PASADENA CENTER OPERATING COMPANY (A Component Unit of the City of Pasadena, California) Basic Financial Statements

Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2005



Basic Financial Statements

Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2005

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS



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Board of Directors Pasadena Center Operating Company Pasadena, California

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Pasadena Center Operating Company (the Company) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005 as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Pasadena Center Operating Company as of June 30, 2005 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The information identified in the accompanying table of contents as management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and do not express an opinion on it.

Comad and Associates, L.LP.

September 2, 2005

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Pasadena Center Operating Company (PCOC), we offer readers of the PCOC's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the PCOC for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

The assets of the PCOC exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$13,304 (net assets). Of this amount, \$164 is currently designated for capital projects, \$999 is currently restricted for facility restoration, and \$2,286 is unreserved and may be used to meet PCOC's ongoing obligations. It is possible that the PCOC Board of Directors will elect to reserve a portion of the unreserved net assets for future expansion costs.

The PCOC's net assets increased by \$2,958 over the previous fiscal year.

The PCOC's total debt decreased by \$53 when compared to the prior fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the PCOC's basic financial statements. The financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the PCOC's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the PCOC's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the PCOC is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets presents information showing how the PCOC's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in impacting cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 14 through 22 of this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS:

Comparative Statement of Net Assets:

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. The PCOC's assets exceeded liabilities by \$13,304 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the PCOC's net assets (74%) reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings and building improvements, machinery and equipment, and furniture and fixtures), less any outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets. Although the PCOC's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the PCOC's net assets (8%) represents resources that are subject to restrictions on how they may be used. There was an increase of \$166 in net assets that are restricted for facility restoration projects for the twelve-month periods ending June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2004 due to collection of facility restoration fees.

An additional portion of the PCOC's net assets (2%) represents resources that have been designated for capital projects by the Board of Directors.

The current remaining balance of unreserved net assets (\$2,286) may be used to support the PCOC's ongoing operations. It is possible that the PCOC Board of Directors will designate a portion of these unreserved net assets for future expansion costs.

In November 2001 the PCOC went before the City of Pasadena City Council and received authorization to proceed with determining the financial and architectural feasibility of an extensive expansion to the Pasadena Center. Although the City Council did approve a loan to the PCOC to cover \$1 million of the preexpansion costs, the PCOC agreed to cover the costs from its own operating funds prior to drawing on the loan. The PCOC has not drawn on the loan as of June 30, 2005. A total of \$3,437 was expended during FY 05 for preexpansion costs; these costs are being capitalized. There was design approval of the project by the Pasadena City Council in June 2005; presentation to the City Council for final project approval is scheduled in December 2005.

Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets:

There was an overall increase of \$276 in total operating revenues for the most recent fiscal year when compared to the prior fiscal year due primarily to increased building occupancy levels and increased ancillary revenues (equipment rental and commissions from third party service providers).

There was an overall increase of \$194 in total operating expenses for the PCOC over the previous fiscal year.

Transient occupancy taxes increased \$293 when compared to the prior fiscal year.

The Tourism Business Improvement District (TBID) tax was implemented in March of 2003. This is a 2.39% hotel/motel assessment that is passed along to guests in the same manner as the TOT. The TBID revenues are to be used for marketing Pasadena as a destination. Total collections for fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 were \$1,731.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND CURRENT FISCAL BUDGET:

The fiscal year ending June 30, 2005 tentative hotel room booking goal was met by the Pasadena Convention and Visitors Bureau. The actual definite hotel room bookings were 82% of the annual goal. The Pasadena Convention and Visitors Bureau is continuing to aggressively pursue business and is analyzing and developing new business strategies to enable them to compete in today's challenging business environment.

The FY 2005 budget for transient occupancy tax (TOT) was increased to \$4,133 based on estimates of actual collections and trends at the time of budget preparation; the actual amount collected in fiscal year 2005 was \$4,591.

The FY 2005 budget for the tourism business improvement district (TBID) assessment was \$1,592 based on estimates of actual collections and TOT trends at the time of budget preparation; the actual amount collected during fiscal year 2005 was \$1,731.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION:

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the PCOC's financial position. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Michael Carcieri, PCOC Director of Finance, at 626-793-2122, X234.

ATTACHMENT A

THE PASADENA CENTER OPERATING COMPANY COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF NET ASSETS

	FY 2005	<u>FY 2004</u>	Amount of Increase (Decrease)	Percent of Increase (Decrease)
Current and other assets	\$ 4,804,503	\$ 4,950,127	\$ (145,624)	-3%
Capital assets	\$ 11,224,927	\$ 8,148,475	\$ 3,076,452	38%
Total assets	\$ 16,029,430	\$ 13,098,602	\$ 2,930,828	22%
Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$ 1,085,522	\$ 1,140,709	\$ (55,187)	-5%
Other liabilities	\$ 1,639,590	\$ 1,611,946	\$ 27,644	2%
Total liabilities	\$ 2,725,112	\$ 2,752,655	\$ (27,543)	-1%
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net of				
related debt	\$ 9,855,165	\$ 6,739,681	\$ 3,115,484	46%
Restricted	\$ 999,307	\$ 833,169	\$ 166,138	20%
Unrestricted:				
Designated	\$ 163,789	\$ 163,789	\$ -	0%
Unreserved	\$ 2,286,057	\$ 2,609,308	\$ (323,251)	-12%
Total net assets	\$ 13,304,318	\$ 10,345,947	\$ 2,958,371	29%

ATTACHMENT B

THE PASADENA CENTER OPERATING COMPANY COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

		FY 2005		FY 2004	Amount of Increase Decrease)	Percent of Increase (Decrease)
Operating revenues:						
Occupancy fees	\$	3,025,763	\$	2,844,339	\$ 181,424	6%
Food services commission	\$	239,843	\$	203,504	\$ 36,339	18%
Commissions/surcharges	\$	193,865	\$	134,756	\$ 59,109	44%
Other operating revenues	\$	6,505	<u>\$</u>	7,339	\$ (834)	-11%
Total operating revenues	\$	3,465,976	\$	3,189,938	\$ 276,038	9%
Operating expenses:						
Pasadena Center Operations	\$	4,768,377	\$	4,641,773	\$ 126,604	3%
Parking Garage	\$	377,735	\$	373,394	\$ 4,341	1%
Convention & Visitors Bureau	\$	1,856,888	<u>\$</u>	1,793,807	\$ 63,081	4%
Total operating expenses	\$	7,003,000	<u>\$</u>	6,808,974	\$ 194,026	3%
Operating income	<u>\$</u>	(3,537,024)	<u>\$</u>	(3,619,036)	\$ 82,012	-2%
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Transient occupancy taxes	\$	4,590,702	\$	4,297,240	\$ 293,462	7%
Tourism business improvement district tax	\$	1,731,507	\$	1,612,947	\$ 118,560	7%
Facility restoration fee	\$	166,138	\$	190,545	\$ (24,407)	-13%
Grant revenue	\$	15,000			\$ -	100%
Investment income	\$	50,049	\$	16,809	\$ 33,240	198%
Interest expense	\$	(58,001)	\$	(61,054)	\$ 3,053	-5%
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	6,495,395	\$	6,056,487	\$ 438,908	7%
Increase (decrease) in net assets	\$	2,958,371	\$	2,437,451	\$ 520,920	21%
Net assets at beginning of year	<u>\$</u>	10,345,947	\$	7.908.496	\$ 2,437,451	31%
Net assets at end of year	\$	13,304,318	\$	10,345,947	\$ 2,958,371	29%

ATTACHMENT C

THE PASADENA CENTER OPERATING COMPANY COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF OUTSTANDING DEBT

<u>Loan</u>	Initial <u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Purpose	Balance 6/30/2005	Balance <u>6/30/2004</u>	Decrease
City of Pasadena	\$ 1,400,000	5.00%	Renovation - Exhibition & Conference Buildings	\$ 1,140,709	\$ 1,193,237	\$(52,528)

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2005

(with comparative totals for 2004)

(13—	2005	2004
Assets:		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 2)	\$ 1,119,199	2,552,427
Investments (note 2)	2,998,155	936,998
Accounts receivable	95,529	109,931
Due from City of Pasadena (note 3)	519,930	1,279,758
Prepaid expenses	71,690	71,013
Total current assets	4,804,503	4,950,127
Noncurrent assets:		
Deposits	4,000	4,000
Capital assets (note 4):		
Buildings and improvements	12,783,845	12,783,845
Machinery and equipment	455,427	438,587
Furniture and fixtures	174,787	174,787
Accumulated depreciation	(9,647,547)	(9,270,424)
Net depreciable assets	3,766,512	4,126,795
Land	0.400.470	0.400.400
Construction in progress	2,423,473	2,423,473
	5,030,942	1,594,207
Property, plant and equipment, net	11,220,927	8,144,475
Total noncurrent assets	11,224,927	8,148,475
Total assets	16,029,430	13,098,602
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other liabilities	1,032,056	969,977
Interest payable	16,721	17,733
Accrued salaries and benefits	231,470	228,950
Advance deposits payable	304,156	342,758
Current portion of long-term debt (note 5)	55,187	52,528
Total current liabilities	1,639,590	1,611,946
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Long-term debt (note 5)	1,085,522	1,140,709
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,085,522	1,140,709
Total liabilities	2,725,112	2,752,655
Net assets (note 6):		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	9,855,165	6,739,681
Restricted	999,307	833,169
Unrestricted:	 /	,207
Designated	163,789	163,789
Unreserved	2,286,057	2,609,308
Total net assets	\$13,304,318	10,345,947

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Year ended June 30, 2005

(with comparative totals for 2004)

· · ·	2005	2004
Operating revenues:		
Occupancy fees	\$ 3,025,763	2,844,339
Food services	239,843	203,504
Commissions and surcharges	193,865	134,756
Other operating revenues	6,505	7,339
Total operating revenues	3,465,976	3,189,938
Operating expenses:		
Pasadena Center	4,768,377	4,641,773
Parking garage	377,735	373,394
Pasadena Convention and Visitors Bureau	1,856,888	1,793,807
Total operating expenses	7,003,000	6,808,974
Operating income (loss)	(3,537,024)	(3,619,036)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Transient occupancy taxes, net (note 3)	4,590,702	4,297,240
Tourism business improvement district tax (note 3)	1,731,507	1,612,947
Facility restoration fee	166,138	190,545
Grant revenue	15,000	-
Investment income	50,049	16,809
Interest expense	(58,001)	(61,054)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	6,495,395	6,056,487
Increase (decrease) in net assets	2,958,371	2,437,451
Net assets at beginning of year	10,345,947	7,908,496
Net assets at end of year	\$13 30 <i>A</i> 319	10 345 047
That abboto at old of your	\$13,304,318	10,345,947

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows Year ended June 30, 2005 (with comparative totals for 2004)

	2005	2004
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash paid to employees for services Cash paid to suppliers of goods and services	\$ 3,441,776 (4,281,993) (2,279,962)	3,262,045 (4,214,277) (2,134,689)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(3,120,179)	(3,086,921)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transient occupancy taxes from City of Pasadena Tourism business improvement district taxes from City	5,059,090	4,084,282
of Pasadena	2,022,947	1,523,538
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing	7,082,037	5,607,820
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal payments on long-term debt Interest payments on long-term debt Collection of facility restoration fees Capital grant Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities Cash flows from investing activities: Investment in City of Pasadena investment pool Investment earnings	(3,453,575) (52,528) (59,013) 166,138 15,000 (3,383,978) (2,061,157) 50,049	(905,848) (49,997) (61,544) 190,545 ———————————————————————————————————
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	(2,011,108)	(920,189)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,433,228)	773,866
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2,552,427	1,778,561
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 1,119,199	2,552,427
		(Continued)

Statement of Cash Flows Year ended June 30, 2005 (Continued)

	2005	2004
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by		
(used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (3,537,024)	(3,619,036)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to		
net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation	377,123	377,080
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, net	14,402	(20,206)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(677)	(6,097)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilities	62,079	78,472
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and benefits	2,520	10,553
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	-	(5,333)
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable	(38,602)	97,646
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (3,120,179)	(3,086,921)

Noncash investing, capital and financing activities

There were no noncash investing, capital and financing activities for the year ended June 30, 2005.

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2005

(1) Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business

The Pasadena Center Operating Company (the "Company") was formed in 1973 as a nonprofit corporation under Section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code for the purpose of managing and operating the Pasadena Center and the Pasadena Convention and Visitors Bureau. The Pasadena Center is comprised of the Civic Auditorium, which includes the auditorium and adjacent land, and the Conference Center, which includes the Conference Center, Exhibition Hall and related parking facilities.

The Company operates under an agreement with the City of Pasadena whereby the Company maintains and operates the Pasadena Center and the Convention and Visitors Bureau. The Pasadena City Council appoints the members of the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's operations constitute part of the overall financial reporting entity of the City and are accounted for as a discretely presented component unit in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Basis of Accounting

The Company is accounted for as an enterprise fund (proprietary fund type). A fund is an accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts established to record the financial position and results of operations of a specific governmental activity. The activities of enterprise funds closely resemble those of ongoing businesses in which the purpose is to conserve and add to basic resources while meeting operating expenses from current revenues. Enterprise funds account for operations that provide services on a continuous basis and are substantially financed by revenues derived from user charges. The Company utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized as they are incurred.

The Company applies all applicable GASB pronouncements in accounting and reporting for proprietary operations as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARB's) of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash or so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates, and have an original maturity date of 3 months or less.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(1) Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital Assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The Company capitalizes all assets with a historical cost of at least \$5,000. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation is computed utilizing the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	50 years
Building improvements	10-15 years
Machinery and equipment	3-10 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years

Compensated Absences

The Company has a PTO (paid time off) policy in effect. It is the Company's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused PTO benefits. PTO hours can accrue up to a maximum of one and a half times the annual allowable amount (maximum of 27 to 42 days (216 to 336 hours)). The Company pays all earned PTO pay upon termination. All accumulated PTO pay is recorded as an expense and a liability at the time the benefit is earned.

Classification of Revenues

Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for sales and use of the facilities. Nonoperating revenues consist of transient occupancy taxes and tourism business improvement district taxes received from the City, investment income, and other nonoperating income. Capital contributions consist of contributed capital assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Company's policy to use unrestricted resources first, then restricted resources as they are needed.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(2) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2005 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 1,119,199
Total cash and investments	\$ 4,117,35 <u>4</u>

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2005 consist of the following:

Cash on hand Deposits with financial institutions Investment in the City of Pasadena Investment Pool	\$ 9,400 1,109,799 2,998,155
Total cash and investments	\$ 4.117.354

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the Company by the California Government Code and the City of Pasadena's Investment Policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's Investment Policy, if more restrictive) that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(2) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

Investment Types Authorized by State Law	Authorized By Investment Policy	*Maximum <u>Maturity</u>	*Maximum Percentage Of <u>Portfolio</u>	*Maximum Investment In One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	Yes	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	Yes	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	Yes	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	Yes	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Yes	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	Yes	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	Yes	92 days	20% of base value	None
Medium-Term Notes	Yes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	Yes	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	Yes	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Yes	N/A	None	None
JPA Pools (other investment pools)	Yes	N/A	None	None

^{*}Based on state law requirements or investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. All of the Company's investments are held in the City of Pasadena's Investment Pool.

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Company's investment in the City of Pasadena's Investment Pool is not rated and does not have a minimum rating required by the California Government Code.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(2) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code does not contain legal requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

(3) Transient Occupancy Taxes and Tourism Business Improvement District Taxes

Transient Occupancy Taxes

The Company receives support for operations and capital improvements from the City of Pasadena. For operations support, the Company receives an allocation of the transient occupancy tax collected by the City. A portion of this support is retained by the City to pay for the Company's insurance. The remaining allocation is not designated as to its use. Annual capital improvements to the Conference Center and the Civic Auditorium are approved by the City of Pasadena. A portion of the Company's transient occupancy taxes are used to repay the Certificates of Participation that were issued to fund prior improvements.

For the year ended June 30, 2005, net transient occupancy taxes received from the City were \$4,590,702 of which \$348,423 was payable to the Company at June 30, 2005.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(3) Transient Occupancy Taxes and Tourism Business Improvement District Taxes, (Continued)

Tourism Business Improvement District

The Tourism Business Improvement District (TBID) was established in March 2003. The TBID is an assessment levied against each hotel and motel business in the City. The assessment is calculated as a percentage of each day's Gross Occupancy Revenue and is passed through to guests. The rate of the assessment is set annually by resolution of the City Council, but cannot exceed 2.89%. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 the rate was set at 2.39%.

The purpose of the TBID is to fund activities, programs, expenses and services to market the City of Pasadena as a vacation destination. Marketing activities of the Pasadena Convention and Visitors Bureau and the Pasadena Conference Center can be financed by the TBID. For the year ended June 30, 2005, the Company received \$1,731,507 of TBID from the City of which \$171,507 was payable at June 30, 2005.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 is as follows:

(4) Capital Assets

Land

Balance at Balance at June 30, 2004 **Additions Deletions** June 30, 2005 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements \$12,783,845 12,783,845 Machinery and equipment 438,587 16,840 455,427 Furniture and fixtures 174,787 174,787 Total capital assets being depreciated 13,397,219 16,840 13,414,059 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (8,766,975)(344,004)(9,110,979)(406,233)Machinery and equipment (387,232)(19,001)Furniture and fixtures (116,217)(14,118) (130,335)

(9,270,424)

4,126,795

2,423,473

1,594,207

\$ 8,144,475

(377,123)

(360,283)

3,436,735

3,076,452

(9,647,547)

3,766,512

2,423,473

5,030,942

11,220,927

Depreciation expense for the year was \$377,123.

Total accumulated depreciation

Net depreciable assets

Construction in progress⁽¹⁾

Capital assets, net

⁽¹⁾ Construction in progress consists of accumulated costs for the preliminary design of the convention center expansion project.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(5) Long-Term Debt

Long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2005 are as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2004	Additions	Principal <u>Repayments</u>	Balance at June 30, 2005	Amounts Due Within One Year
Conference Center loan	\$1,193,237		(<u>52,528</u>)	1,140,709	<u>55,187</u>
Total long-term liabilities	\$1,193,237	-	(<u>52,528</u>)	1,140,709	<u>55,187</u>

Conference Center Loan

In September 1999, the Company entered into a loan agreement for \$1,400,000 with the City of Pasadena to provide funding of Conference Center maintenance and improvements. Interest accrues at a rate of 5.0% per annum. Principal and interest payments of \$55,771 are due semi-annually. The outstanding principal at June 30, 2005 is \$1,140,709.

The annual requirements to amortize outstanding long-term debt of the Company at June 30, 2005 are as follows:

<u>June 30</u>	Principal	Interest	Total Debt
	<u>Payment</u>	Payment	Service
2006	\$ 55,187	56,354	111,541
2007	57,981	53,561	111,542
2008	60,917	50,625	111,542
2009	64,000	47,541	111,541
2010	67,240	44,301	111,541
Thereafter	835,384	224,261	1,059,645
	\$1,140,709	<u>476,643</u>	<u>1,617,352</u>

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(6) Net Assets

Net assets at June 30, 2005 consisted of the following:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt: Property, plant and equipment, net Less:	\$ 11,220,927
Outstanding debt issued to construct capital assets Accounts payable used to construct capital assets	(1,140,709) (225,053)
Total invested in capital assets, net of related debt	9,855,165
Restricted net assets: Facility Restoration Fee	999,307
Unrestricted net assets: Designated for capital projects Unreserved	163,789
Total net assets	\$13,304,318

Net asset restrictions and designations are as follows:

<u>Facility Restoration Fee</u> – This ticket surcharge is restricted to restoration of the facility. The restriction was in place at the time the fee was established; thus, the unspent amounts are reported as restricted net assets.

<u>TBID</u> – When the City of Pasadena established the TBID revenue, they specified that the funds could only be spent on marketing and Convention and Visitors Bureau expenses. Since the revenues are restricted by enabling legislation, the unspent amounts are reported as restricted net assets. As of June 30, 2005, accumulated eligible expenses exceeded accumulated TBID revenues.

<u>Designated for Capital Projects</u> – These amounts are designated for capital projects (Pasadena Center Trust Fund) and facility maintenance (Deferred Maintenance Fund) by the Board of Directors. Since restrictions were not specified when a new revenue source was approved, the net assets are designated but not legally restricted.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(7) Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

Plan Description

Eligible employees of the Company participate in the Pasadena Center Operating Company 401(K) profit sharing plan which is a defined contribution retirement plan covering all employees except those whose employment is governed by a collective bargaining agreement. To be eligible to participate in the plan, an employee must have completed 90 days of employment. To be eligible for the employer's match, an employee must have completed one full year of employment and must have 1,000 hours of service in a twelve month period.

Funding Policy

The employee may defer up to 15% of compensation into the plan, subject to certain limitations. The Company is required to match 100% of the employee's contribution, up to 5% of compensation. Employee contributions are vested immediately. Employer match contributions prior to July 1, 2004 are subject to vesting on a graduating basis, beginning at two years and becoming fully vested after five years of service. Employer match contributions after July 1, 2004 are vested immediately. The Company matched \$125,495 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.