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**Less Than** Significant Impact

No Impact

available. If the sewer is at a higher elevation than the project, the sewage is to be pumped up to the sewer.

10.	HA	AZARDS AND HAZARDOL	JS MATERIALS.	Would the project:			
	a.	Create a significant hazar disposal of hazardous ma		he environment thr	ough the routine tra	nsport, use or	
						$\boxtimes$	
amo lands stora	<b>WHY?</b> The project does not involve the use or storage of hazardous substances other than the small amounts of pesticides, fertilizers and cleaning agents required for normal maintenance of the structure and landscaping. The project must adhere to applicable zoning and fire regulations regarding the use and storage of any hazardous substances. Furthermore, there is no evidence that the site has been used for underground storage of hazardous materials.						
	b.	Create a significant hazar and accident conditions in					
						$\boxtimes$	
	onn	The project does not involve henent through reasonably fores  Emit hazardous emission waste within one-quarter	eeable upset and acc s or handle hazard	ident conditions, whi	ch could release haza ardous materials, s	ardous material.	
			Ш				
		The project does not emit haze and is not within one-quarter			acutely hazardous ma	terials, substance,	
	d.	Be located on a site which Government Code Section public or the environment	n 65962.5 and, as				
WHY? The project site is not located on the State of California Hazardous Waste and Substances Sites List of sites published by California Environmental Protection Agency (CAL/EPA).							
	• • •		005 00040 133	1011	- 4 2000 (Davis ad	\ D 00	

		Potentially Significant Impact	Significant Unless Mitigation is Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
e.	within two miles of a publ	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopte within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area? ( )					
WHY? Th airport.	e project site is not within an	airport land use plar	n or within two miles	s of a public airport o	or public use		
f.	For a project within the vi people residing or workin	•	• •	project result in a s	afety hazard for		
					$\boxtimes$		
WHY? Th	e project site is not within the	vicinity of a private	e airstrip.				
g.	Impair implementation of emergency evacuation pl		ere with an adopte	d emergency respo	onse plan or		
					$\boxtimes$		
applicant and fire co	e project is located within a is required to submit appro odes prior to the issuance Il not have a significant imp	priate plans for pla of a building permi	an review to ensure t. Adherence to th	e compliance with a ese requirements	zoning, building		
a major di disaster, t	of Pasadena maintains a ci saster (e.g., a major eartho he Fire Marshall is respon vacuation routes based on	quake). The Fire N sible for implemen	Marshall maintains ting the plan, and t	the disaster plan. he Pasadena Polic	In case of a		
Eaton Wa	nas pre-planned evacuation ish, and the Jones Reservo it site is not within any of th	oir. According to the	ne adopted 2002 S				
	no areas in the City desig		or flood insurance b	by the Federal Eme	ergency		
h.	<ul> <li>Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands? ( )</li> </ul>						
	WHY? According to the 2002 adopted Safety Element as shown on Plate 4-2, Wildfire Hazard Map, the project site is in an area of very high fire hazard. The project site is within a Hillside Development Overlay District, which requires						
	<del></del>	<del></del>		4, 2006 (Revised)			

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No Impact

that an approved landscape plan must conform to the required types of vegetation allowed by the Fire Department and the roofing materials must also be approved by the Fire Department.

The project site currently has two routes of access out of the hillside area—San Rafael Avenue and Glen Oaks Boulevard. The Fire Department reviewed the original subdivision design, and the modified design which provides a different access point for the proposed Lot B. The Fire Department has no objections to the project, and they will review all plans prior to the issuance of a building permit for any new construction.

11.	1. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY. Would the project:													
	a. Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements? ( )													
													$\boxtimes$	
WHY? The project will not violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements. The project must comply with federal Water Pollution Control Act (Clean Water Act) National Pollution Disposal Elimination System (NPDES) permit requirements and the City's Storm Water and Urban Runoff Control Regulations. New development in the Hillside Overlay District is required to submit a plan for implementing Best Management Practices.  There are no bodies of water near the project, whose surface waters would receive any discharge from the project. However, if there is water runoff from the site, this runoff may be discharged via Los Angeles County Flood Control Channels into the San Pedro Bay.														
The	p	roj	ject i	s not lo	cated ne	ear any	significant l	oody of	fresh or	marine v	vater.			
	b. Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?							roundwater evel which						
											$\boxtimes$			
Wat	eı dir	r ai	nd P t add	ower ar	nd the e or withdr	xisting s awals fr		ded by und wa	the Publ iters. Mo	ic Works breover, t	Departm here is n	ent. There	efore quife	there will be condition in
app	Under normal operation, with future development on the site of two single-family units, the project will use approximately 660 gallons of water per day. The source of some of the water from the Pasadena Water and Power Department is ground water, stored in the Raymond Basin.													
(Ch con plar	During drought conditions, the project must comply with the Water Shortage Procedures Ordinance (Chapter 13 of the Pasadena Municipal Code) the project shall only consume 90% of expected consumption. To ensure compliance with this ordinance, the applicant shall submit a water conservation plan limiting the project's water consumption to 90% of expected consumption. This plan shall be submitted to and approved by the City's Water and Power Department and the Building Division prior to the issuance													
220	N	1. 8	San I	Rafael A	lve.	PLN#20	05-00213	Initi	al Study	Janua	arv 4. 200	06 (Revise	d)	Page 38

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**Less Than** Significant Impact

No Impact

of a building permit. The applicant's irrigation and plumbing plans shall comply with the approved water conservation plan.

c.	c. Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on-or off-site? ( )							
				$\boxtimes$				
future development which occup propose any removal of a the laborator proposed Lo Code limits le	WHY? Based on the preliminary plans submitted as part of the Predevelopment Plan Review (PPR) the future development of the site would cover approximately 17% of the site as compared to the present use, which occupies 24% of the site. The General Plan Amendment, Zone Change and Tentative Map do not propose any new construction. The future conversion of the lab to a single-family residential use envisions removal of approximately 22,736 square feet of asphalt parking surface installed for the institutional use of the laboratory. Therefore, storm and other water runoff will decrease for Lot A. New construction for the proposed Lot B, is subject to the review and approval of a Hillside Development Permit (HDP). The Zoning Code limits lot coverage to 35% and the amount if impermeable surfaces will be reviewed with the site plan and landscape plans submitted with the HDP.							
towards the shall submit Department submission,	The drainage of surface water from the project will be controlled by building regulations and directed towards the City's existing streets, flood control channels, storm drains and catch basins. The applicant shall submit a site drainage plan for review and approval by the Building Division and the Public Works Department prior to the issuance of a building permit. Due to the existing building regulations and the submission, approval and implementation of a drainage plan there will be less than significant impacts from surface runoff.							
d.	Substantially alter the alteration of the cour surface runoff in a m	rse of a stream or r	iver, or substantiall	ly increase the rate of				
					$\boxtimes$			
WHY? The City of Pasadena contains two streams the Arroyo Seco and Eaton Creek, the project is not located near either stream. The General Plan Amendment, Zone Change and Tentative Map do not propose any new construction. However, the future conversion of the lab to single-family residential use envisions removal large areas of asphalt parking surface (approximately 22,736 square feet) installed for the institutional use of the laboratory on Lot A, and a new single-family residence on the proposed Lot B. The project will not substantially alter the course of these streams or any ravines or gullies on the site.								
θ.	e. Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff? (							

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No impact

WHY? The project site is adequately served by existing stormwater drainage systems. Any future residential development of the project site will require the review and approval of a Hillside Development Permit. During the HDP process the Public Works Department will review the application to ensure there are no significant impacts related to runoff and drainage.

f.	Otherwise su	bstantially degrade wa	nter quality?(	)	
					$\boxtimes$
controlled du that would be	ring construction disturbed during	substantially degrade wan using required Best Mag construction. The futurer, sewer and storm drai	anagement Practice ure HDP for develo	s. There are no know pment of the site will	wn hazardous materials I require the project be
g.	Boundary or	g within a 100-year flo Flood Insurance Rate lopted Safety Element	Map or dam inund	dation area as sho	
					$\boxtimes$
adopted Gen	eral Plan, the pro	m Failure Inundation Ma oject is not located in a d a 100-year flood hazar	lam inundation area		·
					$\boxtimes$
Map Comm manageme	unity Number of the state of th	Pasadena is in Zone D 065050. In Zone D, th See responses to 9 G ndslides and b soil erc	e City is not requi Seology and Soils	red to implement a a. iii and iv regard	any flood plain ing seismic hazards
i.		le or structures to a signification of the			involving flooding,
					$\boxtimes$
	•	m Failure Inundation Ma	• '	•	Element of the City's
		odies of water either in drainage system will d			n could subject the City ated flood control
220 N San	Rafael Ave	PLN#2005-00213	Initial Study	January 4, 2006 (F	Pevised\ Page 40

		Potentially Significant Impact	Significant Unless Mitigation is Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
j.	Inundation by seiche, ts	unami, or mudflow	<i>l</i> ?( )				
					$\boxtimes$		
WHY? The City of Pasadena is not located near enough to any inland bodies of water or the Pacific Ocean to be inundated by either a seiche or tsunami. For mudflow see responses to 9. Geology and Soils a. iii and iv regarding seismic hazards such as liquifaction and landslides.							
12. LAN	D USE AND PLANNING.	Would the projec	t:				
<b>a</b> .	Physically divide an existi	ng community? (	)				
					$\boxtimes$		
residential	e project will not physically ly zoned parcels, which wo arcels and the surrounding	ould be consistent					
b.	<ul> <li>b. Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect? ( )</li> </ul>						
				$\boxtimes$			
WHY? The proposed project involves four actions. The first action is a General Plan Amendment to change the existing Institutional general plan designation to Low Density Residential (0-6 du/net acre). The							

WHY? The proposed project involves four actions. The first action is a General Plan Amendment to change the existing Institutional general plan designation to Low Density Residential (0-6 du/net acre). The second action is a Zoning Map Amendment to change the existing zoning from PS (Public/Semi-Public District) to RS-2 HD (Single-family Residential/ 2 du/net acre/Hillside Overlay District). The third action is a proposed subdivision to split the existing 129,718 square foot parcel into two lots. The fourth and final action is a variance request for Parcels A and B, to allow these lots to be created with less than the required width of 100 feet (a lot width of approximately 55 feet is proposed). Parcel A would measure approximately 104,108 square feet and Parcel B would measure approximately 25,610 square feet. The new residentially zoned parcels would eventually be developed with single-family residences.

The project would be in substantial compliance with both the RS-2-HD zoning designation and the low-density residential General Plan Land Use Designation in the adopted 2004 Land Use Element. The applicant has revised the parcel map to address community concerns presented at the neighborhood meeting of October 11, 2005, to limit ingress and egress from the redeveloped site to one point on San Rafael Avenue. Under the previous lot configuration, the access point to the new Lot B was from the northwest corner of the lot onto San Rafael Avenue. This has now been revised with one access point from San Rafael Avenue. The proposed revision results in the need for a variance in the RS-2-HD development standards from the required lot width of 100 feet. The proposed Lots A and B would have a width of approximately 55 to 65 feet when measured at a distance of 25 feet perpendicular from the street frontage. Both proposed lots would still exceed the required minimum lot area of 20,000 square feet. Although the reduced lot width would conflict with the minimum width required per the Zoning Code, the square footage would exceed the minimum requirements. In single-family residential areas, the size of homes is directly related to the size of the lot, therefore the resulting home may be smaller under the revised plan. The home

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No Impact

must still comply with all requirements of the RS2-HD district, and would be compatible with the General Plan designation.

Future improvements would be limited to the development intensities identified in the General Plan as Low Density Residential. The proposed Tentative Parcel Map requests approval for a maximum of two lots for single-family development. This is below the maximum allowable density in the RS-2-HD zone and consistent with the proposed General Plan designation.

	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan (HCP) or natural community conservation plan (NCCP)? ( )							
					$\boxtimes$			
WHY? Then	re are no Habitat Conserv	vation or Natural C	Community Con	servation Plans in Pasade	na.			
13. MINE	RAL RESOURCES.	Would the projec	t:					
	<ul> <li>Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state? ( )</li> </ul>							
					$\boxtimes$			
City's Gene	WHY? The Final Environmental Impact Report for the adopted 1994 Land Use and Mobility Elements of the City's General Plan states that there are two areas in Pasadena, which may contain mineral resources of sand, gravel and stone Eaton Wash, and Devils Gate Reservoir. The project is not near these areas.							
	<ul> <li>b. Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan? ( )</li> </ul>							
WHY? The City's 2004 General Plan Land Use Element does not identify any mineral recovery sites within the City. Furthermore, there are no mineral-resource recovery sites shown in the Hahamongna Watershed Park Master Plan; or the 1999 "Aggregate Resources in the Los Angeles Metropolitan Area" map published by the California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology. No active mining operations exist in the City of Pasadena and mining is not currently allowed within any of the City's designated land uses. Therefore, the proposed project would not have significant impacts from the loss of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site. See also Section 13 a) of this document.								
14. NOIS	E. Will the project res	ult in:						
				els in excess of standar le standards of other a				
					$\boxtimes$			
220 N C==	Defect Ave. DI N#	2005 00212	Initial Ctudy	January 4, 2006 (Pay	inad) Page 42			

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No Impact

WHY? The project itself will not lead to a significant increase in ambient noise. Noise generated by future construction activities may have a short-term impact and noise from air conditioning and heating systems may increase the existing level of ambient noise after construction. Significant long-term impacts are not anticipated. Any future construction and development will adhere to City regulations governing hours of construction, noise levels generated by construction and mechanical equipment, and the allowed level of ambient noise (Chapter 9.36 of the Pasadena Municipal Code).

The impact from construction noise will be short-term and limited to normal working hours (7 a.m. to 7 p.m. Monday through Saturday in or within 500 feet of a residential area) in accordance with City regulations. A construction related traffic plan would be required to ensure that truck routes for transportation of materials and equipment are established with consideration for sensitive uses in the neighborhood. A traffic and parking plan for the construction phase will be submitted for approval by the Public Works and Transportation Departments and to the Zoning Administrator prior to the issuance of any permits.

Projects must comply with the City's Noise Restrictions Ordinance (Chapter 9.36 of the Pasadena Municipal Code) and the California Sound Transmission Control Standards (CAC, Title 24, building Standards, Chapter 12 Appendix Section 1208A). According to the Noise Restrictions Ordinance the allowed ambient noise level is 50 dBA during the day (6a.m.-11 p.m.) and 40 dBA at night (11 p.m. to 6 a.m.).

The 2002 adopted Noise Element of the Comprehensive General Plan contains objectives and policies to help minimize the effects of noise from different sources. According to Figure 1, Guidelines for Noise Compatible Land Use, of this element this residential project would be located in an area of identical land use, compatible with a normally acceptable ambient noise range of 50-60 dBA. Land uses that are considered to be noise sensitive include but are not limited to: residences, hotels, single room occupancy buildings, group care and convalescent homes, schools, churches, libraries, performance halls, parks and hospitals.

	<ul> <li>b. Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels? ( )</li> </ul>							
						$\boxtimes$		
WHY?	The	e project is not le	ocated near any light r	ail tracks or free	eways.			
	c.A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project? ( )							
						$\boxtimes$		
			4.a. The Noise Restri noise level. The projec			pal Code Chapter 9.36) ient noise levels		
	d. A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project? ( )							
						$\boxtimes$		
220 N.	Sa	n Rafael Ave.	PLN#2005-00213	Initial Study	January 4, 2006 (R	evised) Page 43		

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Less Than Significant Impact

No Impact

WHY? See response 14 a. The project will not cause a substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels.

	e.	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels? ( )						
						$\boxtimes$		
		re are no airports or air ilendale Pasadena Airp				ena is part of the		
	f.	For a project within the working in the project			the project expose p )	people residing or		
						$\boxtimes$		
WHY? T	Γhe	project is not within the	e vicinity of the Po	lice Heliport or the	Fire Camp in the Ar	royo Seco.		
		JLATION AND HOUSI	·	•	ctly (for example, by	proposing new		
	<ul> <li>a. Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)? ( )</li> </ul>							
						$\boxtimes$		
result in existing the inter	the inf nsit	project is in a develop e potential net gain of to rastructure are already y standards under the ( s gain will not be signif	wo housing units. I established (wate General Plan and :	mprovements nee r, power and sewe	ded to connect this r services). Since th	project to the ne project is within		
t	Ò.	Displace substantial กเ housing elsewhere? (	ımbers of existing )	housing, necessite	ating the construction	n of replacement		
						$\boxtimes$		
		project does not involvering uniter		of any housing unite	s. The proposed pro	ject would result		
2002. Tof housi	he ng	et conforms to the 2000- refore, this housing gai forecast for Pasadena Regional Overview prep	n is within the hou in the contained in	sing forecast in this the Southern Cali	s element. Ît is also fornia 2020 - a preli	within the range minary Growth		

		Potentially Significant Impact	Significant Unless Mitigation is Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
c. Displace elsewh	e substantial numbe ere?	ers of people, ned	cessitating the con	struction of replace	ement housing	
	]				$\boxtimes$	
WHY? The propose	ed project would not o	displace substantial	numbers of people.			
the provision governmenta	RVICES. Will the p of new or physical il facilities, the cons ntain acceptable se rvices:	ly altered governi struction of which	mental facilities, ne could cause signif	eed for new or physicant environmenta	sically altered al impacts, in	
a. Fire Pr	otection? ( )					
	[				$\boxtimes$	
WHY? The project site is located in a very high wildfire hazard area according to the Wildfire Hazard Map (Plate 4-2) of the adopted 2002 Safety Element of the City's General Plan. The project is located one mile from the nearest fire station located at 50 Avenue 64. However, the effect on fire service is not significant, since this change is within the Fire Department's scope of responsibility. The Fire Department reviewed the application and has no objections to the proposed project.						
b. Librarie	es? ( )					
	1				$\boxtimes$	
	t is located 1.15 mil nation (library) Syst ce.			•		
c.Parks? (	)					
	1				$\boxtimes$	
Resources staff, the	is located within 1.5 City as a whole had .0 acres per 1,000 res	1.6 acres of parklar				
For each new residential unit there is a "Residential Impact Fee" charged under the Quimby Act. Payment of this fee mitigates any project impact on parks.						
d. Police	Protection? ( )					
	!				$\boxtimes$	
220 N. San Rafae	Ave. PLN#200	5-00213 Initia	l Study Januar	y 4, 2006 (Revised	) Page 45	

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Less Than Significant Impact

WHY? The proposed site is in an area which has reported low crime rates according to Police Department burglary statistics. The project may slightly increase the need for police protection. However, the effect on police service is not significant, since this change is within the Police Department's scope of responsibility.							
e. Schools? (	)						
				$\boxtimes$			
<b>WHY?</b> The City of Pasad new construction. Payme				enstruction tax on all			
f. Other public fac	ilities? ( )						
				$\boxtimes$			
WHY? The project's developrojected revenue to the lower this impact to a level	City in terms of impact t						
17. RECREATION.	17. RECREATION.						
recreational	a. Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated? ( )						
				$\boxtimes$			
WHY? The project is local collected by the City's Busq. ft. in size. This fee is impact on parks. Future neighborhood and region	ilding Official on each ro to improve recreational development resulting f	esidential unit co and park facilition rom the project	onstructed and on ea es near the project r may generate nine r	ach addition over 400 mitigating all project residents who may use			
•	oject include recreation facilities, which might h		•	•			
WHY? The project contains no recreational facilities.							
18. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC. Would the project:							

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a.	a. Cause an increase in traffic that is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system (i.e., result in a substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections)? ( )						
					$\boxtimes$		
	e project is located on a ized street in the 2003				or or a		
land use a City. Acco Institute of	sed development is wit nd the zoning designat ording to Table A9-5A-1 Transportation Engine is likely to have an ave	ions. Therefore, it of the 1993 updat ers, 1998 "Trip Ge	is within the range ed SCAQMD's CE neration" 6 <sup>th</sup> edition	of development pla QA Air Quality Hand n) future developme	nned for by the dbook (or the nt resulting from		
b.	Exceed, either individu congestion manageme				ed by the county		
					$\boxtimes$		
(LOS). The lists LOS E in Exhibit 2 trips added proposed pr	WHY? The regional Congestion Management Plan (CMP) or the local City sets the Level of Service Threshold (LOS). The adopted 2002 Congestion Management Program prepared by the Metropolitan Transportation Agency lists LOS E as acceptable for the highway and road system. The CMP defines the 2002 Highway and Roadway System in Exhibit 2-3. The project does not impact this roadway system. Thresholds from the 1995 CMP are 50 peak hour trips added to a freeway on or off ramp or 150 trips added to a mainline freeway or ramp monitoring location. The proposed project and future development of two units is below the threshold of significance.  c. Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks? ( )						
					$\boxtimes$		
WHY? Th airport.	e project site is not within	n an airport land use	plan or within two m	niles of a public airpor	t or public use		
d.	Substantially increase intersections) or incon				angerous		
					$\boxtimes$		
WHY? The project has been evaluated by the Transportation Department and its impact on circulation due to the proposed use and its design has been found not to be hazardous to traffic circulation either within the project site or in the vicinity of the project. The proposed project would not alter the existing street grid. Furthermore, consultation with the Pasadena Police Department confirmed that the data for reported automobile accidents in the one-year between October 15 2004 through November 1, 2005 reported on the street segment of San Rafael between the 134 Freeway and Glen Oaks Boulevard was considered to be low. The Police Department does not classify this street segment as one with a higher than average number of reported accidents.							

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No Impact

The applicant revised the subdivision design as a response to neighborhood concerns regarding the safety of the area, and the opposition to an access point for the lot on San Rafael Avenue. In response, the proposed Lot B, will take access from Glen Oaks Boulevard. The proposed project will not change the street grid at its location. The project and resulting access must be reviewed by the Transportation and Fire Departments. This will ensure the safest design for the neighborhood.

<b>e</b> .	Result in inadequate em	nergency access? (	( )		
					$\boxtimes$
found to be Building, F	e ingress and egress for the adequate for emergence ire and Safety Codes an tion Departments, and the	y access or access d plans are subjec	s to nearby uses. I t to review and app	The project must co proval by the Public	omply with all
f. R	esult in inadequate park	ing capacity (vehic	le or bicycle)? (	)	
					$\boxtimes$
through the number of p parking spa size to acco	e to the decreased intensity Hillside Development Perroarking spaces required by ces for each residential unit mmodate the off street park Conflict with adopted pot turnouts, bicycle racks)?	mit future construction the Zoning Code. A t, and guest parking. King requirements of colicies, plans, or pro-	on of two units would ecording to the Zonic The parcels resulting the zoning code.	d be conditioned to c ng Code, the project g from the subdivision	omply with the requires two on are adequate in
	, ,				$\boxtimes$
	e future net addition of tw nsportation system. No				ct upon the
	t is not near a principal n ement of the General Pla		de-emphasized str	eet according to th	e 2004 adopted
19. UTIL	ITIES AND SERVICE S	YSTEMS. Would t	he project:		
а	Exceed wastewater tro Board? ( )	eatment requireme	ents of the applicab	le Regional Water	Quality Control
					$\boxtimes$
<b>WHY?</b> The Control Boz	project will not exceed ward. Los Angeles Region. I	istewater treatment r Los Angeles County	equirements of the C treats the City's was	California Regional W tewater, individual p	/ater Quality rojects are subjec

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Less Than Significant Impact

No Impact

to a Los Angeles County fee when the project is hooked up to a sewer line. The City is within Los Angeles County Sanitation District 16. There are not unusual wastes in the project's wastewater, which cannot be treated by L.A. County Sanitation District.

ex	equire or result in the epansion of existing fects? ( )					
					$\boxtimes$	
expansion of extreatment facilit	ject will not result in xisting facilities. The ties. Los Angeles C ounty fee when the	e City's Water and Founty treats the Cit	Power Department ty's wastewater, inc	is responsible for v	vater and water	
	equire or result in th cisting facilities, the					
					$\boxtimes$	
<b>WHY?</b> The project will not require the construction of new stormwater drainage facilities or the expansion of existing facilities. The project is located in a developed urban area where storm drainage is provided by existing streets, storm drains, flood control channels, and catch basins. The project development will not result in the need for a new or substantial alteration to the existing drainage system.						
Department prio	e project must have an r to the issuance of ar ect with the existing C	y building permits.	Any on-site improve	ments needed to prov		
The project does meet a standard for review of drainage plans for compliance with the Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP) Ordinance. If the project meets a standard for review, drainage plans be reviewed by the Building Division of the Planning and Development Department by Public Works Department.						
The City of Pasadena through Ordinance 6837 adopted the Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan recommended by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region. This ordinance enables the City to be part of the municipal storm sewer permit issued by the Los Angeles Region to the County of Los Angeles. The City Council is committed If to adopting any changes made to the Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation by the California regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region.  d. Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and						
re	sources, or are new	v or expanded entiti	lements needed?	( )		
220 N. San Ra	faal Ava DI NI#?	005_00213 Initi-	al Study Ianuar	v. 4. 2006 (Pavisad	N Page 40	

Significant Unless Mitigation is Incorporated

Less Than Significant Impact

No Impact

WHY? According to the Water Division of the Pasadena Water and Power Department, there are sufficient water supplies available to serve the project (and future development of two units) from existing entitlements and resources. The adequacy of water supply is a potential problem for all new development since the Southern California region has been known to experience periods of drought and needs a long-term reliable water supply. This project does not propose any new construction. The potential future development of two residences would result in an increase of approximately 660 gallons per day in water consumption. The current use consumes approximately 1,943 gallons of water per day. The net reduction in water consumption would be 1,282 gallons of water per day. Furthermore, this project will be required to comply with the City's Water Shortage Procedures Ordinance during periods of drought, thereby reducing monthly water consumption to 90 percent of the expected consumption for this type of land use. The impact will be reduced to a level that is not significant. Further, the Water Division of the Pasadena Water and Power Department has reviewed this project and the potential for two new homes, and determined that the City can serve it.

The project does not affect any of the local groundwater recharge spreading grounds.

	e.	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider, which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments? ( )				
						$\boxtimes$
WHY? S	See r	esponses to 19 a. and b				
	f.	Be served by a land waste disposal need	•	ermitted capacity to	accommodate the	project's solid
waste dis	sposa	project can be served by all needs. The City of Post, and secondarily by Post	asadena is served prin	marily by Scholl Car	iyon landfill, which a	
The project is located in a developed urban area and within the City's refuse collection area. The project will not result in the need for a new or in substantial alteration to the existing system of solid waste collection and disposal. The Solid Waste Division of the Pasadena Public Works Department has an active recycling program to reduce the metal, glass, plastics, newspapers and yard waste for disposal in approved landfills. This program serves single-family residences and some of the smaller multifamily projects.						
	g.	Comply with federal	l, state, and local st	atutes and regulati	ons related to solid	waste? ( )
						$\boxtimes$

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No Impact

WHY? In 1992, the City adopted the "Source Reduction and Recycling Element" to comply with the California Integrated Waste Management Act. This Act requires that jurisdictions maintain a 50% or better diversion rate for solid waste. The City implements this requirement through Section 8.61 of the Pasadena Municipal Code, which establishes the City's "Solid Waste Collection Franchise System". As described in Section 8.61.175, each franchisee is responsible for meeting the minimum recycling diversion rate of 50% on both a monthly basis and annual basis. The proposed project is required to comply with the applicable solid waste franchise's recycling system, and thus, will meet Pasadena's and California's solid waste diversion regulations.

## 20. EARLEIR ANALYSIS.

Earlier analysis may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. See CEQA Guidelines Section 15063(c)(3)(D). Earlier analyses are discussed in Section 18 at the end of the checklist.

- a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
- b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
- c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "less than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures, which were incorporated or refined from the earlier documents and the extent to which address site-specific conditions for the project.

## 21. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE.

reduce the habita self-sustaining le restrict the range	opulation to drop below y, reduce the number or			
			$\boxtimes$	
	reduce the habite self-sustaining le restrict the range	reduce the habitat of a fish or wildle self-sustaining levels, threaten to e restrict the range of a rare or enda-	reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or an	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environ reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife perself-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate in the major periods of California history or prehistory?

WHY? The proposed project involves four actions. The first action is a General Plan Amendment to change the existing Institutional general plan designation to Low Density Residential (0-6 du/net acre). The second action is a Zoning Map Amendment to change the existing zoning from PS (Public/Semi-Public District) to RS-2 HD (Single-family Residential/ 2 du/net acre/Hillside Overlay District). The third action is a proposed subdivision to split the existing 129,718 square foot parcel into two lots. Parcel A would measure approximately 104,108 square feet, and Parcel B would measure approximately 25,610 square feet. The fourth and final action is a variance request for Parcel A and B, to allow these lots to be created with less than the required width of 100 feet. The new residentially zoned parcels would eventually be developed with single-family residences—Lot A would entail adaptive reuse of the existing historic structures as a residence. All four actions will be reviewed concurrently by the City of Pasadena.

The proposed project may result in the future removal of up to 18 trees. The potentially impacted trees represent 12% of all trees on the project site. As no specific design plans are attached to this application, permits for individual tree removal are not part of this review. Individual tree removal would be reviewed under the Hillside Development Permit that is required prior to the approving the size, design and location of

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Less Than Significant Impact

No Impact

the new homes. The HDP for a residence in the Hillside Overlay District is subject to the tree retention and removal plan requirements in addition to the City trees and Tree Protection Ordinance. Using the intent of both the Tree Protection Ordinance and the Hillside Development Overlay Ordinance mitigation measures could be developed requiring replacement of trees which the project might remove.

There are two buildings on the project site which are of historic significance. The first is the Charles Richter Laboratory and the ancillary garage structure. The lab and garage were constructed 1925-26 on the property owned and managed by Caltech. They were designed in the Mediterranean Revival Style by renowned local architect Reginald D. Johnson to emulate the appearance of a single-family residential development. The property appears eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places for its association with the development of seismology and key individuals in the field (Charles Richter, Beno Gutenberg, etc.), its construction methods used for the lab building, and its design by Johnson. In addition, the property is eligible for local landmark designation. No specific design plans are attached to this application. Instead, during review of the Hillside Development Permit, parcel specific development impacts to historic resources will be considered.

There is no development project proposed at this time and specific impacts of any future development are too speculative to evaluate at this time. However, the future development of the parcels will be subject to a Hillside Development Permit and review by City staff to ensure there are no impacts as a result of the development.

The project will not violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements. The project must comply with federal Water Pollution Control Act (Clean Water Act) National Pollution Disposal Elimination System (NPDES) permit requirements and the City's Storm Water and Urban Runoff Control Regulations. New development in the Hillside Overlay District is required to submit a plan for implementing Best Management Practices.

b.	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considera when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future project? ( )					
					$\boxtimes$	

WHY? The proposed project is within the intensity standards established under the General Plan and Zoning Code. The project would not individually or cumulatively exceed air quality standards set for the southern California region established by the SCAQMD.

The proposed development is within the applicable intensity standards allowed by both the General Plan land use and the zoning designations. Therefore it is within the range of development planned for by the City. According to Table A9-5A-1 of the 1993 updated SCAQMD's CEQA Air Quality Handbook (or the Institute of Transportation Engineers, 1998 "Trip Generation" 6<sup>th</sup> edition) the future development of two units is likely to have an average daily trip (ADT) generation of 9.55 trips for each dwelling unit.

The regional Congestion Management Plan (CMP) or the local City sets the Level of Service Threshold (LOS). The adopted 2002 Congestion Management Program prepared by the Metropolitan Transportation Agency lists LOS E as acceptable for the highway and road system. The CMP defines the 2002 Highway and Roadway System in Exhibit 2-3. The project does not impact this roadway system. Thresholds from the 1995 CMP are 50 peak hour trips added to a freeway on or off ramp or 150 trips added to a mainline freeway or ramp monitoring location. The proposed project (and future development) is below the threshold of significance.

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Less Than Significant Impact

No Impact

<i>C</i> .	have environment ither directly or inc	vill cause substanti	al adverse effects on

WHY? The project site is located approximately two miles from the active Raymond Hill fault and the potential exists for people and property on the project site to be exposed to the hazards of seismic activity. However, any risk will be minimized in that the new structure will be designed and built to meet or exceed the requirements of the California Building Code, Seismic Zone 4. The project itself will not create the potential for earthquakes. Additionally, the project site is not located in a dam inundation area and is not subject to flooding. Further, the site will not be used for the storage of hazardous materials and there is no evidence that the site has previously been used for the underground storage of hazardous materials. Therefore, the project will not have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly.

U://My Documents/Wordfile/envrnmentalforms/IS2003draft answersRobertJC.doc 8.01.03

## INITIAL STUDY REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

## # Document

- Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, California Public Resources Code, revised January 1, 2004 official Mt. Wilson, Los Angeles and Pasadena quadrant maps were released March 25, 1999.
- 2 Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Maps- the official Los Angeles and Mt. Wilson, quadrant maps were released in 1977.
- 3 CEQA Air Quality Handbook, South Coast Air Quality Management District, revised 1993
- East Pasadena Specific Plan Overlay District, City of Pasadena Planning and Development Department, codified 2001
- 5 Energy Element of the General Plan, City of Pasadena, adopted 1983
- Fair Oaks/Orange Grove Specific Plan Overlay District, City of Pasadena Planning and Development Department codified 2002
- Final Environmental Impact Report (FEIR) Land Use and Mobility Elements of the General Plan, City of Pasadena, certified 2004
- 8 2000-2005 Housing Element of the General Plan, City of Pasadena, adopted 2002.
- 9 Inclusionary Housing Ordinance Pasadena Municipal Code Chapter 17.71 Ordinance #6868
- 10 Land Use Element of the General Plan, City of Pasadena, adopted 2004
- 11 Mobility Element of the General Plan, City of Pasadena, adopted 2004
- 12 Noise Element of the General Plan, City of Pasadena, adopted 2002
- Noise Protection Ordinance Pasadena Municipal Code Chapter 9.36 Ordinances # 5118, 6132, 6227, 6594 and 6854
- North Lake Specific Plan Overlay District, City of Pasadena Planning and Development Department, Codified 1997
- 15 Regional Comprehensive Plan and Guide, "Growth Management Chapter," Southern California Association of Governments, June 1994
- 16 Safety Element of the General Plan, City of Pasadena, adopted 2002
- 17 Scenic Highways Element of the General Plan, City of Pasadena, adopted 1975
- Seismic Hazard Maps, California Department of Conservation, official Mt. Wilson, Los Angeles and Pasadena quadrant maps were released March 25, 1999. The preliminary map for Condor Peak was released in 2002.
- 19 South Fair Oaks Specific Plan Overlay District Planning and Development, codified 1998
- State of California "Aggregate Resource in the Los Angeles Metropolitan Area" by David J. Beeby, Russell V. Miller, Robert L. Hill, and Robert E. Grunwald, Miscellaneous map no. .010, copyright 1999, California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology
- 21 Storm Water and Urban Runoff Control Regulations n Pasadena Municipal Code Chapter 8.70 Ordinance #6837
- Transportation, Housing, and Child Care Survey: A Report Describing the Results and Findings of a Survey of Employees in the City of Pasadena, Child Care Planning Associates for the City of Pasadena, April 11, 1990
- 23 Tree Protection Ordinance Pasadena Municipal Code Chapter 8.52 Ordinance # 6896
- West Gateway Specific Plan Overlay District, City of Pasadena Planning and Development Department codified 2001
- 25 Zoning Code, Chapter 17 of the Pasadena Municipal Code

U://MyDocuments/wordfile/IS/ISREF.doc7.29.03