Charitable League since last spring. She is said to have different opinions from Mrs. Luckey and Miss Sewell as to the manner in handling charitable work.

HERE'S THE COST OF WAR AT HOME

Shraphel Shots Roll Up Into

PASADENA DAILY NEWS JULY 17, 1915

to

th

ted from 74ge 10 (st Annual Report)

THE DEPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT

The report of this department shows the number of positions found for persons the past year. May citizen of Pasadena is untitled to the privileges of this department--preference however is always given to those whom we know to be needy.

"THE PARADEMA WELFARE SHOP"

This department was organized in June, 1916, the object being to give employment to needy women and also to train unskilled labor to become preficient in the art of sewing-thus, we are providing an opportunity for needy women to seem their living in their own homes, acting on the belief that every child has an inclimable right to its mother. The result has been cleaner homes, children better trained and nothers working under happier conditions.

This department has attracted widespread attention incomes as it is the first department of its kind in the country providing a way for women to purposhed living in their own homes.

Minety-seven women have been made self-supporting juring the first year and at the present time forty-seven somen are partially or sholly supported by sorking for made leafere Shop. We give the guarantee that every home is investigated and has the approval of the Visiting Surse of the Sealth Separtment.

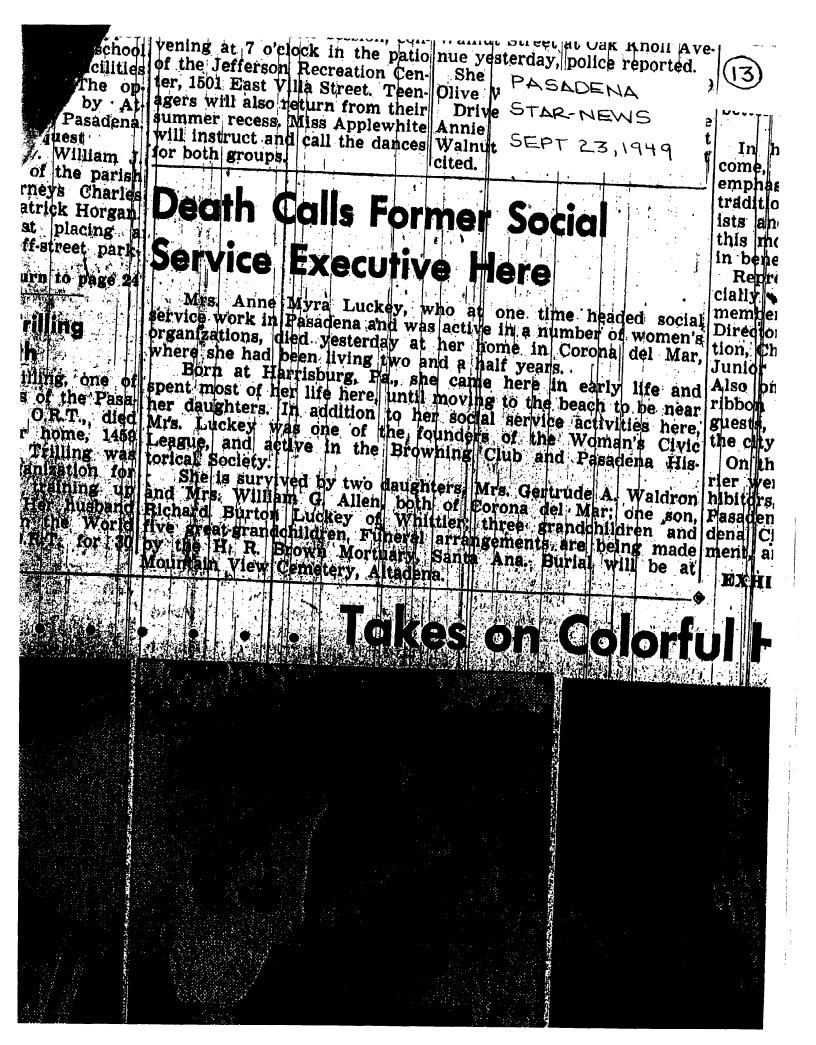
'In addition to training woman to be self-supporting it has prevented juvenily delinquency by keeping the mother at home with her children, which we contand is the best hind of constructive work.

The are invited to visit the Welfare Shop and inspect the work of this department, and your patronage is sammestly policized.

"CLOTHING DEPARTMENT"

During the year over 5,000 articles of clothing and furniture have been distributed by the Welfare Sureau to needy families. We will appreciate donations of furniture and cast-off clothing at all times.





OFFICE OF HISTORIC PRESERVATION

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY

IDE	NTIFICATION AND LOCATION	Ser.No. 1109 - AD - 361	
1.	Historic Name NONE		National Register status <u>5D2</u>
*2.	Common or current name NONE		Local designation
³3.	Number & street 361 Adena	Cross-corr	idor
	City Pasadena Vicinity only	Zip 9110	14 County Los Angeles
4.	UTM zone 11 A 394840/3781300 B 394840/378044	0 C394420/	<u>/3780440 D 394420/3781300</u>
5.	Quad map No. 1102 Parcel No. 5729-033-005 Other		
DES	SCRIPTION .		
8.	Property category Building If district	t, number of docume	nted resources N/A
97.	Briefly describe the present physical appearance of the property, including co	ndition, boundaries, re	elated features, surroundings, and (if

The house at 361 Adena Street is a one and one-half story, turn-of-the-century vernacular; it is massed in plan with a side gable which is three bays wide. The front porch contains the home's most decorative features: turned posts and a decorative wood bannister which wraps around the side of the house. The foundation is Arroyo stone. The exterior is finished in two types of wood: clapboard with cornerboards and random shingles. The porch has a partially hipped roof and a central entrance. The half glass front door has a large transom, as do the side windows. Located unequal distances from the door, the closer window is a large, fixed light; the other has four fixed lights. At the second floor, a pair of double-hung windows interrupts the stringcourse. There is a small, square vent above the pair of windows. The roof's plain bargeboards are carved at the foot of the gable. The pitched roof is covered in composition shingles.



- 8. Planning Agency
 City of Pasadena/Urban Conservation
- 9. Owner & address
 Tapan & Dulali Sin

1162 Chisholm Trial
Diamond Bar, CA 91765

9A. Original owner Unknown

- 10. Type of ownership Private
- 11. Present use Comm/Residential
- 12. Zoning <u>RM32</u>
- 13. Threats Inapropp. / Rehab.

4 94296-0001

*Complete these items for historic preservation compliance projects under Section 106 (36CFR800). All items must be completed for historical resources survey information.

DPR 523 (Rev.5/90) Historic Resources Group 1991

appropriate) architectural style.

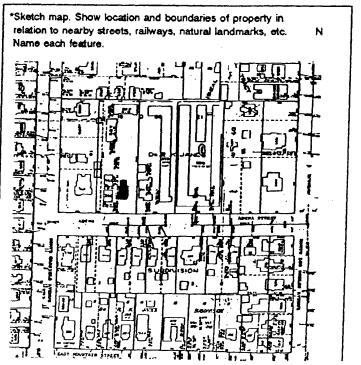
114.	Construction date(s) 18	<u>895 a</u> o	riginal location	Same	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Date moved		
15.	Alterations & date Reb	uild second i	floor after	fire 1	966			
ذ.	Architect <u>Unknown</u>			Builde	Unknown			
17.	Historic attributes (with r	listoric attributes (with number from list) <u>02 Residence</u>						
SIGI	NIFICANCE AND EVALU	JATION						
18.	Context for evaluation:					field Heights, Pasade		
	Period <u>1885-1935</u>	Property type	Residence			Context formally developed? <u></u>	es	
140	Driefly discuss the asons	my'r importance with	in the context. He	e historical	and erchitectural	analysis as appropriate. Compare	with eimilar	

19. Briefly discuss the property's importance within the context. Use historical and architectural analysis as appropriate. Compare with similar properties.

This one and one-half story residence is a good example of vernacular turn-of-the-century homes, of which there are approximately 20 other structures in the survey area built between 1890 and 1910. This house is one of three structures in the 300 block of Adena which was constructed before 1900, hence its style differs from the majority of structures The construction date is estimated to be 1895 by tax assessor records. on the block. Since its construction predates annexation of the area by the City of Pasadena in 1904, no original building records are available. The earliest record of the property is the 1906-07 Assessors Field Book which assesses the seven room house owned by L.W. Williams at a value of \$750. The subsequent owner was Sara H. Dorr who owned the property from 1906 until at least 1966. Several other structures on the property include two duplexes and two residences built between 1952 and 1954. Modifications to the residence include the rebuilding of the second floor after a fire in 1966. The house remains a good example of its type. As one of three nineteenth century homes on the block, it is significant as a representative of construction prior to annexation of the area. For further information and analysis, see the historic context statement for Area 26.

20. Sources BDB 14368; 1990 Tax Assess; AFB 1906-07 v5 pl53; AFB 1907-08 v5 pl56; Tax Assess 1910-19 v6 p336; CD 1919-35; Zn map 12

21.	Applicable National Register criteria
22.	Other recognition
	State Landmark No. (if applicable)
23.	Evaluator Christy J. McAvoy
	Date of evaluation 1991
24.	Survey typeComprehensive
25.	Survey name <u>Garfield Heights</u> , <u>Pasadena Survey</u> Area 26
26.	Year form prepared 1991
	By (name) Historic Resources Group for
	Organization Pasadena/Urban Cnsrvtn
	Address 100 N. Garfield
	City & Zip Pasadena 91109
	Phone (818) 405-4228
	Historic Resources Group 1991



The primary development and subdivision patterns, physical characteristics, periods of significance, property types, and persons associated with the development of the area are discussed in the brief context statement for the area (see Section IV below).

Briefly, the survey found that the majority of structures included in the survey were constructed prior to World War I from 1885 to 1918. This period of development is the first period of significance for the neighborhood. Thirty-two residences were constructed in the survey area prior to annexation of the neighborhood to the City of Pasadena in 1904. These structures range in type from simple one story massed plan vernacular cottages to elegant Victorian mansions. Among the most significant and intact of these structures are:

361 Adena, a one and one-half story vernacular residence built circa 1895.

- 289 East Douglas, the most intact of the simple one story turn-of-the-century vernacular cottages in the area.
- . 1207 North Marengo, a two story turn-of-the-century vernacular massed plan residence designed by local architect W.B. Edwards in 1904.
- . 1253 North Marengo, a one story turn-of-the-century vernacular cottage constructed around 1885. It is possibly the oldest surviving structure in the survey area and remains relatively intact.

After annexation, the neighborhood was developed with primarily Craftsman residences and bungalows, an architectural style and property type which are of tremendous significance to the City of Pasadena. The building period from 1905 through 1918 contains several notable examples of this style and this type of construction, including:

- North Garfield contains a number of particularly noteworthy examples of this style and type. Among them are: 935, 981, 989, 1008, 1087, 1110, 1120, and 1141.
- a cluster on North Marengo at 918, 934, 943, 944, 950, 969, 984, and 990. Other worthy of note examples of the type on Marengo include the one story Craftsman bungalow at 1000, and the residences at 1045, 1048, 1054, 1063, 1071, 1171, 1230.

local historic district, overlay zone, or preservation area, under an ordinance that has not yet been written or a procedure that has not yet been implemented." See Appendix 1 of the Instructions, attached hereto as Appendix C.

341 St 361 ADENA STREET & LEWIS COTTAGE MANSION ADENA 1887/1888

probably completed in early 1888. The house was built by Construction on Mansion Adena began in 1887 and was bled in real estate speculation during the boom of 1887 and 1388. Janes probably acted as contractor for Quaker Henry C. Lewis who took possession of the property in December Dr. R. K. Janes one of Pasadena's early dentists who dab-1888 and who is considered the home's first owner. The Mansion is an excellent example of the Queen Anne style. Note the spectacular square tower with its curved

Mansard roof which rises above the porch. The porch has turned posts with a spindle friese, above which is a diamond shingled roof. Note the exuberant balastrade detail on both the first and second floor porches. And the decorstive metal work along the roof line called cresting.

and decorative banister which wrap around the left side of ty though its exterior is of much more simple design. Its most decorative features are the turned posts of the porch the structure. The interior homever boasts some of the same Lewis Cottage was built simultaneously with Mansion Adena and was probably once part of the Mansion properdesign elements as the Mansion - see the photos below.

